Today's Weather. Cooler.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Latest News Edition.

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NEWS SUMMARY

THE SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST.

The first complete story of the siege of Port Arthur has been told. It comes through the censor's hands, direct from the besieging army under Gen. Nogi. Its tale is one of ferocious carnage and bloodshed, extending over the period from the first of July. It shows that both besieged and besiegers are possessed by a spirit which neither asks nor gives quarter. The Japanese have been successful in gaining position after position, from which at length they have the fortress at their mercy, but only after a tremendous mistake and at a terrible cost of life, all out of proportion to the Russian losses. The story abounds in heroic incidents, and brings the fighting down to the end of October.—Page 1.

The czar has now under consideration the first draft of the treaty providing for a court of inquiry into the North sea tragedy.—Page 2.

FOREIGN.

The lower house of the Hungarian diet voted against supporting any action by the United States toward ending the war in the orient.—Page 1.

The Liberals win in the Canadian election.—Page 8.

NEWS OF THE POLITICAL FIELD.

Senator Fairbanks denies a campaign rumor in Indiana by declaring that he will qualify as vice president, if elected, instead of remaining in the senate.—Page 1.

Republican city committee adopts rule that Republicans who voted for Citizens candidates for councils cannot vote at the January primaries.—Page 8.

Judge Parker makes a tour of Connecticut, delivering three speeches.—Page 10.

Revised figures of the Republican national committee give Roosevelt 308 votes in the electoral college.—Page 1.

Gov. Pennypacker greets great audience in campaign meeting at Braddock.—Page 8.

Secretary Wilson defends President Roosevelt against attack of Judge Parker.—Page 10.

Former Vice President Stevenson says tariff is the only issue.—Page 10.

Henry G. Davis declares that the Republican campaign fund received $1,000,000 from a single trust.—Page 10.

DOMESTIC.

J. Pierpont Morgan returns to the Italian government its famous stolen cope.—Page 12.

Bridgeport (O.) officers flag a train and capture four men, after a hot fight, suspected of robbing the postoffice at Irichsville, O.—Page 6.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The mangled bodies of nine of the 10 victims of an accident in a colliery at Nanticoke are recovered.—Page 8.

LOCAL.

J. Henry Jahn was his own lawyer and a jury convicted him in three minutes of assaulting his sister-in-law.—Page 16.

Supreme court heard arguments in a number of important street cases which finishes the list.—Page 16.

Policeman Robert Harper on trial charged with murder for death of Forest T. Craig.—Page 16.

Ninth annual Founder's day celebrated at Carnegie Institute, and addresses made by the Hon. John Morley, the Hon. Seth Low and M. Edmund Aman-Jean.—Pages 1, 6 and 7.

Independent window glass manufacturers and jobbers organize to fight for trade.—Page 5.

Opening of the tenth season of the Pittsburgh orchestra under the leadership of Emil Paur a noteworthy event.—Page 7.

Plumbers protest against the city installing water meters, but are overruled by the committee on public works.—Page 5.

Capt. James Wilson of Allegheny police is held in $5,000 bond for court.—Page 3.

SPORTING.

W. U. P. will try out some new players in game against Westminster.—Page 9.

The players of the Kiski team are in bad shape as a result of hard work in last contest.—Page 9.

Hundreds of riders took part in the big fox hunt being held in Ohio.—Page 9.

FINANCIAL.

Iron and steel stocks strong and higher in New York, but the rest of the market averaged lower. Pittsburgh Plate Glass, Pittsburgh Coal preferred and U. S. Steel common higher on the local board. Wheat market stands firm on Argentine crop reports.—Pages 14 and 15.

THE WEATHER

Partly cloudy and cooler today, and fair weather tomorrow is the weather forecast of the Washington observer for Pittsburgh and vicinity. The maximum temperature yesterday was 67 and the minimum 44 degrees. The sun rose foggy at 6:54 and set clear at 5:16. The daily Cloudy. furnished by the local weather follows:

	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
...	30.20	45	70	E.	Foggy.
...	30.05	50	63	N E.	Clear.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for November 3:

	1904	1903		1904	1903
Maximum ...	67	60	Mean	56	57
Minimum ...	44	48	Precipitation ...		

Nor. temp. 31 yrs.. 47. Nor. precip. 31 yrs. .08
Exc. for day..... 9 Dfcy. since Nov. 1. .24
Exc. since Nov. 1.. 59 Dfcy. since Jan. 1. .45
Dfcy. since Jan. 1.498

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania and Ohio—Partly cloudy Friday, cooler in north portion; Saturday fair; variable winds.

West Virginia—Partly cloudy Friday; rain in east and south portions; Saturday fair.

Observations taken at 8 p. m. at the various weather bureau stations:

Pittsburgh	50 Clear	New York	54 Clear
Washing'n	48 Clear	Buffalo	46 Clear
Parkersb'g	54 Clear	Cleveland	54 Clear
Columbus	50 PtCldy	Norfolk	58 Clear
Erie	56 Rain	Atlanta	54 Rain
Cincinnati	62 Cloudy	Duluth	56 Clear
Chicago	58 Clear	Bismarck	52 Clear
St. Louis	62 PtCldy	Denver	52 Clear
Louisville	62 Cloudy	Salt Lake	62 Clear
Omaha	60 Clear	Chattan'ga	54 Rain
Kansas City	62 Cloudy	New Orleans	62 Cloudy
Indianap's	62 Cloudy	San Francisco	64 Clear
Philadel'a	58 Clear		

Singers and public speakers will find Piso's Cure an effectual cure for hoarseness.

FAIRBANKS TO LEAVE SENATE

Denies That He Would Not Qualify as the Vice President.

A FIGHT IN INDIANA

Both Parties Are Making a Desperate Struggle for the Legislature.

SWALLOW HOLDS MEETINGS

SPECIAL TELEGRAM FROM Walter J. Christy Staff Correspondent.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Nov. 3.—If elected vice president of the United States, Senator Fairbanks will take the oath of office. An Indianapolis paper this morning said that in the event of the Democrats capturing the Indiana legislature, the senator would refuse to relinquish his seat in the United States senate. This is not the first time this announcement has been made during the campaign. In the story this morning, alleged Republican state leaders were quoted to the effect that Fairbanks would remain in the senate to protect the Republican organization. The senator was asked for a statement, and late this afternoon, he made this reference to the matter in his speech at Newport:

"I observe that some speculation is indulged in as to whether I will qualify as vice president, in the event the Democrats should carry the legislature of Indiana. The contingency of a Democrat majority in the legislature is so remote that such speculation is idle. It is unnecessary for me to say to you, my friends, that, having accepted the nomination on the national ticket, I shall qualify as vice president, if the American people so will."

Dr. Swallow in Hoosierdom.

The story attracted especial attention today, as it was printed in a paper friendly to the senator. There is no longer any question about the senator having his eye fixed on the presidential nomination in 1908. His friends say that all that is now needed is a good manager, who can take advantage of the sentiment Fairbanks has created for himself in the tour of the Union.

Silas C. Swallow of Pennsylvania, the presidential candidate of the Prohibition party, had a rival meeting in Terre Haute tonight. Dr. Swallow came into the city this afternoon and a reception was arranged for him participated in by men of all political parties. There was trouble over the hiring of a band. The musicians of the city are all in the union, and their headquarters are in a saloon. The Prohibitionists could not afford to get so close to the rum traffic and a band was brought in from Farmersburg. Swallow will make several speeches in the state.

In both the Democratic and Republican parties there are a number of men who are dissatisfied with their party and rather than vote for their party's candidates will cast their ballot for Swallow. The strength of the Prohibitionists in this contest is placed at from 22,000 to 25,000 votes. Four years ago the party polled about 17,000.

Campaigning Among the Mines.

The Fairbanks run today was from Bloomington to Terre Haute. As the train went southward, a different country from that of northern Indiana was found. The pretty farms disappeared and the new red barns are few and far between. Bryan passed down this way a couple of weeks ago and great crowds thronged the towns where he spoke. Today the senator was greeted with large-sized audiences, but has not had nearly so many auditors as did the Nebraskan. It will also be remembered that in 1896 and 1900 the gentleman from the Platte drew big crowds and his opponent got the votes.

At Clinton, the first big mining town was reached and a large audience was at the station. It was the first place that many foreigners have been seen in the state. The mines are operated by Italians and they are nearly all Republicans. Their votes control Vermilion county. Thomas Taggart has had agents at work among the men. Italian orators, connected with the Western Federation of Miners, have been brought here from Colorado. Altogether Taggart has had 15 agents from the Cripple Creek district at work among the miners of Indiana. They are declaring that Roosevelt is an enemy of unionism because he has not taken a hand in behalf of the miners in the Colorado region.

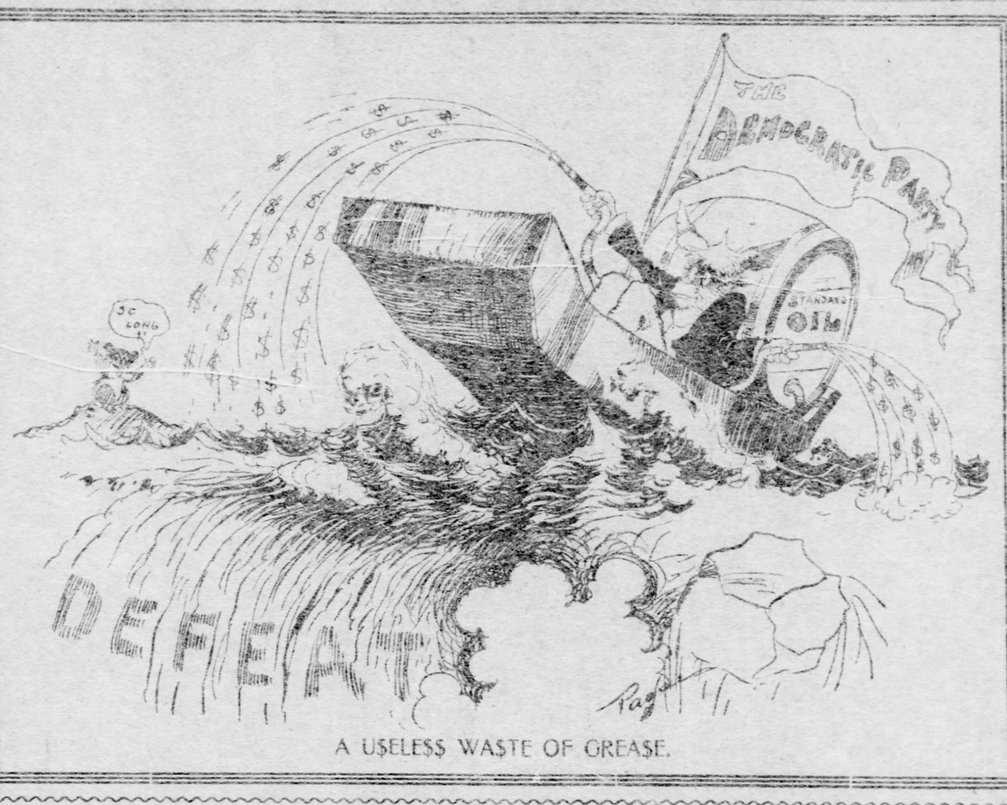
The Wrong Mr. Wright.

The Republicans have been acquainting the miners with the attitude of Henry G. Davis, the Democratic candidate for vice president, toward union labor. In the hope of offsetting this work the Democratic state committee of West Virginia sent Harry Wright into the region. There is a Republican officeholder in Indianapolis named Harry Wright. Yesterday he received a check from John T. McGraw's committee intended for the right Mr. Wright.

The Democrats have also sent ex-Master Workman Sovereign of the Knights of Labor into Indiana to defend Davis. He is telling the coal diggers that in 1897, when he, M. D. Ratchford, then president of the United Mine Workers, and Samuel Gompers went to Fairmont, W. Va., in the face of an injunction issued by the United States court to address a meeting of striking miners, Davis sent him a telegram. In this message Davis is credited with complimenting Sovereign on his pluck and assuring him that he was friendly to the cause of the miners.

When Phillip Penna, a former president of the union, and now secretary of the Indiana Bituminous Coal Operators' association, heard of the claim Sovereign is making in behalf of Davis, he grew suspicious and wrote Mr. Ratchford about the alleged telegram. Ratchford has sent a long letter in which he denies that such a message was received by Sovereign, and also says that "Uncle Gassaway" doesn't allow union workmen in his mines. John McBride, who is campaigning in the mining districts for the Re-

Continued on Second Page, Sixth Column.



A U$ELE$$ WA$TE OF GREA$E.

BETTING TWO TO ONE ON NEW YORK STATE

Odds Are Also Again Five to One That Mr. Roosevelt Will Be Elected.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The odds on Mr. Roosevelt's election were a little stiffer today, at 5 to 1, but in this state they inclined more to the Democratic side, and on the election for governor they increased in favor of the Democratic ticket.

George Dates, representing Allen, McGraw & Co., bet $700 to $1,000 on Higgins with Bunnell & Buchanan, and they made a similar bet with Williams & Squire for the same amount. Bunnell & Buchanan bet $5,000 to $2,500 that Roosevelt carries this state, the Parker end being taken by M. J. Kiernan, representing ex-Congressman Jeff Levy. Mr. Kiernan also for the same principal bet $500 to $1,000 on Parker for this state with Meyer & Livingston, and he also made a similar bet with Sheffield & McCullough. M. Goodman bet $1,000 to $500 that Roosevelt carries New York and $900 to $200 that Roosevelt will be elected, the Parker end being taken by C. H. Dewitt & Co.

A. G. Wood bet $2,500 to $5,000 on Parker on the result in this state, the Roosevelt end being taken by Herzog & Glazier. Mr. Wood offered to bet $1,000 to $2,000 in the same way. He bet $200 to $900 that Parker will be elected, M. J. Goodman taking the Roosevelt end.

Bunnell & Buchanan bet $3,000 to $600 on Roosevelt for the general result with various stock exchange houses, and offered to bet $10,000 to $2,000 on Roosevelt.

HUNGARIANS AGAINST AMERICAN INTERVENTION

Lower House Declines Support If Action Should Be Taken to End the Oriental War.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, Nov. 3.—The lower house of the Hungarian diet has declined to approve the resolution of Francis Kossuth, president of the Independent party, calling on the premier to urge the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister to support any diplomatic action on the part of the United States tending to put an end to the bloodshed in the far east. Supporting his motion Kossuth today declared that Russia, despite her defeats, had brilliantly maintained the reputation for gallantry of her army so that she can accept intervention without feeling that her honor is affected. Premier Tisza, however, while declaring that he fully appreciated Kossuth's noble intentions, pointed out that action by a neutral power could only be effective if the belligerents desired it. At the premier's request the motion was rejeted.

TARIFF REFORMER GAINS.

Liberals, However, Retain Seat by Electing Successor to Sir William Vernon-Harcourt.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The by-election in West Monmouth today to fill the vacancy in the house of commons caused by the death of Sir William Vernon-Harcourt, resulted in giving Thomas Richards, Liberal and Laborite, 7,695 votes and Sir John Cockborn, Tariff Reformer, 3,360 votes.

The Liberals thus retained the seat, but Cockborn polled almost double the number of votes that any Conservative candidate previously had obtained in the constituency.

PAID $500 FOR A BOX FOR THE NEW YORK HORSE SHOW

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Members of the National Horse Show association held at the Garden theater this afternoon their annual auction sale of boxes for the exhibition which is scheduled to open at Madison Square garden on November 14. The attendance was larger than that of last season and the receipts of the sale exceeded those of 1903 by about $4,000. The first buyer was James H. Hyde. He bid $500, and thus obtained the first choice.

Prince of Wales Not Ill.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The alarmist reports circulated in the United States concerning the health of the prince of Wales are absolutely unconfirmed and discredited. Sir Francis Henry Laking, King Edward's physician, said the report was not worth noticing. Sir Arthur Bigge, the private secretary of the prince, said, "So far as I know the prince is in excellent health."

INCREASED VOTE FOR ROOSEVELT

The Revised Estimate Gives the President 303 in the Electoral College.

DOUBTFUL STATES IN LINE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU, Herald Building, Herald Square, NEW YORK, Nov. 3.

The Republicans at national headquarters have revised their estimates of the electoral vote. Their estimate two weeks ago was 290 votes safe for Mr. Roosevelt. They have now taken West Virginia, 7 votes; Utah, 3 votes, and Nevada, 3 votes, out of the doubtful column, making a total of 303 votes that they consider sure for the president.

Senator N. B. Scott of the executive committee made an estimate last week of 314 votes, but that was what is known as an "outside" or liberal table. The estimate of 303 electoral votes is an "inside" one, and every man at headquarters who has studied the reports of conditions in the various states believes that the figures are conservative.

The campaign managers are also hopeful of carrying Colorado and Delaware, but have not yet taken those states out of the doubtful column. The latest reports from Colorado are extremely favorable to the president. Chairman Cortelyou may not give out a formal statement with a table of states prior to the election, but he is confident that the president will be elected with more than 300 votes in the electoral college. Many prominent Republicans from other states have called on him during the past two days, and have received assurances that the result of the election is in no sense in doubt.

A number of Washington correspondents who have been travelling through the west have come to the city for the close of the campaign. They all report that there is no doubt of the election of President Roosevelt. Their estimates of the electoral vote range from 276 to 324 for the Republican candidates.

It is stated on the highest authority that, at Republican headquarters, there has never been any doubt that the president will carry Connecticut, New York, New Jersey and Indiana.

UNFILLED STEEL ORDERS THE LARGEST IN HISTORY

It Is Believed That 1905 Will Be the Banner Year in the Trade.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—According to the Wall Street Journal, the representative of a big railroad system which is closely identified with the United States Steel Corporation says:

"The unfilled orders on the books of the Steel Corporation at the end of the present quarter will probably be the largest it has ever had at the end of a year. The net results for the quarter in the way of earnings will not be large, because of the usual let up in operations toward the new year, but the business for the first quarter will be very large.

"I believe that the year 1905 will be a banner year in the iron and steel trade, and that very early in the year all the steel companies of the country will be working to their full capacity. At this time the trade outlook, going beyond the present quarter, is exceedingly good, and I believe that my prediction of a banner year for 1905, steel production, will be borne out by results.

"In my opinion the rush to buy is going to come all at once, and it would not at all surprise me to see thousands of tons of pig iron imported at fancy prices in the endeavor to meet the demand. For two years the building industry of the United States has been paralyzed by a succession of costly strikes. New projects are now coming out and the abandoned plans of a year and two years ago are being taken in hand again.

"The railroads are also coming into the market for next year with demands for all kinds of material in far greater volume than has been the case since 1902."

Pope Is Almost Recovered.

ROME, Nov. 3.—Pope Pius has almost completely recovered his health, although his foot remains swollen. He walked about his apartment during the day. He spent much of the time at work and in discussing affairs with Cardinal Merry del Val, the papal secretary of state.

ST. PETERSBURG AWAITS FALL OF PORT ARTHUR

Intense Anxiety in the Russian Capital—Changes in Army Commanders.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

(Copyright, 1904, by New York Herald Co.)

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 3.—Intense anxiety prevails here concerning the fall of Port Arthur, which is believed to be imminent.

The event would extinguish the one remaining hope of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet saving the situation.

Gen. Kaulbars takes command of the first army, not Gen. Linevich, while a third army is being prepared, the command of which will be given to Gen. Lubovitsky, of the Ninth army corps.

QUARRELING OF LOVERS BRIGHTENS THE INTELLECT

Instructor Also Tells Teachers Bickerings Make the Husband Better Appreciate the Wife.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WILKESBARRE, Nov. 3.—Lovers' quarrels were recommended as a good thing by Dr. Ruric N. Roark, an instructor, before the teachers' institute in this city today. He was making an address upon "Feeling," when he said he would not want the course of true love to run smoothly; that lovers' quarrels are educational, the play of emotions brightening the intellect and the making up after the quarrel being a delightful and inspiring sensation. He declared a man could not love his wife the same every day, that it would be impossible for him to maintain the highest pinnacle of affection all the time, and it was necessary for him to change in order to appreciate fully the feeling of the highest happiness.

He used these examples as an argument for creating and developing the faculty of feeling deeply, as a means by which the greatest appreciation of the best things may be obtained.

SAY HE IS COMMON SCOLD.

Wilkesbarre Man Held for Court on a Charge Made by His Neighbors.

WILKESBARRE, PA., Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Snowden Evans, charged by Mrs. Elizabeth Evans, acting for a number of neighbors, with being a common scold was held under $200 bail for court today by Alderman Frank Brown, after an extended hearing. Several of his neighbors testified that he called them names and made a general nuisance of himself.

The lawyer for the prosecution found that the old law of 1670 providing the ducking pool punishment for common scolds, has been repealed in this state.

STRIKING MINERS RETURN TO WORK IN ILLINOIS

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Coal miners in Spring Valley, Minonk, Rutland and South Wilmington deserted the striking hoisting engineers today and went back to work under new engineers, who have taken the places of the strikers. The break in the northern part of the state, it is declared by Secretary Herman Justi of the Illinois Coal Operators' association, will spread to all sections of the state. At Spring Valley 3,000 men went back to work.

STRANGLED TO DEATH BY BAG OF APPLES

MILTON, PA., Nov. 3.—(Special.)—William Jackson, a farmer, of Bethel Hill, after ascending a tree, tied a bag about his neck into which to drop apples today. He fell from one limb to another. The weight of the bag balanced his body, while he strangled to death.

MORLEY A STAR AT INSTITUTE

Famous Englishman Spoke for Anglo-American Unity.

WEALTH AIDS ART

So Says Edmund Aman-Jean, Who Spoke in French of Local Situation.

PAINTINGS THAT WON PRIZES

Not since the opening of the Carnegie institute has greater novelty been characterized at the exercises of Founder's day than yesterday at the ninth annual celebration of Mr. Carnegie's great beneficence to Pittsburgh, when John Morley, Great Britain's famous historian and parliamentary leader, made the principal address. Edmund Aman-Jean, a dean of the international art jury, spoke in French of the influence of American wealth upon art, and Seth Low, the former mayor of New York, made a brief speech. The donor remembered the occasion in an encouraging letter, which was read during the afternoon.

Although two foreigners were the principal guests of the day and good-natured jests were indulged in respecting Anglo-American and Franco-American influences upon Pittsburgh culture, it remained for an American artist to carry off the honors in the department of fine arts, W. Elmer Schofield, winning the gold medal and the purse of $1,500.

Emil Paur's First Concert.

Last night the day closed with the introduction of Emil Paur as conductor of the Pittsburgh orchestra. The concert was a brilliant climax to a day that will become memorable in Pittsburgh's history.

The prizes announced in the international competition in the departments of fine arts were as follows:

FIRST PRIZE, "Across the River," by W. E. Schofield, painting. Gold medal and cash award of $1,500.

SECOND PRIZE, "A Rehearsal in the Studio," by Edmund C. Tarbell. Silver medal and cash award of $1,000.

THIRD PRIZE, "White and Gold," by Howard G. Cushing. Bronze medal and cash award of $500.

HONORABLE MENTION, "School's Out," by H. M. Walcott; "In an Old Gown," by Martha S. Baker, and "Spring Mood," by George Sauter.

The crowd was one of the smallest that has attended the Founder's day exercises in years. Seats in all parts of the hall were vacant and in the two balconies there were whole rows that were unoccupied. There was no crush at the entrance and none of the customary clamoring for admission to the hall. The committee had taken every precaution to provide for the comfort of the guests.

Morley Was Heartily Applauded.

Although Mr. Morley is not a fluent speaker and hesitates sometimes in his delivery, he was given rapt attention, and his sentiments were heartily applauded. Many understood M. Aman-Jean when he spoke in his native tongue. Mr. Low struck a responsive chord in his audience and his extemporaneous remarks were followed by hearty handclapping. When the meeting adjourned the distinguished guests were surrounded by hundreds of the visitors and an informal reception was held upon the platform.

The stage was decorated in palms and upon the pipes of the organ the flag of Great Britain and the stars and stripes were entwined. The reports for the year read by Samuel Harden Church indicated prosperity in all departments of the institute. The opening prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Frank W. Sneed. Edwin H. Lemare presided at the organ.

Mr. Morley and Mr. Low are the guests of Mr. Frew, and will enjoy a carriage ride through Pittsburgh residential section this morning. Tonight Mr. Low will be one of the principal speakers at the Chamber of Commerce banquet. Mr. Morley will make a brief response in acknowledgment to a toast which will be offered him. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, one of the guests of Founder's day, is the house guest of Dr. W. J. Holland, and will attend tonight's banquet.

PITTSBURGH TERMINAL BONDS IN FOREIGN MARKET

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—The Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal railway second mortgage income bonds were introduced abroad today in the Holland market. Up to 1910 these bonds retain the character of an income bond and thereafter the 4 per cent interest becomes obligatory. The Dutch are large holders of American securities. Advices received here today reported that the new Wabash-Terminal bonds had been well received.

The addresses of John Morley, Seth Low and Edmund Aman-Jean, with the report of Samuel Harden Church, made at the Founder's day exercises, together with reproductions of the prize-winning paintings, will be found on pages 6 and 7.

PORT ARTHUR'S STORY IS TOLD

Terrible Tale of War's Horrors Comes Direct from Nogi's Army.

NO QUARTER GIVEN

Besieged and Besiegers Are Fighting Like Tigers, Ignoring All Flags.

HEROIC INCIDENTS ABOUND

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

HEADQUARTERS OF THE THIRD JAPANESE ARMY IN FRONT OF PORT ARTHUR, Nov. 2, via Chefoo, Nov. 3.—(Censored.)—When the Japanese drove the Russians from their strong position on the last range of hills in front of the fortress by a surprise attack July 30, the Russians retired to the forts, but they also strongly held previously prepared advance lines to prevent the Japanese from closing in upon the fortified ridges. This line of forts was 14 miles long, forming a semi-circle from the east coast to four miles from the west coast, and circling five miles northwest of Port Arthur, a 12-mile semi-circle from coast to coast.

The Japanese position was a mile from the advance Russian, in the center of a range of hills called Fenghoana mountain. On their left flank was broken, hilly country, east of Taku mountain. Their right flank was over the crests of a range of hills extending in a northwesterly direction from Port Arthur to Louisa bay. Between the Fenghoana mountain and the Russian fortresses was the triangular Shuishi valley, two miles wide, crossed by dry water courses almost to the foot of the fortified hills. The Russian advance lines passed through the center of the Shuishi valley.

The fortified ridges on the east and west of the city were in the approximate shape of an obtuse angle, with its apex in the valley. The outskirts of the city were between the east and west fortified ridges.

The Russians' Strong Position.

Though the advance of the Japanese center over the valley was comparatively easy, owing to the good cover afforded by the water courses and waving crops of Chinese corn, they were subjected to a concentrated, converging fire from the forts on the east and west ridges. Before the line of investment was drawn close about the fortress, much closing was necessary on the part of the Japanese flanks. Two mountains, Taku and Shakhu, close to the eastern extremity of the fortified ridges, and essential to a close investment, were held by the Russians. From the top of Taku, a precipitous mountain, 600 feet high, the Russians were able to see the rear of the Japanese lines. On the right flank were two powerful advance forts, on hills respectively 174 yards and 263 yards high. Three more strong advance works were situated on the lower peaks of the same ridge, extending in a northwardly direction from the city toward Louisa bay. These works protected the Russian left flank, and prevented the Japanese from pushing a force on Port Arthur, through the valley from the shores of Pigeon bay, as the works commanded the gap in the Chair hill forts on the west coast.

Japanese Begin Attack.

The advance works were well constructed, and more difficult to take than some of the permanent forts. It was decided to close in the Japanese left flank, first taking Taku and Shahku mountains. The former was rugged, isolated and had precipitous slopes on its east and northwest sides. The advance south was made under the fire of the east forts of Shahku mountain. A division was ordered to take the hills, and August 7 the bombardment began in the afternoon, the divisional artillery being assisted by three batteries of 4.7-inch naval guns, and four batteries of three-inch howitzers.

The Russians replied with field guns from Taku mountain, and with larger guns from the east forts. The artillery on two hills was silenced at 6 in the evening, and the Japanese infantry advanced at 7 o'clock in three columns, the right flank keeping in touch with the left flank of the main line in the Shui-Shi valley.

The advance was made in the form of a segment of a circle from the coast. Heavy rain impeded all the movements, and early darkness stopped the artillery fire. When the infantry closed in on Taku mountain, where they had previously silenced the Russian guns, the Russians suddenly opened a heavy rifle fire from the crests of the hills, and compelled the Japanese attacking force to build trenches for their protection from north to east, close to the foot of the hill slopes.

Taku Mountain Captured.

One Japanese regiment took an essential angle on the first ascent of the south slope. During the night a battalion of Japanese reserves was added to the attacking force on the south slope. The following day rain continued. The Japanese on the south slope were shelled in their trenches from the east forts, and were unable to advance up the slippery slopes.

Russian torpedo gunboats appeared off the coast near Saltpark village and bombarded a Japanese regiment on the south slope, so that it had to retire. The fleet finally was compelled to retire under the fire of the Howitzer batteries. Then a general bombardment commenced, and all fire from Taku and Shahku mountains was stopped. Eight Japanese regiments from the southeast part of Port Arthur and one from the northwest section gained a foothold on the crests of Taku mountain and, after a desperate hand-to-hand encounter, compelled the Russians to retire westward into their permanent forts. Four field guns were captured.

The Japanese regiments then combined for an attack on Shaku mountain, but were repulsed and compelled to spend the night in their trenches at the foot of the hills. At 4 o'clock in the morn-

FOUNDER IS WELL SATISFIED, BUT EXPECTS GREATER THINGS

New York, November 3, 1904.

Dear Mr. Secretary—

Our distinguished visitors will see this year around them satisfactory evidences that the institute has passed its youth and is now preparing to take its position in the full maturity of manhood among its compeers in the great world. Let us hope that they may return in some future year and see that the promise of youth has been fully met in its splendid maturity. So far, the most devoted friends will be satisfied with the progress of the institute. Certainly the founder knows not of an institution that has produced such fruitful harvests nor one whose future seems more assured. Large as its home is to be two years hence, he has no doubt but that the vast community, of which Pittsburgh is destined to be the center, will not find it too spacious for the pressing demands upon it.

Congratulating you all upon today's proceedings, always very truly yours,

ANDREW CARNEGIE.

S. H. Church, Esq., Secretary Carnegie Institute, Pittsburgh.

ing the attack was renewed, and the hills were captured. The Russians left hundreds of dead on their abandoned position. The Japanese casualties were 1,400.

Second Attack a Failure.

Though the Japanese were unable to permanently occupy the captured hills, they robbed the Russians of invaluable observation points. This enabled the investing line, to be drawn from the coast, between the two hills and the eastern fortified ridges.

Attention was then turned to the Russian left flank. Two Japanese brigades were ordered to advance. They started in the night, a line two miles in length. At 2 o'clock in the morning a heavy rain greatly impeded their progress, but they reached the Russian entanglements under heavy fire. A quarter-inch steel wire compelled the pioneers to cut the poles to open the way. The position was captured at 4 o'clock in the morning of August 14, a Russian counter-attack being repulsed.

A heavy Japanese bombardment of the Russian advance works on a low hill north of 174 Yards hill finally compelled the fire to slacken. A night attack was made on the Russian advance works. The Japanese reached the outer entanglement, but were then repulsed. Starlight shells located the Japanese lines, on which searchlights were thrown, after which the Russian machine guns played havoc all night with the Japanese troops in the trenches on the hillside. Finally a concentrated fire from Etse mountain and the advance forts compelled the Japanese to cease operations.

Siege Guns Make Ready.

It was announced at the Japanese headquarters August 15 that the siege guns would be in position and ready to begin a bombardment August 20. The headquarters August 18 were at the village of Swangtaikow, close to the railroad and 13 miles north of Port Arthur.

It was evident that a general attack had been planned. The railroad to Port Dalny was taxed to its capacity in bringing troops, siege guns, ammunition and supplies to the front, and the roads were crowded with marching troops and transport. A good view of the operations could be obtained on the right front. Of Port Arthur, cradled among the hills, only the outskirts were visible, backed by the bestling brow of the Tiger's Tail peninsula. Further south, to the right, towered the jagged ridge of the Liaotie mountains.

In the foreground, and further west, were the Chair hills, their peculiar outlines clearly defined. Sweeping around further to the right was peak on peak of a lofty range of hills extending from Port Arthur to the shores of Louisa bay. The highest peaks were respectively 174 and 208 yards high. The hills were crowned with advance forts. In the nearer distance was the Shuishi valley, with its green, waving Chinese corn, forming level ground dividing the positions of the Japanese left flank, right and center. Through the east section of the valley the railroad runs into the city. Directly in front, across the Shuishi valley, the eastern fort ridges extend from the outskirts of Port Arthur to the coast.

Citadel Circle of Forts.

Four miles east of the city, on a ridge of Rihlung mountain, were two forts, the first a strong redoubt. In the valley were three forts; on Keekwan mountain there were three forts; on Nakojin and Laoihui mountains there were fortifications and on the foothills were two forts. Besides this there was the Panlung fort, in the direction of the advance forts, and other forts on neighboring hills.

West of Sungshow, guarding the western corridor to the city, were the Taiyangkow group of forts, with four new and powerful forts on the foothills of the Liaotie mountains. The Russian advance line of forts was in the form of a semi-circle from the east coast, near Taku mountain, along the base of the eastern fortified ridges, across the apex of the Shuishi valley, where there were strong redoubts protected by trenches. Then, in a northwesterly direction, skirting the advance forts on a further ridge near the coast was Golden hill and other seaward forts.

In a valley between the two ridges lies Port Arthur. Filling the narrow apex of the Shishi valley stood Payuisean fort, upon a hill which shuts out a view of the city. The fort belt west of the city starts from Port Arthur, with the powerful Sung Chow forts running in a northwesterly direction to the Chair hill group. Beyond were the western fortified ridges and the sea coast south of Louisa bay.

How Japanese Formed.

The left flank of the Japanese position rested on the coast near Taku mountain. It extended in the form of a semi-circle on the north side of the Shuishi valley, over a crest of hills. The right flank was at Louisa bay. The siege train and completed batteries occupied masked positions among the hills in semi-circles on the right and left flanks. The reserve infantry was massed on the foothills on the further side of the Fenchoang range of mountains.

Along the front of the Japanese base was a large system of well constructed trenches from coast to coast, manned by infantry, while the main bodies of the Japanese troops were concealed behind spurs and passes throughout the range. It was marvelous how the Japanese army was concealed from view, even from the center of the Japanese position. The transport and ammunition columns worked from their base at the village of Tangchanglingtzu, six miles in the rear of the railroad.

The wet weather had fermented the rice and produced much beri-beri among the troops. The number of cases from June to September was nearly 16,000. During the colder weather of October there were practically no cases.

General Assault Begins.

During the morning of August 19 the siege guns opened a desultory fire to find the ranges, and an entire division of infantry advanced and assaulted the Russian redoubts in the foot of Rihlung mountains. The troops captured the trenches in front of the redoubts.

The operations began in earnest at daybreak, August 20, with a bombardment of the whole line of Russian forts.

Battery after battery of Japanese artillery was unmasked, the Russians apparently being unable to locate them, for they replied spasmodically. Under cover of the bombardment the Japanese infantry made a determined general advance against the Russians' first trenches, along the railroad in the center of the Shuishi valley, and also on the lines in the valley between the east and west of Shuishi village.

Six hundred yards south of the village the way into the city was protected by four advance half-moon forts in the form of a hollow square, open at the rear, connected by bompproof trenches and having a 20-foot moat in front. A desperate attempt was made by the Japanese during the afternoon to capture the strongest half-moon fort. The infantry charged, cut the entanglements, crossed the moat with scaling ladders, stormed the fort and drove the Russians back.

Machine Guns' Deadly Work.

But the real strength of the forts' position lay in the bombproof trenches, extending south of the other half-moon forts. They were filled with troops and concealed machine guns which poured a deadly hail into the Japanese and forced them to retire. At about the same time the Russians recaptured the trenches in front of the redoubt in advance of the Rihlung fort.

On the right flank the Russian line was forced back. One Japanese regiment worked up the east slope and another regiment made its way up the west slope of 174 Yards hill, under the concentrated fire of the Russian artillery, and captured the fort at the point of the bayonet at noon, taking five field guns and four machine guns. Their casualties were 1,400. Three hundred and fifty Russian dead were left in the position.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon, during the bombardment, a fort on the ridge east of Keekwan fort was struck by a Japanese shell and burst into flames. The Russians who had garrisoned it retired back of the Chinese wall in the rear. During the evening a division of the Japanese left flank cut the entanglements on the slope east of Keekwan, in front of the hill. August 21 a center division of the Japanese gained the foot of East Panlung fort, called by the Japanese East Banjusan fort, and tried to cut the entanglements, but were repulsed.

Japanese Are Repulsed.

At daylight the Japanese batteries of the center division concentrated their fire on the Banjusan and Keekwan forts, but despite the artillery support the Japanese were driven out of the east Keekwan fort by an attack of a massed body of Russians from the Chinese wall. The assault threatened to result in an utter failure to secure a foothold on the fortified ridge, and Gen. Nogi summoned the generals of the left and center divisions to a council.

During his absence, at 11 in the morning, without special orders, several companies of a regiment of the center division emerged from their trenches at the foot of the east Banjusan fort, and in tens and twenties charged up the slope to the broken wall of the trench around the crest of the fortified hill under cover of a splendid shrapnel practice from their field batteries in the valley.

The Russians behind the wall and in the fort poured out a hail of rifle bullets, while their quick-firing guns belched forth on the intrepid Japanese. Twice the latter were forced back, till the slope was covered with bodies, but a third attempt was made and a score of Japanese reached the broken wall. The terrible fire of the Russians, however, started their retirement.

An Heroic Sacrifice.

Suddenly a Japanese officer stood up, called out an order, planted his regimental flag on the wall and was immediately riddled with Russian bullets. The effect on the Japanese of this was instantaneous. The retiring infantrymen stopped in their tracks, hesitated, and then charged back, fought like demons, jumped over the wall, charged the Russians with bayonets and forced many of them up the glacis, over the ramparts and into the fort.

The fact that they had reached the corner wall on the dead ground enabled the Japanese to hold on, though the entire Russian fire was concentrated on that point for six hours. The Japanese were reinforced from time to time by rushes made by their comrades up the deathway from the trenches, and they stubbornly held the corner wall and a small section of the Russian trenches till 5 o'clock, when two companies of another regiment worked through the trenches and attacked the west Banjusan fort, the magazine of which had been blown up by a shell a short time before.

Taking advantage of a diversion of the Russian fire, the Japanese attacking the first fort forced the Russians back, captured the fort at the point of the bayonet and pursued the enemy along the connecting trenches to the Chinese wall. The west Banjusan fort was captured at 7 o'clock. The Japanese were unable to occupy it, as the magazine was blown up, but they held the trench line around the crest.

In the afternoon three battalions of Japanese reserves were added to the center division. During the night a regiment left the division and assaulted and captured part of the south Keekwan fort. A feint attack of the center division was made against a redoubt at the foot of Urh mountain in order to divert the Russians' attention from the massing of troops in the valley in front of the Banjusan forts. Four field guns and four machine guns were mounted in the east Banjusan fort and six field guns and four machine guns in the west Banjusan fort.

Russian Line Is Pierced.

The dawn of August 23 developed a peculiar position. The assault of the previous afternoon had resulted in piercing the Russian fortified ridge east of Port Arthur in the form of a wedge, while the entire line east and west was strongly held. The concentration of the Japanese reserves in the Shuishui valley in front of the captured forts showed that it was the evident intention of the Japanese to use their foothold on the fortified ridge to segregate the eastern forts and carry the whole ridge by assault.

At daylight the Russians concentrated their shrapnel fire on the captured forts and the Japanese south of Keekwan were ejected from their positions. The Banjusan forts were subjected to an awful fire, but the Japanese in possession of them continued making bomb proof trenches on the hills.

There was tremendous activity in the rear lines sending forward ammunition. The news came in whispers that a general assault along the whole line would take place between midnight and 3 in the morning. For hours after the ominous darkness and silence was broken by an occastonal shell from the Japanese batteries, while the Russians burst many starlights over Shuishui village, where they made a feint to sortie immediately after a fearful fusilade in the rear of the captured forts.

Russians Use Searchlights.

Here the Russians, anticipating an assault, made a strong counter attack. The Japanese advance lines were driven from the forts and were furiously attacked by large bodies of Russians, who also worked down on either side of the captured Banjusan forts to the valley in an attempt to cut off the retreat of the Japanese from the two forts. The Russian move was cleverly planned, and their artillery commanders were well informed, for they opened fire with shrapnel on the advance of the Japanese supports across the valley, using starlights and searchlights with good effect in the counter attack on the Japanese forces.

The general assault then began, and for 20 minutes the whole Japanese line was engaged. The left division from the trenches in front of the Keekwan forts charged the fortified hills. Part of the advance had gained the crests and shouted "Banzai!" when their triumph was cut short. Suddenly the two powerful searchlights of the east forts lighted up the Japanese lines, and Russian rifles and machine guns poured a deadly hail into the clearly visible ranks of the attacking troops.

Despite the awful process of unequal annihilation, the Japanese stubbornly held the positions gained. Their machine guns quickly located and quieted the Russian quick-firers, but finally the Japanese were slowly forced down the slopes to the trenches below.

On the west flank the searchlights of Etse and Taiyangkow forts played along the Japanese trenches, preventing the movement of troops. The Japanese artillery concentrated their fire on the searchlights, shells continually blanketing the lights. Suddenly the light of Etse fort disappeared, and the light of Taiyankow fort followed.

Deceived by a Ruse.

The Japanese infantry on the right flank advanced on the trenches close to the Russian lines, when the Etse light was flashed out in the faces of advancing troops, and Russian machine guns, previously well placed, swept their fire along the lines, while rifles blazed with continual rattle. As the Japanese machine guns came into action they were located by the Russian starlights and made more distinctly visible by the searchlights, but they silenced the Russian quick-firers.

In the meantime the fight was fiercest in the center of the Shuishui valley. The Japanese captured the Banjusan forts, outflanking the Russian forces, and slowly forced their lines back to the foot of the fortified hills. The Japanese, well supported, rushed forward furiously and engaged the Russians, but their plan of attack was destroyed by the Russian counter attack.

The Japanese artillery was unable to fire at this point as the Japanese forces were mixed. The skillful working of the Russian starlights and searchlights were utterly unexpected and bewildering. They never failed to locate the Japanese lines, which offered splendid marks for the Russian rifles and machine guns, and rendered the Japanese machine guns of little use, as they were located and silenced by quick-firers before they could do any execution.

Fearful Night Picture.

The Russians along the whole line fought in blackest darkness, and the Japanese with the most dazzling light in their faces. The rattle of musketry, the thundering of the Russian guns, the purring of the machine guns, the bursting of starlights and the flashing of searchlights along the whole line was a wonderfully impressive sight. The fight lasted continuously for six hours, till dawn, when the outflankers were forced back over the captured fortified hills, followed by the Japanese, who, despite the fire of the forts, captured the first and joined their force from the valley. As the Russian outflankers were driven in, Keekwan fort fired.

The previous day, under cover of a tremendous bombardment, the eastern fortified ridge, and later the east Banjusan fort were set on fire by Japanese shells and burned all day. The Japanese fleet appeared in the offing and engaged the Russian seaward forts. There was a furious artillery duel during the night and the center division again assaulted east Banjusan fort, but was unsuccessful.

The scene during the night, the bursting of starlight shells, the flashing of four powerful searchlights from the eastern Golden hill fort and Chair hill fort, the roar of the big guns and the rattling of musketry presented another weird and wonderful sight.

Third Desperate Attack.

Before dawn on August 22 the center division made a third attampt to capture the higher fortified ridge of Ash hill; the new Banjusan forts, on the higher ridge, and the rear forts. The Banjusan forts were stormed and captured, the Japanese pursuing the Russians who had defended them. Two hundred Japanese officers and men were killed. They all belonged to a regiment of the center division.

The Japanese captured a fort, where they entrenched themselves and remained under an awful concentration of shrapnel fire from the other forts. With daylight the Japanese artillery started a terrific bombardment. Every gun from the extreme Japanese left to the center concentrated its fire on the eastern end of the fortified ridge. An avalanche of shells swept down on the fortified ridge, quieting the Russian forts' guns.

The bombardment increased in volume as the guns from the center and west joined in, and swept the ridge at the apex of Port Arthur. The storm of bursting shells lasted for half an hour, during which time the awful concenirsted fire swept the ridge from end to end. Over 400 guns roared in rapid succession until the entire ridge was enveloped in a cloud of smoke. For a time every Russian fort was silenced.

Japanese Repulsed Again.

When the smoke cleared away it was seen that the left division had advanced through the captured forts. One regiment attacked the east Keekwan fort, but was repulsed. Another regiment advanced up the northeast slopes of Wantai hill, in an effort to effect a junction with the regiment which held the neck between the two peaks. The capture of Wantai hill meant the dividing of the eastern fortified ridge.

A center supporting regiment was unable to scale the heights and was forced to entrench at the foot. During the night of August 24 the ranks of the Japanese were thinned by the furious shrapnel fire of the Russians that they were forced to retire to the valley below the captured forts, and what might have been a successful general assault, with the capture of the fortified ridge east of Port Arthur, was converted by the Russian tactics into a repulse, redeemed in part by the wonderful fighting qualities of the Japanese infantry, and their refusal to accept what seemed to be the inevitable.

The Japanese casualties from August 19 to August 24 were 14,000. The center division alone lost 8,000, and a single regiment lost 2,500. Only six officers and 900 men of this regiment were left after the fight.

Nogi Concedes Failure.

The retention of the Banjusan forts gave the Japanese a foothold on the fortified ridge, as a result of six days of general assault. Heavy casualties marked this hazardous attempt to take a strong modern fortress by assault after a few days' investment. Gen. Nogi was aware that his army was needed in the north, and the troops, flushed with previous victories, were anxious to make the attempt. Success meant the immediate fall of Port Arthur, while great achievement would release the besieging army, which for months had been sapping the strength of the positions.

The ability of Gen. Stoessel and the determined spirit of the Russians had been underestimated and the experiment was never repeated. As with the Russians at Plevna, with spirits dashed by repulse and heavy losses, the Japanese army settled down to sapping and making parallels.

For two weeks the Russians were unceasing in their efforts to recapture the Banjusan forts. They bombarded and assaulted by day the bombproofs and trenches, which the Japanese repaired by night. Despite artillery fire and infantry sorties, the Japanese held the forts. There were 500 men and four machine guns in each fort. The field guns, which were first mounted in the forts, were removed. Though the Japanese resorted to unoccupied trenches and bombproofs, the daily loss was 100 in each fort until September 8, when the Russians ceased their continuous efforts to recapture the forts.

Settle Down to Siege Work.

While the defenders of the Banjusans were converting the forts and trenches into bomproofs, the army was constructing a system of siege parallels, the left division toward the east, southeast of the Keekwan forts; the center division towards the redoubt at the foot of Urh forts and the right division toward the Lunetse south of Shuishi village and 203 Meter hill, and from the west toward the ridge on the north front of the same hill, called by the Japanese Namaokyama.

The object on the eastern fortified ridge was to capture the two Urh forts on the west and the two Keekwan on the east side. The captured Banjusan forts enabled the Japanese to mass a force under cover upon the fortified ridge, and so, using the Urh forts as a pivot, capture the fortified ridge and envelope Port Arthur from the east. The capture of Shuishi was necessary in order to enable the construction of parallels to the Urh forts.

The strength of the western fortified ridge was due to the fact that the Sung Chow, Taiyangkow and Chair hill fort groups, with the advance fort on 203 Meter hill, formed the right angle of a triangle, the base line being from Etse to 203 Meter hill.

Fighting Becomes Bitter.

When the Japanese outflanked the fortified ridge, occupying the sea front range west of the ridge, they were unable to advance upon the rear ridge because of a concentrated converging fire on their new front. The advance fort on 203 Meter hill was the key to the position, because, were it in possession of the Japanese, the artillery could dynamite the surrounding country, and infantry could easily approach the weak west side of Chair hill, capture it and enable the assaulters, under cover of artillery, fire from the base of the triangle, to carry the fortified ridge to the apex, and converge upon Port Arthur from the west.

During the operations from August 25 to September 18 the Russians sortied and attacked working parties almost every night, while guns bombarded by day. As the Japanese trench line neared the entanglements on the fort hills the sorties became more frequent and determined. Quarter was neither asked nor given; the fiercest antagonism was displayed and even stretcher-bearers were killed. The cause of this was that the Russians alleged that their forts were bombarded while a messenger under a white flag was delivering the emperor's message on August 16. The feeling was augmented, and later all flags were unrecognized.

How Wire Cutters Worked.

The pioneers suffered heavy casualties in cutting entanglements. After the failure of the regulation devices for removing wires, the pioneers were sent to attach ropes to posts to which entanglements were attached, and troops in the trenches pulled upon the ropes, dragging posts and wires away.

This worked satisfactorily until the Russians began the use of bracing wires. Then pioneers advanced, fell as though killed close to the entanglements, and remained motionless until, unobserved, they could work along on their backs under the wires, which they cut with long shears.

As a result of this expedient the Russians made certain that all were dead who fell near the entanglements. The latest expedient was a steel shield covering the face and body, suspended from the shoulders of the pioneers, from behind which the cutters were used.

Dynamite bombs were used by the Russians against the Japanese trenches and advance work. For assaulting purposes, where it was impossible to throw bombs, mortars were made, bound with bango. These were carried by the soldiers, and with them bombs were thrown from 50 to 100 yards. These were the most effective of the many devices tried by the Japanese.

Efforts to Reach Wounded.

In order to recover the wounded, when possible, volunteers crawled from the trenches at night and worked along on their stomachs, pulling the wounded slowly to cover by the heels. Many of the wounded were not recovered.

There were plenty of volunteers for the desperate services of cutting entanglements and recovering the wounded. Deeds of personal bravery were innumerable.

The Russians apparently have an inexhaustible supply of heavy ammunition. Hundreds of ten and twelve-inch shells were buried at Japanese batteries when they were located with serious effect. The heaviest Japanese guns were 4.7 naval and six-inch naval guns. At the end of August some heavier howitzers arrived and were mounted on concrete. They were found to be wonderfully effective. It was wonderful to see how 17-ton guns were moved miles over bad roads.

While the siege operations were in progress reinforcements, mostly from the second reserves, were added to the existing units to bring the army up to its full strength, and it was announced from headquarters that the siege operations would be finished with a general assault September 19 on the Namaokayama ridge, the 203 Meter hill, the half-moon forts of the Shuishui valley and the redoubt at the foot of Rihlung mountain.

Fresh Assault Begins.

The bombardment was started at dawn. The Russians failed to reply till the afternoon, which delayed the attacks until 5 in the evening. Three battalions of the center division advanced from the parallels and attacked a redoubt at the foot of Rihlung mountain, which the Japanese twice before had tried to capture. The work was strongly built and surrounded by a ditch, perpendicular walls and breastworks. There was also a steep distance to the top of the steps, and at the bottom was a ditch 25 feet deep. The interior of the redoubt was faced with heavy timbers, the trenches around were bombproof, and there were heavily constructed blockhouses loophided for infantry and machine guns. From the rear of the redoubt three lines of trenches extended to Rihlung fort.

The main attack was made against the northeast corner and simultaneously a Japanese battalion attacked the east line of trenches. The Japanese were met by a tremendous fusillade from rifles and machine guns and were forced to retire to their trenches, but at 4 in the morning the main attack was made, and the Japanese succeeded in capturing the redoubt entering it through a breach made by the artillery.

Taken at Heavy Cost.

A fierce hand-to-hand encounter inside the redoubt followed, during which dynamite and hand grenades were used to destroy the blockhouses, whose brave defenders stood their ground until the last man was bayoneted. The Russian trenches were captured and occupied by the Japanese, but the redoubt was destroyed by explosives. The defending force consisted of four companies.

The Japanese casualties were over 1,000. The Russians left only a few dead in their positions. A torpedo tube and a number of fish torpedoes were found in the redoubt.

In the evening a regiment of the right division attacked the half moon forts in the Shuishi valley from parallels 50 yards distant. These forts were strong, connected advance works constructed in the form of a hollow square, open in the rear and extending across the apex of the valley from the foot of Rihlung mountain to the foot of the Anize forts. At each corner of the square was a 90-foot half-moon fort, with bombproof connecting trenches on three sides. On the southern front the half-moon forts and trenches were protected by a moat similar to the one in front of the Rihlung mountain redoubt.

Carried at Bayonet's Point.

The first assault of the Japanese was made before dark. A battalion and a half advanced against the strongest west half-moon fort, and two companies moved against the east fort. Both attacks were repulsed. Twice again during the night the Japanese made unsuccessful assaults on these forts.

Early in the morning of September 20 the whole force was concentrated in a furious assault on the west half-moon fort. The moat was crossed with scaling ladders, and dynamite and hand guns were used to destroy the Russian trenches and bombproofs. The fighting, which lasted 20 minutes, was carried on at the point of the bayonet. Finally the Russians were driven through the connecting trenches, and the other half-moon forts were all captured after slight resistance. The Japanese casualties were 400. The Russians left but few dead in their positions.

The four half-moon forts and the connecting trenches were held by 1,000 Russians. The west fort mounted two quick-firing guns, one field gun and three machine guns. The fort in the rear of the west fort had one quick-firer and one machine gun; the east fort had no guns; the fort in the rear of the east fort was armed with a field gun and two mortars. All the Russian guns were captured, but had been destroyed or their breech blocks removed. A torpedo tube and a number of fish torpedoes were found in the half-moon fort. There were also three unexploded mines in front of the east and half-moon front.

Ground Furrowed by Bullets.

The attack on 203 Meter hill and the ridge immediately north of it, called Nahaokamaya, was started at 5 in the evening of September 19 by two regiments of the right division and one regiment of the second reserves. The first regiment advanced against Nahaokayama from trenches close to the Russian lines. A Japanese company, in parties of tens and twenties, reached the dead ground on the northeast extremity of the ridges.

A Japanese officer, who was leading his column across the fire zone, stopped and remained motionless, while the ground about him was plowed up by bullets for several minutes after he fell. In spite of the furious bombardment with which the Japanese supported the assault the Japanese infantry could not advance any further and were compelled to spend the night on the dead ground, close to the first Russian trench line.

In the meantime a second Japanese regiment advanced against the west slopes of 203 Meter hill, and a third regiment moved against the southwest slopes. The second regiment was unable to make much progress, but the third regiment reached the foot of the southwest slopes.

During the night a party of sappers cleared away the Russian wire entanglements. The Japanese bombardment began at dawn September 20, and all the morning the slopes of the fortified hill and the road were transformed into an inferno by the bursting of shells.

Regiment Shot Down.

At 11 o'clock part of the second regiment charged forward to gain the foot of the west slope. The Russian batteries were evidently waiting for the Japanese, as a most wonderful shrapnel fire was opened on them. Every man seemed to fall. Though but at rifle range, the firing of shrapnel continued for 10 minutes, after which all the Japanese were down, either wounded or killed.

The artillery duel continued until 5:30 in the evening, when the first Japanese regiment, carrying no flags, advanced up the slopes of Nahaokayama to the dead ground which the single company had gained the night previous. The Russians had retired to their first line of trenches during the night and several companies of Japanese were extended along the slopes under cover of the brow of the ridge. With a rush they carried the trench line on the crest of the hill.

The last rush of the Japanese was a splendid spectacle, ending with a bayonet encounter with the Russians on the full sky line. Stones, bayonets, swords and hand guns were used by both sides. The utmost ferocity was displayed.

When the Japanese had carried the east half of the ridge the Russians retired to the west half. Before darkness the Japanese were in possession of the whole ridge, which they retained despite an awful shrapnel fire from the Chair hill, Taiyangkow, Tigers Tail and Liaotie forts.

Third Regiment Defeated.

At 10 in the evening the third regiment advanced on the southwest slopes of the advance fort on Namaokayama hill. A small party gained the fort on the crest, but were driven out the next day. Four assaults were made by the Japanese during the next two days, but they were all repulsed. The third regiment was finally compelled to retire from the trenches at the foot of the hill by a concentrated shrapnel fire from the valley below.

The unsuccessful attempt to capture the advance fort resulted in 2,000 Japanese casualties. A hundred and eighty Russian dead were found at Namaokayama, which was covered by a network of trenches and bombproofs.

The advance fort on 203 Meter hill was an enormously strong work, surrounded by a network of trenches and bombproofs, protected by steel plates covered with earth walls and surrounded by loopholed sand bags. The corners of the fort were strengthened by steel plates, and there were triple rows of wire entanglements on the hill slopes. The Russian defending force was estimated to number 1,000. The fort mounted three field guns, two larger guns and three machine guns.

Nahaokamaya was protected by a double row of entanglements and two lines of trenches, the upper line being partly bombproof. The Japanese were disappointed at their failure to capture the advance fort, which was the key to the western fortified ridge.

Sappers Work Both Ways.

The capture of the redoubt enabled the Japanese to work parallels eastward, and possession of the Shuishui lunettes enabled them to work eastward. With these two forts on the west side captured, and the two Banjusan and three Keekwan forts on the east side, the attackers possessed a foothold on the front extending over more than half the eastern side of the fortified ridge. Nomoskayama ridge was a splendid basis for work by the parallelers on the 203 Meter hill and Chair hill group of forts on the western fortified ridge. Every inch the Japanese now gained was by laborious sapping, against the determined opposition of the Russians, who fought with tremendous earnestness, sortieing every night against the sappers.

The first battery of 11-inch howitzers opened fire October 1 against the Urh fort. The next day fire was directed on the battleship Pobieda in the harbor. The fifth shot pierced the forward deck of this ship, sending up huge columns of smoke and leaving a gaping rent.

The morning of October 10 there was a heavy bombardment of the east Urh fort, under cover of which infantry advanced and captured the trenches at the foot of the slope.

The night of October 11 three companies of the right division captured a small railway bridge on the northwest slopes of the Urh fort and also tried to capture a larger bridge at the foot of the west slope, but they were repulsed.

Russian Forsake Overcoats.

The night of October 12 a company of the center division made a surprise attack on the same bridge. The Russians retired in confusion, leaving their kits and overcoats. Later the Russians made a sortie and tried to recapture the bridge, but were unsuccessful. Simultaneously there was a sortie on the east Keekwan trenches, but the Russians retired after an hour's hard fighting.

The fire of the 11-inch howitzers was so effective against the war vessels that the Russians rescued to the piers of the hospital ship in the direct line of fire.

The west Urh fort was damaged October 13. The battleship Peresviet was struck by several shells from the howitzers and caught fire. Golden Hill fort was greatly damaged.

October 16 the Japanese attacked an entrenched hill called Hachimake Yama, between the east Urh and west Banjusan forts. Under cover of a tremendous bombardment three companies of the center division emerged from parallels at the foot of the hill, charged the glacis with bayonets and captured the trenches at the crest which the Russians evacuated.

Attack on East Ridge.

It was announced on October 25 that the following day there would be a bombardment of the east fortified ridge, from the west Urh fort to the south Keekwan fort, and also the Chair Hill fort, to be followed by infantry attacks for the capture of the trench lines and glacis of the east and west Urh forts, the east and southeast Keekwan forts, with demonstrations on either flanks.

The bombardment commenced early in the morning, increasing in volume until 5 o'clock in the evening, when a regiment of the center division emerged from the parallels at the foot of the east Urh fort. Another regiment of the right division left the parallels at the foot of the west Urh fort simultaneously under cover of a tremendous fire of shrapnel.

When the first regiment gained the trenches at the crest of the glacis of east Urh fort, the Russians exploded a mine. A few Japanese were killed. The trench lines on both hills were captured by 6 o'clock in the evening, with 250 casualties.

The rapidity with which the Japanese executed trenches and made connections with parallels under fire was marvelous. They seemed fairly to sink under ground.

Between 3 and 5 o'clock on the morning of October 27 the Russians made determined sorties on the Japanese trenches near the west Urh forts, and at Hachihake yesterday morning. The Japanese casualties were 300. Six officers were killed and eight wounded. The Russians left 60 dead.

The same night the Russians made four sorties against the captured trenches near the west Urh fort under cover of a fierce shrapnel fire from Chair hill across the apex of the Shuishui valley. The Japanese casualties were 120. Four officers were killed and eight wounded. The Russians left 20 dead.

AN UNKNOWN WOMAN JUMPS INTO RIVER

Removed Hat and Veil and Took Fatal Plunge Before Witnesses Reached Her.

After removing her hat and veil an unknown woman last night mounted the rail on the Sixth street bridge and jumped into the Allegheny river. Several men who were crossing the bridge shortly after 7 o'clock saw her go over the rail, but were at such distance that they were unable to reach her before she leaped to her doom.

Officer John P. Smith, at the Allegheny end of the bridge, was notified at once, and with Lieut. Robert Dickson and several policemen went to midstream in a skiff. In an eddy just below the middle pier the woman's hat was found. It is apparently new and of good quality. For almost an hour the skiff was rowed about the river below the bridge, but the body did not appear above the surface.

It was reported to the police that the woman clasped an infant in her arms as she jumped, but from those who witnessed the deed no corroboration of this story could be obtained. None of those who saw her could furnish any description of the woman.

Mistook Lye for Cream.

BURKE, IDAHO, Nov. 3.—Mistaking a can of lye for one of cream, Ed Benjamin, aged 75, drank of the poison today and died in terrible agony. In company with V. Leland and F. Clement he located the Leland mine, August 16, 1884.

The St. James HOTEL
Walnut & 13th Sts.
PHILADELPHIA
Absolutely Fireproof.
EUROPEAN PLAN
Now being enlarged and improved. Every modern convenience and appointment. Centrally located. Cuisine unexcelled.
E. G. MILLER, Manager.

PHILADELPHIA DENTISTS.

For 21 Years at
229 FIFTH AVENUE.

FAIRBANKS TO QUIT SENATE

Continued from First Page.

publicans, read the letter tonight at a meeting in Linton.

Thomas Taggart's Battleground.

In the county of Vigo, in which Terre Haute is located, Taggart is making one of his hard fights for the control of the legislative delegation. He is being ably assisted by Crawford Fairbanks, a millionaire brewer. This Mr. Fairbanks is a Democrat and is not related to the senator. He is a close friend of Taggart and is given credit for financing the Vigo county fight, and is also said to be contributing largely toward the campaign in Marion. Vigo elects three senators and three members of the house, and every effort is being made by the Democrats to win the battle. In addition to Fairbanks there are four other millionaires on the Democratic finance committee.

Vigo is one of the counties of the state that is vacillating in its love of party. Sometimes the Republicans win and just as often the Democrats are successful. It has been selected by Taggart as one of the four battlegrounds in the legislative contest. The others are the counties of Marion, Vanderberg and St. Joseph. Combined the four counties have 27 votes when it comes to the election of a United States senator. They are now held by the Republicans and their loss would defeat the party.

Terre Haute is the home of Eugene V. Debs, the candidate of the Socialist party, and the business men of the city are sorry that he lives among them. They say that his residence has prevented the town from securing industrial plants, the promoters claiming that they did not want to invest capital where there is so much danger of strife being engendered among workmen. Four years ago Debs secured 331 votes in Vigo county and his own ward gave him but 21 votes. He will close his campaign in this city Monday night, but neither the Democrats nor the Republicans are worried about his movements.

The Republicans think that there is a possibility of carrying the Miers congressional district. John Cheney, the Republican candidate, was on the train today. He is confident of his ability to defeat Miers, but the Republican leaders do not share his confidence. The district is very close.

Republic in Safe Hands.

In his speech at Crawfordsville, Senator Fairbanks said in part:

We are obliged in a few days to declare our allegiance to some political party. It matters not what we may here, or what we think here upon political questions, but it is all important what we do at the ballot box on next Tuesday. If we are in favor of Republican policies and their continuance we must so declare our potent judgment at the ballot box.

I observe that there are some of our countrymen who are greatly distressed over the subject of imperialism. When I heard the enthusiastic cheers that came up from the boys of Wabash college, I did not discover in their manifestation of kindly interest any apprehension as to the future of the republic.

The Republican party has been the best friend of republican institutions we have had since the time of George Washington. It knows something about what this republic stands for. In a serious hour, the bitterness of which has faded away, and, I hope, is gone forever, the Republican party stood for unity. It saved the Union and maintained the supremacy of one flag in the United States.

Our course in the Philippines is consistent with the principles of Republicanism. We went into them under the leadership of one of the best statesmen this country has ever produced, William McKinley. You do well to cheer that name, for among all the dead none will stand higher through the future in the esteem and admiration of the world.

Theodore Roosevelt stands for the same policies for which William McKinley stood. I see you have heard that name before. My comment will be made from time to time in the future. Theodore Roosevelt is carrying forward the policies of William McKinley, not only in the United States, but is carrying forward his policies in the Philippines.

I do not blame our Democratic friends for trying to erect an issue in the Philippines. I do not really blame them for undertaking to win the minds of the American people from a contemplation of Democratic mistakes at home by crying imperialism in the Philippine islands. If the Republican party had been so uniformly opposed to great and wholesome policies in the United States and had been guilty of so many mistakes, we would be in favor of that party's creating an issue 8,000 or 80,000 miles away.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived, November 3.

NEW YORK—Cedric, from Liverpool; Mongolian, from Glasgow and Liverpool, via Bermuda.
Liverpool—Teutonic, from New York.
Genoa—Republic, from New York.
Hamburg—Deutschland, from New York, via Plymouth and Cherbourg.
Naples—Konig Albert, from New York, via Gibraltar, for Genoa, and proceeded.

Sailed, November 3.

New York—Cretic, for Gibraltar and Naples; La Savoie, for Havre.
Bremen—Frankfurt, for New York.
Liverpool—Cymric, for Boston, via Queenstown.
Brisbane—Moana, from Sydney, Lyttleton, Auckland and Vancouver, via Honolulu.
Naples—Prinz Adalbert, for New York; Canopic, for Boston.
London—Menominee, for New York.
Queenstown—Oceanic, for New York.

Passed, November 3.

Scilly—Main, from New York, for Bremen.
Lizard—Noordam, from New York, for Boulogne and Rotterdam.
Prawl Point—Belgravia, from New York, for Hamburg.
Butte of Lewis—Heckla, from New for Christiaiana and Copenhagen.
Brow Head—Cevic, from New York, for Liverpool.

PIANO FACTORY

TALK NO. XXII.

Competition in Business simply means: Price and Quality of the Ware. In the Piano Business, for instance, if any Dealer can give Valid Reasons WHY his Prices ARE lower than his competitors,' then, clearly, it is the interest of the Buyers to deal with him to obtain this price advantage over all competitors. We positively cut out the Manufacturer's profit and thus save you at least $75.00 on your piano if you select the

Kleber Piano

No argument in the world can offset this proposition.

Exclusively agency for the World-Standard

KNABE PIANO

and the APOLLO PIANO PLAYER.

KLEBER,
65 YEARS IN PITTSBURGH.
221-223 Fifth Avenue.
Factory: Greensburg, Pa.

EDUCATIONAL.

Call's College
244 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh.
THE SCHOOL OF ACCOUNTING CONDUCTED BY EXPERTS.

HAVE YOU DECIDED to prepare for office work and a good salaried position? If you are interested in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, penmanship or arithmetic, call and see us at once. Good positions are awaiting experienced people.

BEWARE of the high prices charged for theory bookkeeping. Keep on the safe side. Keep your money in your pocket until you have examined our methods. A young lady who had paid $80 in a preparatory school said: "I wish I had investigated your methods in THE SCHOOL OF ACCOUNTING before I paid my money elsewhere."

Start right and you will not have to unlearn.

McClintock Co.

ROYAL WILTON RUGS AT $29

Best grade—9x12 feet in size and regularly priced $35—

And they are all fresh, clean stock, too—

About 25 patterns to select from—

Winter season is the time when you need rugs to brighten up your home—

We bought heavily of these—and now to pass them on quickly to you makes this tempting price right in the midst of the season—

Oliver McClintock Co.,
219 Fifth Ave.

PITTSBURGH MUSIC HOUSE ENLARG

CAPT. JAS. WILSON HELD FOR COURT

Allegheny Police Official Heard Testimony of Women Who Charge Him With Grafting.

MONEY GIVEN AND TAKEN

Capt. James Wilson of the Allegheny police was held in $5,000 bail for court yesterday by Alderman Toole on five charges preferred by County Detective Robinson. Wilson is charged with extortion, opening, aiding and abetting disorderly houses, and aiding and abetting in the illegal sale of liquor. Attorneys John C. Haymaker and John Marron appeared for the prosecution. Thomas M. Marshall, Jr., was present in the interests of the defendant. Capt. Wilson attended, but declined to go on the stand in his own defense. Mr. Marshall offered to produce testimony that would result in the dismissal of the case, but Mr. Marron objected to this. The latter said he would be pleased to have Capt. Wilson testify in his own behalf, but Mr. Marshall did not choose to take advantage of this proposition. None of the Allegheny officials attended the hearing.

Nellie Snyder testified that she had formerly kept a house at 510 River avenue, Allegheny. She opened the house in June, 1902, and was immediately raided and fined $50 and costs. After making an arrangement with Capt. Wilson, she said, she paid him $5 at one time and $30 shortly after. The following night, she asserts, she was raided again and compelled to keep her house closed.

Mr. Marshall asked: "Have you received money to come here and testify?"

"No, sir."

"Did you not tell your brother that Amos Duchroth paid you money and promised to procure the services of a physician for you, and later to procure a house for you and help you to open it?"

Mr. Marron objected to this question and Alderman Toole ruled that it was irrelevant.

"Did you not say you had made the information to get even with Wilson?"

This question was not answered, as Mr. Marron objected.

Mrs. Sue Williams said she kept a house at 62 West Robinson street and had been there for about three years. A year ago last June, she said, she was compelled to close, Capt. Wilson giving her the order. In telling her story she said:

"I asked Alderman Abernathy to help me to open again, and he said he would do all he could. Then I saw Superintendent Campbell, and he told me he heard I was worth $30,000, and that he felt like closing my house and throwing the key into the river. Director Scandrett sent for me and asked me if I had paid money to anyone who might promise to get my house opened. Then I had a talk with Capt. Wilson and said to him:

"If it is going to cost money to get open again I am willing to give $100."

"That night Capt. Wilson came down and told me to open my house. I laid $100 on a table and walked into another room, leaving Wilson alone. In a minute I returned and Wilson was there, but the money had disappeared."

"Whom do you suppose took that money?" asked Mr. Marron.

"It has always been my impression that Capt. Wilson picked it up," was the reply.

In answer to Mr. Marshall, Mrs. Williams said the first time she went to the district attorney's office she said she had never paid money to be allowed to run a house. The second time, she said, she stated she had paid Capt. Wilson $150. Mr. Marron objected when Mr. Marshall asked how many times she had been at the district attorney's office, and the hearing was brought to a close.

Morris J. Smith of Cleveland avenue, Avalon, went on Wilson's bond with Attorney Marshall.

In criminal court yesterday the cases of Alderman Walter Wadsworth of Allegheny were postponed until the December term of court at the request of the defendant's attorney.

LARKIN GIVES FIGURES SHOWING EXTRAVAGANCE

Some Bureaus Spending More Than Their Appropriations and Others Depleted by Transfers.

Controller Larkin yesterday issued a statement showing the disbursements of the city bureaus for eight months of the fiscal year. His figures demonstrate that the "pro rata allowance" for all the bureaus was $2,070,582 73, but that $2,246,775 97 was spent, an excess of expenditures over appropriations of $176,193 24.

The bureau of highways and sewers spent during the eight months covered by Larkin's report $108,157 56 more than its appropriation; the water bureau spent $42,226 85; the bureau of parks spent $26,782 79. The controller shows that the bureau of highways and sewers is spending each month $19,000 more than its appropriations.

The controller said he had thought seriously of sending a communication protesting against the transfer of funds from one bureau to another. Many transfers had been made, he said, the custom proving that the money appropriated for the bureaus from which the transfers were made was not needed by those bureaus. Pleas had been made that the money asked for certain bureaus was absolutely needed, yet many thousands of dollars had been transferred, showing the pleas were false.

COMPANY IS IN TROUBLE.

Alleged Members Solicited Business With Fraudulent Intent.

J. E. Adams and L. Burnett, who represented themselves as the Manhattan Manufacturing Company of 800 Penn avenue, were arrested yesterday by Detectives Siefert and Elmore as suspicious persons. It is alleged the men have been advertising in out-of-town newspapers for fraudulent purposes. It is said they solicited for girls to sew belts, which retailed at $1.

The men announced they would supply the material for the manufacture of the belts and the girls could make $10 a week by the work, which could be secured on a deposit of $1. The detectives allege the men have collected considerable money in this manner.

$47.20 Colorado and Return.

Round trip winter tourist tickets are on sale daily from Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo at the rate of $47.20, via the Chicago, Union Pacific & Northwestern line, good on fast through trains, with high class equipment. The best of everything. Correspondingly low rates from all points. For maps, booklets and list of Colorado hotels, with rates, apply to your home agent or address W. A. Cox, general agent, 601 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

INSTALLMENT MORTGAGES.

The Peoples Savings Bank, Wood street and Fourth avenue, has plenty of money to loan on good residence or business property in Allegheny county. By its plan of installment mortgages the principal may be reduced at each interest period. Write for booklet.

Excursion to Wheeling Every Sunday Via Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

Special train leaves station, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, 8:40 a. m.; returning leaves Wheeling 5:40 p. m. Fare, $1.50 round trip.

Last Sunday Excursion to Cumberland November 6th, $2.00 Round Trip.

Special train leaves Baltimore & Ohio station, Pittsburgh, 7:00 a. m.

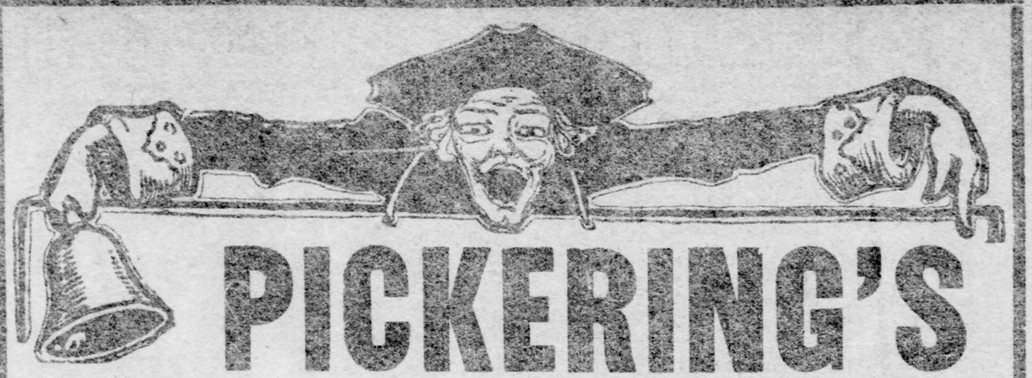
Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashley Bailey Ink Sale!

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



PICKERING'S

Don't Hesitate--Saturday--A Great Affair

In order that we may have a repetition of last Saturday's record sale we have made an extra effort to secure several of the greatest specials we have ever offered. First, we want to say that Decorated Lemonade Sets of this sort are never sold for less than $1.35. Again—these fireproof Brown and White Baking Sets will last a lifetime and are regularly sold for 75c per set of five pieces. As for the other specials—the great crush last Saturday speaks for their good values. Come as early as possible—"Nuf-Ced."

This Handsome

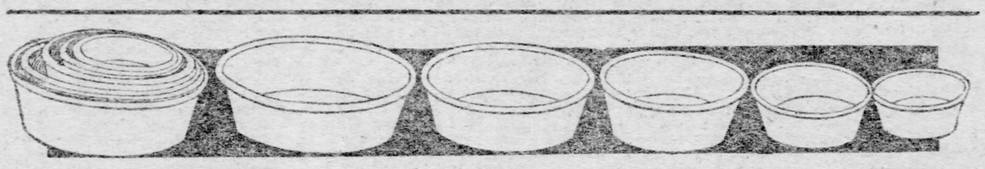
Venetian Glass Decorated (Fired) Lemonade Set

of 7 pieces

Only 50c

while they last.

Sells regularly for $1.35



This Great Set of Fireproof Baking Dishes—5 pieces—4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in. sizes—value 75c, get a set Saturday, only 22c

VERY SPECIAL--While they last we will sell what is left of these Glass Table Sets, 25c, also a few of those Fine China Salad Dishes **25c**

PRIZE PIE WINNERS

First Prize (No. 1717).
MISS CARRIE REIHER,
Lincoln Park, E. E.

Pickering's gives merchandise valued at $20.00.

Columbia Phonograph Co., 615 Penn ave., Phonograph, value $10.

M. J. Smit, 212 Fifth ave., one Ruby Diamond Ring, value $20.00.

Mellor's, 319-321 Fifth ave., fine Rosewood Mandolin, with canvas case, value $14.50.

Eagle Clothing Co., 204 Fifth ave., one Fur Boa, value $15.00.

Pittsburgh Milling Co., 1 barrel Camelia Flour, value $7.50.

Goodyear Raincoat Co., 203 Sixth st., Lady's Raincoat, value $10.00.

Haworth & Dewhurst, 25 pounds Satisfaction Coffee, value $5.00.

Victor Shoe Co., 531 Smithfield st., 1 pair Lady's Shoes, value $3.50.

Pittsburgh-Buffalo Co., 50 bushels Coal.

Am. Dentists, 204 Fifth ave., 1 set Teeth, value $5.00.

Marshell, Grocer, 822 Federal st., Allegheny, 1 pound Tea, value 50c.

Second Price (No. 1497).
MISS LAURA BRAUTIGAN,
318 Thirteenth Street,
Sharpsburg, Pa.

Pickering gives merchandise valued at $10.00.

Columbia Phonograph Co., Phonograph, value $10.00.

Haworth & Dewhurst, 15 pounds Satisfaction Coffee, value $3.00.

Pittsburgh Milling Co., 2 49-pound sacks Camelia Flour.

Marshell, Grocer, 1 pound Tea, value 50c.

M. Arnfeld & Sons, 1111-1119 Penn ave., 1 Lady's Suit Case, $5.00.

Pittsburgh-Buffalo Co., 25 bushels Coal, $2.50.

Am. Dentists, 704 Fifth ave., 1 set Teeth, value $5.00.

Third Prize (No. 1606).
MRS. NORA McKINNEY,
307 Comrie Street,
Braddock, Pa.

Pickering gives a Rocker, value $5.00.

Columbia Phonograph Co., Phonograph, value $5.00.

Haworth & Dewhurst, 10 pounds Satisfaction Coffee, value $2.00.

Pittsburgh Milling Co., 5 packages Wedding Cake Flour, value $1.50.

Marshell, 1 pound Tea, 50c.

Am. Dentists, set Teeth, worth $5.00.

Fourth Prize (No. 709).
MRS J. T. ENGLISH,
1412 Boyle St., Allegheny, Pa.

Cruikshank Bros. & Co., 1 case high grade Ketchup.

Marshell, Grocer, 1 pound Tea.

Am. Dentists, set Teeth, worth $5.00

Fifth Prize (No. 1294).
MRS. MARTHA HARTMAN,
604 Lacock, St., Allegheny.

P. Duff Son Co., 1 case 12 quarts Refined Molasses.

Marshell, Grocer, 1 pound Tea.

Am. Dentists, set Teeth, worth $5.00

Sixth Prize (No. 881).
MRS. MARY GABIG,
Carnegie Pa.

P. Duff Son Co., 1 case Duff's Toffy.

Marshell, Grocer, 1 pound Tea.

Am. Dentists, set Teeth, worth $5.00

Seventh Prize (No. 571).
MRS. J. M. TATE,
90 Fourteenth St., South Side.

Economy Shoe Co., 632-634 Liberty St., pair Shoes, your choice.

Am. Dentists, set Teeth, worth $5.00

Marshell, Grocer, 1 pound Tea.

Eighth Prize (No. 1504).
MRS. G. HASSELQUEST,
No. 7317 Idlewild St., City.

M. A. Solomon, 531 Ohio St., pair Lady's Shoes, value $5.00.

Am. Dentists, set Teeth, worth $5.00

Marshell, Grocer, 1 pound Tea.

Ninth Prize (No. 1422).
MRS. C. KEIM,
Jeannette, Pa.

Am. Dentists, Teeth, $5.00.

Marshell, Grocer, 1 pound Tea.

Ward-Mackey Co., 2 dozen boxes Tiger Biscuit.

Tenth Prize (No. 905).
MRS. MILLER,
5208 Butler St., City.

Kaercher, 439 Wood St., Gem Food Chopper.

Marshell, Grocer, 1 pound Tea.

Am. Dentists, $5.00 set Teeth.

11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th Pie, each receive 1 pound Tea from Marshell, the Grocer—also $5.00 set of Teeth from Am. Dentists.

Eleventh Prize (No. 1709).
(NOT IN YET.)

Twelfth Prize (No. 1505).
MRS. ED. N. WYON,
No. 2080 Little St., Hazelwood.

Thirteenth Prize (No. 749).
MRS. S. H. ARMSTRONG,
Glenshaw, Pa.

Fourteenth Prize (No. 753).
MRS. H. BENNETT,
Option P. O., Pa.

Fifteenth Prize (No. 1633).
MRS. L. GOVIER,
32 Whipple St., City.

Sixteenth Prize (No. 1665).
MRS. J. B. DEAL,
1112 Coal St., Wilkinsburg, Pa.

Seventeenth Prize (No. 930).
MRS. J. B. LANDWEHR,
Blackadore Ave., E. E.

Eighteenth Prize (No. 538).
MRS. T. BLACKBURN,
Industry St., Montooth Borough.

Nineteenth Prize (No. 497).
MRS. B. ESPLEN,
508 Glenmar Ave., Melrose, Pa.

Twentieth Prize (No. 704).
MRS. D. A. REISINGER,
5125 Lafayette St., City.

Friday's Special Sale, Nov. 4.

1,000 yards Heavy One-Half Wool Ingrain Carpet, large line of up-to-date designs; worth 65c per yard; special price **49c**

MADE, LAID AND LINED.

Saturday's Special Sale, Nov. 5.

100 30x60 in. Smyrna Rugs, worth $4, at $2.30
100 36x72 in. Velvet Rugs, worth $5, at $3.90
100 36x72 in. Axminster Rugs, worth $9, at $6.90
100 36x72 in. Axminster Rugs, worth $7, at $4.90

Get the Habit Don't Bother **U-NO-Y** Your Credit's Good 10th @ PENN

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Cooler. Yesterday's Temperature—Max. 67; Min. 44. *Friday, November 4, 1904.*

Fine Parlor Furniture at Reduced Prices

Visitors to our Fifth Floor Furniture Department today will find some of our most elegant parlor furniture marked at prices that mean a very great saving to the purchaser. In some cases the reduction amounts to exactly a half. The Parlor Suites are mostly reproductions of the Louis XV. and XVI. periods, with frames of solid mahogany, richly carved, and covers that are correct in pattern and color.

This is an unequaled opportunity to purchase highest quality goods at about the price of ordinary furniture. A few examples—

$140.00 Parlor Suite, $95.00. Adams' style—satinwood—inlaid; comprising sofa and arm chair, seats upholstered in denim.

$111.50 Parlor Suite, $75.00 Handsome Colonial Suite of mahogany—finely carved frames—seats and backs upholstered in denim.

$165.00 Mahogany Sofa, $85.00. A reproduction of Chippendale piece—carved panels and back. Seat upholstered in denim.

$60.00 Mahogany Chair, $40.00. Queen Anne Reception Chair—carved back and feet—slip seat covered in denim.

$39.00 Mahogany Tete, $30.00. Small piece in French style, with back at one end only—upholstered in muslin.

$35.00 Mahogany Tete, $25.00. In the style of the Empire period—carved back and headpost. Covered in denim. A very pretty odd piece.

$17 Mahogany Arm Chair, $11. This chair is in the Chippendale style—seat upholstered in green moire damask.

$25 Walnut Corner Chair, $18. Built after the Italian school—richly carved—seat covered with Genoese Velour.

$110.00 Mahogany Suite, $55.00. Louis XVI. style—open spindle backs—daintily carved—seats upholstered in muslin. Suite comprises sofa, arm and side chairs.

$57.50 Arm Chair, $40.00. Circassian Walnut frame, Louis XIV. style—richly carved and relieved with gold. Seat and back upholstered in sateen.

$172.00 Parlor Suite, $120.00. A reproduction of Hepplwhite—of inlaid satinwood. Set consists of Sofa, Arm and Side Chairs. Seats and backs upholstered in muslin. One of the finest suites we have ever shown.

Trained Canaries Ready.

There are canaries and canaries. All come from the Hartz Mountains, yet some are not worth carrying home.

Every Autumn we hold a sale of canaries, and none is sold except as a first-class singer. Each bird is guaranteed.

In our East Basement the finest canaries that come from the Hartz Mountains are now on sale. The price is $2.00.

We also have a nice line of cages—cages expressly for canary birds, beginning with a pretty cage for $1.75 and running through different lines and styles up to cages at $4.50.

Men's Underwear.

Just a reminder to tell you that we are prepared to meet your every underwear want. We have an exceptionally large and complete stock. One of our customers buying underwear the other day remarked: "Well, these three suits of underwear will do service just three years." That is the sort of goods we take pleasure in selling. With us it is not entirely a question of how cheap, but how good.

Many men find the utmost comfort in the all-wool, unshrinkable underwear made by I. & R. Morley, Nottingham, England. No restriction regarding laundering. Exclusive with us.

Kotedsilk Underwear for men, $2.50 a garment—all the luxury of silk at about one-fourth the cost. Knitted on the inside with a coating of pure silk. The delightful softness of Kotedsilk will always remain. No care necessary in washing. It will not shrink. We are the sole agents.

Merino Underwear, $1.00 a garment.
Wright's wool fleeced Underwear, $1.00 a garment.
Merino and natural wool Underwear, $1.50 a garment.
Merino Underwear at $1.75 a garment.
Merino and worsted Underwear, $2.00 a garment.
Natural wool Underwear at $2.25 a garment.
White wool Underwear, $2.25 a garment.
Extra heavy natural wool Underwear, $2.50 a garment.
Ribbed Balbriggan Underwear, $1.25 and $1.50.
Extra heavy German Balbriggan, $1.50 a garment.
Deimel's Linen Mesh Underwear for men who can't wear wool and don't like cotton, $3.25 a garment.

Short Ends of Laces and Embroideries Half.

Today find the Center Aisle tables filled with short pieces of laces and embroideries left from the week's selling. They run from a half yard to two and a half yards, cover every quality and all widths. Edgings, insertings, bands, beadings and all-overs.

If you find such pieces as you need in this collection you can save half of the regular price.

Women's Handkerchiefs, 12½c Each.

Regular Value 25c.

Hand hemstitched handkerchiefs, these of finest linen and of a goodly size. Laundered nicely, and if you wish them so, put up in pretty boxes, a half dozen to each box, without extra charge.

The Necklace Fad.

The reigning fad of the season is the Necklace Fad. And this in its broadest sense, as we use the word to cover every style of metal or bead ornament to go around the neck. The prettiest and most novel of these come from Europe. We show by far the most extensive collection to be seen in these cities. A few moments spent in our Jewelry section will convince you of this.

Let us bring to your attention a few special numbers in bead necklaces:

Imitation Coral Necklaces, made of vegetable ivory and colored a delicate coral pink, 18 inches long, filled clasps, 50c.

Mourning Necklaces, in dull black stone beads, graduated, 50c.

Faceted Crystal Necklaces, 18 inches long, in Amethyst, Emerald, Olivine and Aqua Marine, with a faceted rock crystal rondel between each bead. $1.50. These are usually sold for $3.00 and $4.00.

Turquoise Enamel Bead Necklaces, in a delicate turquoise shade, 18 inches long, with a rock crystal rondel between each bead, 3 sizes of beads, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75. These figures represent about one-half usual price.

Leather Dress Trimmings.

One of the very newest trimmings is of leather. It is strikingly new as a dress trimming, and is also used for vests and belting. Shown in various combinations, the background color being brown. Not only new, but decidedly pretty. 50c and $1.00 per yard.

Spangled Gaudet Trimmings, jet and opal, $1.50, $2.00 and $3.50 per yard.

New Parisian Novelties shown in the very latest colorings, 35c, 85c, $1.25 a yard.

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Although we shall give you notice again in the next 24 hours regarding toys, we ask parents to remember that on Saturday the freedom of our Toy Department, East Basement, is extended to the Children of Greater Pittsburgh and the towns surrounding. And we might suggest to parents, if they enjoy seeing little people immensely pleased, they might come along with the children. But if you can't come, send the children, and we'll take care of them. You may rest assured they'll have a fine time.

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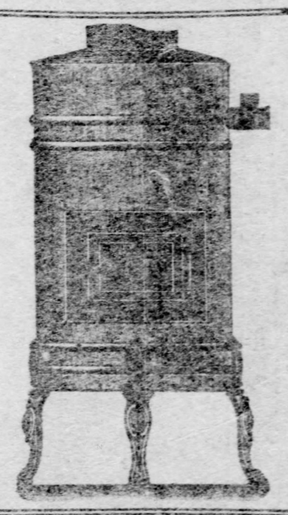

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Friday, November 4, 1904.

Not only should there be a uniformity between the states in marriage laws, but the regulations should coincide with provisions of leading religious denominations so far as possible. Indictments were brought in New York recently against a Jew and his niece who had been married while ignorant of the state law forbidding such a union. The district attorney asked for the dismissal of the case as he had the testimony of a rabbi that such marriages were common between members of that faith where the law allowed it. But the judge was inexorable, so the parties must be tried, although they realize that in some parts of this country such a union is not a crime. Naturally the customs of all sects could not be consulted in framing marriage laws, but the church canons of the great majority are sensible on this point and religion exerts a very powerful influence in inducing respect for the ceremony.

The action of the czar in promoting Admiral Rojestvensky cannot be construed other than as Russia's reply to English criticism upon the admiral's behavior. The incident does not strengthen confidence that any punishment will be inflicted upon the Russian officers who fired upon the fishing fleet, no matter what the findings of the international commission may be. Official Russia is committed to the theory that there was a Japanese torpedo attack upon the fleet and that the fishermen suffered because they happened to be in the line of fire. Doubtless indemnity will be paid, but Russia will not admit that her officers blundered and that the Japanese torpedo boats had no existence save in their imagination. It is the one victory which Russia can claim in the present war, and it would be hard for her to give up that by admitting that the action was really fought against unarmed fishing smacks and that such injuries as the Russian vessels themselves may have sustained were caused by their firing into one another.

Candidate Parker made a tour of Connecticut yesterday, speaking at Bridgeport, New Haven and Hartford. His addresses were largely devoted to platitudes, but he branched out occasionally on the tariff. He criticised the "stand-pat" policy of Republicans, remarking that there were those who wished to stand pat on the slavery question, but he did not add that most of them were Democrats. Most people will agree with his suggestion that the world's advancement is generally due to a departure from the "stand-pat" principle, but this idea hardly agrees with his criticism of strenuosity and his plea for a return to the simplicity of the fathers. Judge Parker took occasion to repay Edward Atkinson for his testimony to the accuracy of the false statements concerning the Philippines, for he called the juggler of figures one of the eminent statisticians. Former President Cleveland also talked last night and told the New Jersey audience how the tariff had proved to be the mother of trusts, which were checked by the Wilson bill, but had taken a fresh start under Dingley protection.

Mayor Hays has done his part in as far as the franchise of the Duquesne Light Company is concerned. His failure to sign the street railway bills might be construed to mean that he hesitates to give his approval to such rank violations of his election promises, but the mayor's past record does not encourage such construction. It would prove an agreeable surprise to the public if the mayor should veto those ordinances as an indication that he really does think more of his obligation to the people than of the possible interests of his political friends. For one such act the mayor would get more credit than for a dozen speeches of welcome to visiting delegations, no matter what their dignity. In some other town, Philadelphia, for example, the present situation would be the warrant for appeals to the chief executive and for petitions to protect the public interest. That it is not so here is because the mayor has never given any encouragement to manifestations of public opinion. It is never too late to mend, however, and it may strike Mayor Hays that this is a good time to begin to consult with the public about its business affairs.

Women suffrage associations in the west are excited by the discovery that the bill providing for the admission of Oklahoma and Arizona as states prohibits them from limiting the suffrage "except on account of illiteracy, minority, sex, conviction of felony, mental condition or residence." This is construed as a blow at woman suffrage, although it is simply permissive and does not in the least prevent the granting of the suffrage to women. The intention of the proviso is doubtless to bar the "grandfather clause" and other capricious limitations by which some southern states have practically abolished negro suffrage. The conditions are, however, of no real value, as the rights of the states are those delineated by the Constitution, and any statutory provisions annexed to the admission of a territory cannot be enforced if they exceed the bounds of the Constitution. Race, color or previous condition of servitude are now the only conditions which can be constitutionally applied, but the decisions of the supreme court indicate that anything else goes. If a state should choose to limit the suffrage to blue-eyed people or to one-legged men there does not appear to be any constitutional obstruction. The only way of dealing with states who make the suffrage a class monopoly is to make a corresponding reduction in their representation.

Philadelphia's Fear.

Philadelphia is agitated again by rumors that a scheme is on foot to sell or lease the city water system to a private corporation. A plot of this kind was unearthed some years ago, but the public disapproval was of such a character that it was at once abandoned. Since then there have been several revivals of the "scare." In the present instance Mayor John Weaver has taken cognizance of the rumors to the extent of making a declaration that he will not sanction any such transfer as long as he is mayor.

Philadelphians are not without some warrant for their fears. They have for example the Ramapo scheme in New York, which narrowly failed of seizure of the New York water system during the term of Mayor Van Wyck and which has so strongly entrenched itself that the head of the New York bureau of water supply recently declared the city cannot turn in any direction to increase its water supply without making a deal with the Ramapo Company. If such things can be done in New York they may be done in Philadelphia, and if they may be done in Philadelphia, why not in Pittsburgh? Water is about the only public utility assigned by common consent to municipal control. Mismanagement of that control in many cases tends to reconcile many citizens to the suggestion of corporate ownership.

It is true that private corporations usually manage their business better than municipal corporations. But in the case of a public water supply efficiency of management from the corporate point of view would not mean the advantage of the public, but that of the corporation. The advantage of a private corporation would be at the public expense. It would hardly be possible to so hedge a grant for water supply to a private corporation with restrictions that would secure the public interest. It would be almost inevitable that the private corporation would impose charges and conditions that would be more burdensome to the people than the results of mismanagement under municipal control, unpleasant as these sometimes are. In this situation Philadelphia may reasonably be excused for the indignation that the suggestion of private ownership of the water supply arouses.

The Doom of Port Arthur.

The siege of Port Arthur has reached the closing stage and its fall is now thought to be imminent. It has been one of the memorable sieges of history, distinguished alike for determination of attack and heroism of defense. Gen. Stoessel has made his name famous in military history, but the fact remains that a position of great natural strength, fortified to the limit of engineering skill and regarded as absolutely impregnable, has not been able to defy Japanese valor.

The siege of Port Arthur dates back to the battle of Nanshan, begun May 26. Russian fortifications covered the whole width of the isthmus, in several lines, all the approaches to which were covered by mines and barbed wire entanglements. After 16 hours of continuous fighting the Japanese pierced all the lines, driving the Russians from the field. By this victory, which was totally unexpected by the Russians, Port Arthur was isolated and only occasional rumors have brought to the world news of the sanguinary combats which have taken place as the Japanese have fought their way step by step through the circles of fortifications surrounding the city. Now after five months of siege operations the Japanese have the city under their guns and the last act of the stupendous drama is taking place.

The siege has already lasted longer than that at Plevna, where Osman Pasha held out against the Russian armies from July 20 to December 9, 1877. It is not, however, likely to rival that of Sebastopol, which held out for 349 days and was then surrendered rather than captured, as the final assault failed at six points out of seven, the Malokoff, carried by the French, being the only work upon the main line which was actually captured. At Port Arthur, as at Sebastopol, the stubborn endurance of Russian valor has been grandly demonstrated, but in the Japanese new conquerors have entered the field of war, whose courage and determination nothing can stay and who do not appear to consider any sacrifice too great to make in the service of their country.

Quiet Is Not Apathy.

It is a common remark heard on the streets that this is the quietest campaign in history. Some persons assume that the quiet is due to apathy, but when occasion offers the voters show themselves thoroughly alive to the situation. The recent meeting in the East End was an example of the outpouring of the people to manifest their interest in the issues of the day. The meeting tomorrow will be as large and enthusiastic as anyone can wish. It is not apathy that affects the Pennsylvania Republican, but certainty as to the result. The apathy is all in the Democratic ranks, where the men who ordinarily make the enthusiasm are disappointed with their national candidate. In a few congressional districts, where they think they have a chance to win and some regard for their candidates, they are active enough and are making the battle warm. Likewise in the legislative and judicial districts there is activity wherever there is a remote chance of success.

Pennsylvania Republicans long ago fathomed the designs of the Democratic leaders to confine their efforts to these minor offices and have been turning their energies in the same direction. It is quite as important that the congress should be Republican as that the president should be returned to office. It is equally important that a Republican legislature shall be elected to attend to the many matters of vital interest that will come before the next session. Aside from purely state matters there will be an election for United States senator to succeed Senator Philander C. Knox, whose term by appointment expires next March. There should be no question about an ample Republican majority for that purpose. There can be no doubt about it if Republican voters do their duty in every district. That duty is to go to the polls and vote straight.

In some of the legislative districts the Democrats are making the specious argument that the Republican majority in both branches of the legislature is too large for the good of the people. This plea is not made openly, but quietly, as though addressed only to the voters of one district. It is hoped that by it many Republicans may be induced to try experiments. There is small chance, however, that any considerable number of citizens can be fooled by so patent a device of the enemy. There is one safe rule: Make the Republican majority as large as possible in every district. Pennsylvania is not a doubtful state, but it is looked to for an example that will inspire the whole country and that cannot be given if there be any lukewarmness in any direction.

The Canadian Election.

Although the Canadian political campaign did not begin until September 29 the election took place yesterday, little over a month sufficing for the nomination of candidates and for the discussion of the issues. It so happens that those issues are extremely important to this country and might well attract thought and attention now bestowed upon such feigned and artificial ones as imperialism, executive usurpation, and the like. As compared with Canada, the United States is in the position of an old-established business concern whose trade a young and ambitious competitor proposes to rival by large investments of capital and extensive enterprises.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier appealed for a renewal of popular support for the Liberal party, which under his premiership carries on the Canadian government by a program of expansion which is frankly aimed at the supremacy of the United States. He told the Canadian public that the nineteenth century had been the century of the United States; his ambition was to make the twentieth century the era in which Canadian development should be the dominant feature, making it in a special sense Canada's century. Certainly the projects by which the accomplishment of this object is sought are sufficiently ambitious. They include steamship lines both on the Atlantic and the Pacific between Canadian ports and Central America to connect with the commercial opportunities which will be opened by the construction of the Panama canal, an ocean route via Hudson's bay and the construction of a new transcontinental road at an expenditure of $150,000,000. These are great undertakings for a people numbering only 6,000,000 and already carrying a federal debt of about $300,000,000.

Vast as are these undertakings, it is plain that Canada means to have a try at them, for during the campaign just closed the only dispute was as to which party was the more capable of carrying them out successfully. The Conservative party made a bid for power by declaring for government ownership of the proposed railway. There does not appear to be any opposition to the program of expansion strong enough to express itself in the way of political organization.

So far as natural opportunities go it must be admitted that Canada has a good basis for large enterprises. Many competent judges think that the development of the Canadian northwest is going to parallel the development of our own west, and such an idea is evidently widely diffused among our western farmers as they are pouring over the border by tens of thousands to buy Canadian wheat lands. The Manitoba wheat crop amounted to 58,000,000 bushels last season, and that is but a beginning. And there are other provinces besides Manitoba that contain good wheat land. One would hardly imagine it to be the fact, but it is so, that the Canadian northwest is about 1,000 miles nearer Liverpool by way of Hudson's bay than our own west by way of New York. It must be remembered that the world is round and that the bulge of it rapidly contracts as one approaches the pole. The Canadian government has been studying this Hudson bay route and finds that it is navigable for commercial purposes three and a half months in the year. When it is closed by ice the new transcontinental railway will still furnish an outlet both to the Atlantic and the Pacific. In connection with these great enterprises home industries are to be developed by not only tariff protection but by bounties. In fact, emulation of the United States is the keynote of Canadian politics.

The returns indicate that Premier Laurier is returned to power, so that it will not be long before a start is made upon the ambitious program which the people of Canada have indorsed in the elections. The developments cannot fail to have an important reaction upon our own politics.

After all the fuss those ordinances for securing the public safety are to remain in the corporations committee. The deal with corporate privileges is contrary to the code to put public safety above the welfare of the corporations.

The literary clerk of the Wisconsin Democratic state committee has gone crazy. His aberration might not have been noticed but for the fact that he was sending Italian campaign documents to the Irish voters.

Pig iron production for October was about 200,000 tons greater than for the same month last year. Sales are much larger. It looks as though the waiting man has been disappointed again.

Juvenile court needs more workers. There are not enough probation officers. This will never do if the youthful offenders are to be saved.

At last the California airship has landed in the river. Odd what an affinity for water the aerial monsters have.

An exchange suggests that the Indian who has been making this summer is "next to his job."

Alderman Wadsworth's case has been postponed again. Sort of Russian unpreparedness.

Promotion of Rojestvensky for sinking an English fishing smack is peculiarly Russian.

Judge Parker on the stump is less attractive, even, than Judge Parker silent.

When the fall rains set in the need of good roads will be more apparent.

Port Arthur cannot exist one-third Russian and two-thirds Japanese.

Founder's day caught a new enthusiasm from the greater institute.

Farewell to the Iron and Steel Institute. The visit was enjoyed.

President Roosevelt got his bumps in October.

Talked of in Gotham

By FRANK A. PARKER.

(By Private Wire to The Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Those who didn't go to the Haymakers' barn dance at West Hoboken tonight missed the time of their lives. To get on the dancing floor the guests had to don the duds worn on the farm and carry the ever present whisk of straw between their teeth. The Haymakers is an organization that threatens to be as popular as the Hoboken Turtle club. Their entertainment, which comes once a year, is the French ball of Hudson county, without the wine thrown in. In place of the girl who wants to kick the roof off there is the one who never has milked a cow, but thinks she knows how. For the occasion the big Schuetzen park, which is large enough to accommodate 3,000 dancers, is turned into a great barnyard.

In one corner there is a pig pen with the mother and suckling pigs, while medium-sized porkers grunt in anticipation over the sweetmeats thrown to them by the barn dancers. Chickens there are galore, along with ducks, oxen, horses, donkeys and goats, while the place is hung with table lanterns, and there is a profusion of harness and old farm vehicles stacked in the corner, as though the barn had been cleared for a dance.

When the barn dance is over the committee makes the award of prizes. Chickens, pigs, geese, ducks, goats, a cow and a pony are carried off by those who obtain them for original costumes. Then comes the fun of getting the unwilling prize home. A young woman with a squealing porker on a street car in the early morning certainly does attract attention, but as the Haymakers fun comes only once a year, it is popular.

When Other Tubes Will Open.

While November 10 still holds good as the date for the opening of the greater part of the eastern line of the subway, it is not expected that the western line above One Hundred and Forty-fifth street will be thrown open before 1905, or that the lower Broadway section will be in operation before March 1. The chances of the interchangeability of subway and elevated railroad tickets seemed, on further inquiry today, to be as remote as ever. Certain subway officials professed to see no demand for such a plan, asserting also that the fact of the agreement to pay to the city a percentage of the subway receipts would be a further obstacle in the interchanging of tickets.

There were continued indications that the nap of the subway having worn thin, the distribution of passenger traffic between the elevated and underground road is in a fair way of adjustment. The Interborough Rapid Transit Company, through both major and minor officials, denies that there is any intention to curtail either the present running schedule or rolling stock of the elevated road.

Memorial to Murdered Son.

It transpires that the donor of the $200,000 for the erection of a new building for the New York Historical society is Henry Dexter, father of Orlando P. Dexter, who was shot and killed by a poacher on his estate in the Adirondacks last year. The building is designed as a memorial to the son, and is to bear a tablet with an inscription to that effect. In admitting that he was the anonymous donor of the fund, which at first he was reluctant to do, Mr. Dexter said:

"I wish it known that the money which I am giving the society is from my son's estate, which reverted to me at his death. He and I had many tastes in common, and I am sure that were he alive now this disposition of the funds would give him pleasure. He felt in debt to the society for the assistance he had received from it in his researches. When the new building is completed we are going to have an institution that will rival the Smithsonian—even surpass it. When the possessions of the society are properly housed people will recognize what rare and priceless objects we have here. There is one collection of Egyptian jewelry for which alone the British museum offered $100,000."

Mr. Dexter is now in his 92nd year.

Cars Running on Williamsburg Bridge.

Trolley connection between Manhattan and Williamsburg, by way of the new bridge, which was held up for some time by a temporary injunction, is a fact. Beginning at 9 o'clock today cars have been running across the new structure and already conductors have begun to ring up fares. It was planned that the real opening should take place tomorrow, but after a successful run yesterday, officials of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and the Coney Island and Brooklyn line decided to make regular trips today across the bridge in order that defects discovered might be remedied. The first car open to the public went on the bridge at the Williamsburg end promptly at 9 o'clock. There was no red tape or official flourish, and the only city official present was Mr. Nichols, Bridge Commissioner Best's chief engineer. He was there merely to see that everything ran smoothly, or to accept or make suggestions for bettering conditions.

Nothing to Feed Dog From.

Because he was able to produce a lease providing plainly that his family, "consisting of two adults and a dog," should have the rental of a flat in the Lenox apartment, W. Grant Duff, won in the Seventh district municipal court today in a suit against him for one month's rent at $50 brought by John Hadcock, proprietor of the house. Duff secured a lease of the house about July 1 for two months.

His lease expressly provided that the flat should be furnished for housekeeping for himself, his wife and the dog. Yet, when he moved into the apartment, Duff says, while the rooms were furnished the only housekeeping utensils were two spoons. As he couldn't feed the dog from a spoon Duff stayed only one month. The landlord sued for the second month's rent, but a jury decided he had no case. The dog was in court, but was not called to the witness stand.

Little Mother Seeks Her Papa.

Just before the adjournment of court at Essex market today there entered a timid child, who asked to see "Mr. Judge." She was escorted to the bridge, where Magistrate Pool was sitting, and stood on tiptoe that she might look over the edge of the desk. "Please, Mr. Judge," she said, "won't you find my papa? He's gone away and mamma's gone, too, and we're all alone, and we've had nothing to eat since yesterday."

"Where did your papa go?" asked the magistrate kindly.

"I don't know," replied the child. "He is a pushcart peddler, and his name is Samuel Blank. Last night papa and mamma quarreled, and then mamma went away and didn't come home. Then papa went out and he didn't come home."

The magistrate put the case in charge of a probationary officer, who will investigate.

Nips of New York News.

A witness has been found willing to swear he saw Caesar Young shoot himself and thus aid Nan Patterson to escape conviction on a charge of murder.

Margaret Gier, weight 340, dropped dead. Her husband, known to the East Side as "Uncle William," who weighed 400, preceded her through the valley just seven months.

"Manny" Friend's popularity on the East Side was shown by the great crowd at his funeral today.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

Hotel Astor.
N. Kaufmann, S. B. Weller.

Holland.
T. J. Elterich, W. C. Temple, H. A. Rose, T. B. Clark.

Imperial.
H. A. Plumer, Mrs. W. H. McCarthy, C. H. Struble.

Manhattan.
Mrs. C. B. King, Mrs. C. E. Speer, Jr., Miss N. Ferguson.

Herald Square.
R. M. Kerr, W. H. Hahn.

Hoffman.
J. M. Given, D. Roney, Mrs. T. N. Barnsdall.

Fifth Avenue.
T. E. Riter, F. A. Reinhart.

Navarre.
R. M. Palmer, A. S. Banker.

Victoria.
N. Stein, C. S. Black.

Albemarle.
Mrs. G. B. Edwards, Miss K. M. Edwards.

Albert.
D. Frazer, G. Wyness.

Broadway Central.
J. Bates, F. F. Sterrett.

Gregorian.
E. C. Morgan.

Normandie.
S. F. Hallinger.

St. Denis.
A. Hamburger.

St. Andrews.
D. J. Crawford.

Vendome.
H. E. Gay, Mrs. Gay.

Cumberland.
F. Davidson.

Everett.
F. Evans.

Belleclaire.
E. E. Patton.

Belvedere.
H. Berger, J. Pechler.

The Quiet Observer.

By ERASMUS WILSON.

"There is nothing new except what is forgotten," is a saying so old that its origin is completely hidden in the mist of ages.

Old as it is the truth of it was verified by Mr. Morley in his Founder's day address yesterday afternoon.

The newest thought that shows prominently in it was that the occupation of Fort Duquesne by Gen. Forbes gave to the new world a political and social trend which made it a new England instead of a new France.

Gen. Forbes, nor his young and faithful soldier, George Washington, had not thought of this, as their whole attention was given to thwarting the French in their effort to control a position so important from a purely military point of view.

Like all men of destiny they builded better than they knew, and it is greatly to our credit that we have discovered and do appreciate that in their works, which were not apparent at the time, and of which they had no thought.

Then, as if to complete the work which they had unconsciously done, Gen. Wolf won the day on the Plains of Abraham which made Canada a sister English province.

* * * * *

History is vastly more interesting when read in the light of passing events and present conditions.

Even the philosophy of Plato, when viewed in the light of the present age causes us to wonder whether he may not have been a real prophet who, with the vision, or prevision, of a seer beheld that which was to be in all the unborn ages.

Possibly it was his thorough knowledge of geometry, the logic of mathematics, that led him to make true logical deductions and enabled him to reach conclusions as sure as fate.

We call it fate simply because we cannot comprehend the laws by which the universe is governed and controlled. Great philosophers may have had some apprehension of these laws, but none have comprehended them, and none ever will be able to comprehend them fully.

Because of the impossibility of comprehending these laws some would-be philosophers have argued that it is purely a matter of chance, and that it is because our foresight is as bad as our hindsight is good that we see so much in the past that might have been seen long before it transpired.

Anyway, we often wonder after a thing has transpired why we didn't see it before, it being so clear and so logical in the light of its fulfillment.

* * * * *

The particularly fine audience that greeted Mr. Morley was more or less disappointed in the man and in his address, but the disappointment was of the agreeable sort. Indeed, he proved himself to be quite a good American, take him just as he is, and for all of which he is none the worse, nor any the less a loyal and worthy son of England.

You see, the people of the kingdoms of the earth do not differ as greatly in thought, feeling and sentiment as they think they do, and they are gradually finding this out. And as the truth of the universal brotherhood of man dawns brighter and brighter upon them the more fully will they appreciate the great fact, until at last there will be no more fratricidal strife, nor battles for mastery over one another.

"They shall beat their swords into ploughshares and their spears into pruning hooks: nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more," said Micah, a philosopher and prophet of old.

We ought to see this much clearer than he, for haven't we the advantage of the light of later ages, and haven't we noted the logic of events, even the event that made this a new England instead of a new France, and can we not draw conclusions and prophesy new events as did prophets in the olden times, and philosophize as did Socrates and Plato when they demonstrated that the coming, the stable, the true government would be a republic?

* * * * *

And now that mountains and oceans are no longer the mighty barriers they once were, and that nations are not nearly so distant one from the other in point of time, why shouldn't we become more closely associated, more congenial, more fraternal?

The time was when each particular nation was tight and snug in its own bailiwick, and permitted no intrusion by outsiders, not even by near neighbors.

This, narrow and selfish as it may seem to us, was in accordance with the eternal fitness of things, for it was in this way that distinct, definite and the best possible types of men were developed and confirmed.

Those who were best fitted to live and to occupy certain territory drove all others out so that there was no intermingling of blood or crossing of types. In this way were the distinct types of men, such as Scotch, Irish, English, French and so on established.

Having no love for each other as individuals they held no intercourse as nations, except that known as war or traffic.

After these types had been so fully confirmed that their peculiar characteristic might be transmitted the times were ready for the coming man, a composite of the better types in all the world. But nowhere could this man be born on account of the exclusiveness and the jealousies of existing nations.

Then it was that America began to loom up as the land and the home of the composite man, the man of the future.

* * * * *

There is in this nation the blood of every type of man on the face of the earth, so that none who come among us are entire strangers or without kin folk.

Now that the composite man has proven such a great success the separate types themselves have become more sociable and mingle together more like brothers than like jealous and unsympathetic neighbors.

Probably the first, or among the first things to excite kindly, mellowing sympathies between exclusive types of men was art, for it is something that appeals to the holier elements in mankind rather than to those purely human or mercenary.

And even in these times there is no stronger nor more enduring ties between the various types of men on the face of the earth than art ties. It is not necessary to know the language of the artist, nor even the particular type to which he belongs to understand his story, or to comprehend his song without words.

You have but to view the exhibition of paintings which opened here last night. There you will find pictures from each and every nation that makes any pretentions to art; nor are they quarrelsome, or disdainful, or hateful, but hang together on the walls as happily and as wholesomely as the various types of people whom they represent, hang together in this new land, the birthplace and the home of the composite type of man, the new man of the world.

* * * * *

Although less than a century has passed since England was at the throat of young America and trying its best to throttle it, there are now no signs of enmity, nor of jealousy, nor of distrust one toward the other.

Instead of these we see only bright, portentious signs. Our representative men speak as freely and as clearly on the English stage as did her representative, the Hon. John Morley, when he addressed an audience in Carnegie music hall composed almost entirely of the composite type of people, the new men and women of the new world.

Few men, if any, have done more or even as much to bring about this era of fraternal feeling as Andrew Carnegie, child of Scotland, and man of America. And this he has done by affording opportunities and providing occasions for the progressive and more aggressive spirits of the nations of the world to get together and view things from a common point of sight.

The point of sight is almighty important, for upon it depends the impression made on the heart, the trend it gives to thought.

When all men shall see eye to eye, then shall all hearts beat as one, and the millenium will have come.

We live in deeds, not years; in thoughts, not breaths;
In feelings, not in figures on a dial.
We should count time by heart-throbs. He most lives
Who thinks most, feels the nobles, acts the best.
Life's but a means unto an end; that end
Beginning, mean, and end to all things—God.
—Philip James Bailey.

Gas in Somerset.

After continuous drilling for several months the Somerset Gas Company's corps of men on the Dan Long farm, three miles south of Stoystown, Saturday located gas at a depth of 2,200 feet. There is 100 pounds pressure. Indications point to oil being almost within reach of the drillers and great excitement is said to exist.—Meyersdale Commercial.

Washington Voters

* * *

Inquiry at the state, war and navy departments in Washington shows that about the usual number of employes will go to their homes next week to vote at the presidential and state elections. Altogether there are about 1,700 employes in the war department, including women and other non-voters, and the present indications are that between 200 and 300 will exercise the right of suffrage at their legal residences next Tuesday. That is about the same number who voted at the last presidential election. There are about 600 employes in the navy department and it is estimated that about one-fifth of these will go home to vote next Tuesday.

About 200 clerks of the postoffice department in the city have applied for leaves to cover election day and will go to their legal residences, presumably to vote. All leaves for such a purpose must, in accordance with the rules and regulations of the postal service, be taken from the annual allowance, and if all such has been used by a clerk and he is desirous of exercising the privilege of the ballot he must take the leave, if it be granted him, without pay. This does not apply to the assistants to the postmaster general, who are all classed as indirect representatives of the president and who may take leave when they wish, with the sanction of the postmaster general. Others, such as division chiefs and the like, come under the classification and are not accorded leave except at the discretion of their superiors in office.

Quite a number of the woman clerks of the department are also taking leave at this time, but the average is not higher than usual at this period of the year. Many of these have saved their time allowance from the summer months and will take advantage of the cool of the year to spend a little time away from their work.

The certificates asked by those men of the postal service who are going home to vote are being made out in the office of the chief clerk of the department and are for the purpose of identification at the various railroad ticket offices where lower rates have been made, in order that the clerk and voter may purchase his ticket at the reduced rate without difficulty.

In the treasury building about 200 certificates to voters have been issued. At the bureau of engraving and printing, which comes under the treasury, the total issue to yesterday was 400. It was expected that the number would reach 600 from the bureau before election day, and at the treasury the total was expected to reach 300 or 400. At the department of justice, which has only about 200 clerks, including a considerable number of women, the total number issued to date has been 25. This will be increased 10 or 15 more between now and election day.

For the accommodation of voters going home to cast their ballots for president, the Washington terminal lines will sell round trip tickets by the same route at the rate of one fare. Tickets will be sold to bona fide voters and dependent household members of their families.

While still insisting that policemen and firemen in the employ of the District of Columbia can have no legal right to vote in their own states, owing to their sworn declaration upon appointment that they have been residents of the district for at least two years prior to that time, the commissioners announce that if any member of either of these two departments considered that he had a right to legally cast his vote next Tuesday, he would be granted a leave of absence.

The announcement by the commissioner that the members of these departments have no legal right to vote created some discussion, as it was pointed out in various quarters that residence in the district has never been held to be the surrendering of citizenship in any state, and that the thousands of men in the employ of the district and federal government who go home annually to vote do not differ in the matter of their residence from the policemen and firemen, except that the latter have certified to two years' residence there.

It is pointed out that all people who live in Washington and have lived there for varying periods of from 2 to 25 years and who go to different states to vote, are no more entitled to the right of franchise than policemen and firemen, whether they have certified to it or not. It is declared that the disqualification of two-year residents would go a long way toward impugning the right of 25-year residents to vote. The question has been asked why employment by the District of Columbia should disfranchise a man when the courts have held that employment by the government in the district does not do so.

However, both Commissioner McFarland and Commissioner West maintain their positions in the matter of the legality of a vote cast by either a policeman or a fireman, but both state that they have "too much respect for the suffrage right to hinder a man from attempting to exercise it if he thinks he has the right so to do." Accordingly, any member of the two departments may go home to vote if he applies for leave of absence.

Where Curfew Rings.

The borough council has passed an amendment to the curfew law as recently enacted, the new ruling providing that after next Monday adult persons are placed on the list of those whose late hours will be regulated by law as well as those of children. By this action any person, no matter what the age, who is on our streets at midnight will throw him or herself open to challenge by the police officer, and unless a satisfactory excuse for being out at this time can be given, the officer will have the right to lock the offender up until the burgess can give a hearing. If at this time there is still no reasonable excuse given, the party will either be fined or held for court.—Grove City Correspondent Mercer Dispatch.

A New World's Record.

The world's record for boat unloading has just been broken at Conneaut, on Lake Erie. The Wolvin, the largest freighter on fresh water, was emptied of a cargo of 9,645 tons of iron in 4½ hours, reducing by six hours the best record heretofore made. One by one eight monstrous hoisting machines were transferred in turn to the 33 cargo hatches of the Wolvin. The unloading of big boats is not rare at Conneaut. It is today the foremost ore port of the world, its ore receipts for July being nearly 100,000 tons more than were ever received before, and this, despite the fact that the movement of ore generally this year has not been as heavy as was expected early in the season.—Shenango Valley News.

Pittsburghers at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—The following Pittsburgh people are registered at the leading St. Louis hotels:

Hamilton.
Mrs. J. W. Carpenter, Henry C. Carpenter, R. E. McCarty, Mrs. McCarty, Miss Bessie McCarty, Miss Etta McCarty, C. G. Hussey.

Planters.
William Duff.

Southern.
A. McGregor, Charles Potter, C. F. Thompson, Arthur B. Davis, W. H. Dewal.

Washington.
T. J. Fitzpatrick, Mrs. Fitzpatrick.

Answer to Correspondent.

P. F. Eichenlaut—The salary of the vice president of the United States is $8,000 a year.

IT IS TO SMILE.

Sally Gay—And, after you rejected him—?
Dolly Swift—Oh, he married disgustingly well.—Puck.

Crawford—I heard you talking to your wife. Did you have a row?
Crabshaw—No. When there's a row she does all the talking.—Town Topics.

"Which candidate is going to lose?"
"I don't know yet," answered young Mrs. Torkins, "but I think I can find out by asking Charley which one he has bet on."—Washington Star.

It makes a woman think a corporation is a robber to have a street car conductor ask her for her fare after she thinks he has forgotten it.—New York Press.

Mr. Cushman—Why, you were stopping at that hotel the same time I was. Funny I didn't see you.
Miss Sharp—Not at all, I never went into the barroom, you know.—Philadelphia Ledger.

It is easy enough to be pleasant
When the other man's boy's knocked silly.
But the man worth while
Is the man who can smile
When they chew up his own little Willie.
—New York Herald.

PLUMBERS FIGHT METER MEASURES

Objections to City Doing the Work, Even With Union Labor, Are Overruled.

RECOMMENDED TO COUNCILS

The committee on public works yesterday affirmatively recommended to the city councils the two meter ordinances prepared by Director Bigelow. The recommendation was made in the face of protests from the Association of Master Plumbers and the Journeymen Plumbers' association.

One ordinance authorizes the director to employ additional officers and assistants of the filtration bureau, the other authorizes him to contract for $80,000 worth of water meters, about 5,000 of them. Maj. Hammer moved that the ordinances be reported affirmatively to councils.

Jacob Soffel, Jr., former common councilman, was present to represent the Association of Master Plumbers. He said the master plumbers and the journeymen were opposed to the ordinances, as they committed the city to going into the plumbing business. There was nothing in the ordinance compelling the employment of union plumbers, and, besides, the master plumbers, who paid taxes, had a livelihood to make and for the city to put in the meters was depriving the master plumbers of business. A representative of the association of journeymen also spoke in the same vein. Mr. Soffel asked that the vote on the favorable recommendation be postponed, to give the plumbers and master plumbers an opportunity to give their side of the case at greater length.

Director Bigelow explained that much work in connection with meter setting had to be done, plans must be kept on file and nobody could do that so well as the city. The city paid union wages and the city ought to put in the meters. John J. McKelvey said a master plumber had told him it would cost $20 each to put in meters, and he thought this amount was too much of a tax on the citizens of Pittsburgh; the city could do the work cheaper.

Dr. H. B. Burns moved to report the ordinance back to councils with no recommendation, thus giving the plumbers and master plumbers an opportunity to be heard on the floor of councils, but Maj. Hammer's motion to recommend favorably was adopted, 10 to 2.

MRS. TYLER M. COOP KILLED.

She and Her Daughter Thrown from Buggy, Their Horse Having Been Frightened.

BUTLER, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Death terminated a pleasure drive for Mrs. Tyler M. Coop, formerly of Oil City, this evening. Mrs. Coop accompanied her daughter, Mrs. Frederick O. Wright, wife of the district foreman of the National Transit Company, on a trip to a farm in Centre township to purchase butter and eggs. Near the John S. Campbell farm, two miles north of Butler, their horse took fright at some hogs on the roadside and became unmanageable. Both women were thrown out and Mrs. Coop's head struck a post, fracturing her skull near the base of the brain. A hemorrhage of the lungs ensued and she died in a few minutes.

Mrs. Coop was 61 years old. Her husband, Tyler M. Coop, is well known among oil men.

ARCHITECT STARTS WORK.

One of the "Tech" Designers Opens Office and Begins His Task.

Henry F. Hornbostel of Palmer & Hornbostel, architects for the Carnegie Technical schools, arrived in Pittsburgh yesterday morning and took possession at once of the office, room 709, Lewis Block. These quarters are considered only temporary.

There the plans were taken and with the co-operation of the draughtsmen from Director Arthur A. Hamerschlag's office the architect was busy yesterday morning arranging them. He had also the assistance of E. L. Satterlee and S. E. Plonsky of his firm.

It is expected that in a short time the management of the "Tech" and the architects will be able to reach a definite understanding as to the amount of work to be completed in time for the opening of the schools next October. This will be the first point to be decided.

STATIONARY ENGINEERS HEAR ADDRESS BY MEMBER

"Information for the Engineer" was the title of an address delivered last evening by W. B. Fitzpatrick, chief engineer of the Eberhart & Ober Brewing Company, before local No. 15, National Association of Steam Engineers. The meeting was held at the association's quarters in Moorhead hall, and is the first of a series to be held this winter. The next one will be a talk by Harry Pasture on "Why Boilers Explode." This address will be delivered November 17, and the meeting will be open to all who wish to attend.

ANGLERS ARE BUSY IN MONONGAHELA WATERS

Dravosburg has caught the angling fever. For two days and a large part of one night the banks of the Monongahela river have been lined with residents of the borough catching fish with lines, buckets and seines. Nearly 200 pounds of German carp, catfish and suckers have been taken. The fish appear to be seeking the shore in search of fresh water from the smaller streams.

Planning for Larger Hospital.

Plans are under way for enlarging St. Joseph's hospital, at 2117 Carson street, South Side. Additional property will be secured and improvements to cost about $15,000 will be made to the buildings occupying the lots adjoining the hospital building. Although the hospital has only been in use a few months it has been found the capacity must be doubled in order to care for the demands of patients.

Engineers to Visit Mesta Works.

George T. Barnsley, chairman of the reception committee of the Engineers' society, announces that there will be an excursion under the auspices of the society to the Mesta Machine Company's works at West Homestead tomorrow afternoon. The members are expected to be at the works at 2 o'clock.

Christian Church Tenders Call.

The Rev. Richard Sawtelle, pastor of the Christian church of Stillwater, Pa., has been tendered a call by the congregation of the First Christian church of Duquesne. It is believed he will accept. The Rev. Henry F. Lutz, the evangelist, was for a time pastor of the Duquesne church, the pulpit of which is now vacant.

Natives Massacred Seventeen Sailors.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—An investigation made by the sultan of Muscat shows that a boat's crew of 17 men, which left the wrecked British steamer, Baron Inverdale, reached Massira island in the Red sea and were massacred by the natives there. Nine of the murderers have been arrested.

To Tender Pastor Reception.

A reception will be tendered to the Rev. P. C. Brooks of the Walton M. E. church, South Twenty-fourth and Sarah streets, this evening by the congregation. Brief addresses will be made by neighborhood clergymen and former pastors of the church.

Church Society Celebrated.

Members of the Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip of the McCandless Avenue Presbyterian church celebrated the tenth anniversary of the organization last evening. A dinner was served, during which addresses were made by members.

FIGHTING BODY OF GLASS MEN

Independent Manufacturers and Jobbers Have Organized a New Association.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS ELECTED

The independent window glass manufacturers and the jobbers perfected a joint organization last night to be known as the Manufacturers and Jobbers Window Glass association. The organization starts out with J. R. Johnston, Hartford, Ind., as president; William S. Kenney, Chicago, vice president, and G. W. Morenus, secretary-treasurer. This organization was formed to meet the competition of the American Window Glass Company and from now on all manufacturers not in the American will join hands to oppose the big company.

For the past two years efforts have been made to offset the inroads made by the American. The company has had an advantage over the independents by its control of machine-equipped plants. The company also enters the market as wholesaler and retailer, having established branch houses in several large cities. It is the intention of the new organization to pool its output and establish selling agencies in every city in the United States and Canada.

Several efforts have been made to form a selling agency of the glass turned out by the independent manufacturers. Ever since the dissolution of the Window Glass Jobbers' association, which was closely followed by the dissolution of the Federated Window Glass and the Independent Window Glass companies, the jobbers have suffered from cut prices. Their chief opponent was the American, and to enter the market with the same prices it was necessary to consolidate their interests.

Several meetings were held. First it was intended that the manufacturers and jobbers should organize two bodies. Later it was thought best for both manufacturers and jobbers to sign a joint agreement. This was done at a meeting held two weeks ago. At that time both sides agreed to the new organization and yesterday the details were completed by electing the officers and an executive board.

The following is the executive board: For the jobbers—John Turner, F. G. Turner, W. B. Swindell, Capt. C. W. Brown, J. S. Sheyne, H. D. Condie, W. S. Kenney and L. E. Partridge. For the manufacturers—J. R. Johnston, N. L. Storey, J. R. Smalley, B. N. McCloy, H. R. Hilton, George Camp, F. Bastein, N. L. Camp and Thomas Camp.

The executive board met last night in the Frick building and agreed upon the name of the organization. Circulars will be sent out to the members giving the results of the executive board meeting.

AIRSHIP COMES HOME RIDING ON HAY CART

Baldwin's "Arrow" Is But Little the Worse for Its Night Out—Will Try Again.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—California Arrow, the airship of Capt. T. S. Baldwin, which slipped away last night as it was towed in from the country to the aeronautic concourse, was found today 16 miles west of St. Louis. It was unharmed by its wild night flight, save for two small rents in the gas bag.

The airship came down to within a short distance of the ground, and the anchor rope caught on a dead limb. The ship was found moored in a cornfield by farmers.

Baldwin and Aeronaut Knabenshue hurried to the craft in an automobile. The balloon was deflated and the collapsed airship was loaded on a hay wagon and brought back to the exposition aerodrome.

Capt. Baldwin said that he expected to have the airship ready for a flight Saturday afternoon.

SIDESWIPES ORE TRAIN.

Locomotive and Car of Special Bearing Officials Are Derailed Near Greenville.

GREENVILLE, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—A special train on the Bessemer & Lake Erie railroad having on board James Gayley and other officials of the Carnegie Steel Company, General Manager F. H. Utley, Superintendent Matson and Chief Engineer Porter of the railroad company, sideswiped an ore train at Heckin's, two miles south of here, at noon today.

Engineer Rolla Fritz and Fireman Fred Stone, both of Greenville, were injured, the latter for the fourth time within a year. The officials escaped with a shaking up. The locomotive of the special was ditched and one car derailed, while several ore cars were smashed. The engineer of the ore train pulled off a siding directly in front of the special.

PRINCE FUSHIMI WILL BRING SUITE OF SIX

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—Prince Fushimi, the adopted brother of the emperor of Japan, who is expected here on November 8, will be accompanied by the following suite: A. Sato, minister resident; Count I. Terashima, Lieut.-Col. S. M. Ihara, E. Watanabe, master of court ceremonies; S. Takioka, officer of the imperial household department, and Dr. K. Pokkaku, attending physician.

Moro Wishes to Surrender.

MANILA, Nov. 3.—The Datto Ali, the rebellious Moro leader who on the pretext of resistance to the anti-slavery law has been waging warfare with the American troops, has sent a message to Maj.-Gen. Wood requesting an interview with a view to surrendering. Gen. Wood has granted the request.

To Hold an All-Day Shoot.

An all-day shoot will be held tomorrow by the three companies of the Boys' brigade of Homestead at the Salt Works range at Highland station. The distance will be 100 and 200 yards. On November 12 the companies will attend the dedication of the new Carnegie library building at Duquesne.

W. M. Laird Co.

A Select Shoe

The Dorothy Dodd is a select shoe without being high priced. It appeals to the particular woman who has to count the cost.

Boots $3.00 and $3.50.

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PASSENGERS IN A WILD PANIC TO ESCAPE FROM CAR

Broke Windows and Tumbled Into Street When It Started Backwards.

The burning out of a fuse in a Hamilton avenue car just as the car started up the Fifth avenue "hump" from Smithfield street at 5:50 last evening caused a panic among the 30 or more passengers and caused a blockade on Fifth avenue from Smithfield street to Cecil alley. In their efforts to get out of the car the passengers smashed four windows, through which men and boys tumbled into the streets. That no one was seriously injured was due to good luck more than anything else.

Miss Margaret Bruce of 817 North avenue, Wilkinsburg, terrified by a flash of flame and the sudden rush of passengers, fainted and was trampled on before she was taken from the car. She was revived on the outside and removed to a nearby drug store, where she was given a tonic and was then able to proceed to her home. A couple of friends, who were with her on the car, accompanied her.

The accident happened during the busiest time of the evening rush. The stores and offices had emptied themselves of crowds who were all anxious to get home at the same time. As the Hamilton avenue car started up the hill the fuse blew out and a sheet of flame shot back into the car. The grease and waste around the controller ignited, and in an instant the car was filled with a dense, suffocating smoke. Then followed the panic, the breaking of the windows and the wild rush for safety.

Cars were coming up Fifth avenue in a continuous stream, and it seemed that a collision such as that of a few weeks ago at the same point was imminent. But the motorman managed to stop the flight of the car down the hill by the application of the handbrakes, and the collision was avoided. The burned out fuse was quickly repaired and the car proceeded.

FORM HOLDING COMPANY.

"People's Traction" Will Be Name of Concern to Build New Boulevard and Other Lines.

Application for a charter for the traction company that will build and operate for the Philadelphia Company the so-called "Verner syndicate" lines, including the boulevard line, was made yesterday at Harrisburg. The title of the company is the People's Traction Company. The applicants for the charter are well-known officials of the Philadelphia Company—C. S. Mitchell, C. L. Braun, W. B. Carson, J. L. Foster and C. W. Lepper.

The financing of the new lines will be done under the charter of the People's Traction Company and the financial plans are expected to be developed in the near future. The work of construction on the boulevard line has been stopped temporarily pending the development of the quo warranto proceedings of the Voters' Civic league, but the work on the Shady avenue line from Squirrel hill to Fifth avenue is proceeding.

Jail Proceedings Regular.

The proceedings for the condemnation of property for the erection of an addition to the jail are regular and legal, as decided by Judge Frazer. The matter was being tested by Caroline F. Smith, owner of property the county commissioners had condemned, on a motion to quash the proceedings calling for an appointment of viewers. The court overruled the motion and the exceptions to the bonds of the commissioners, with the exception of the amount, which is ordered increased from $50,000 to $80,000.

Completing Details for New Temple.

The details of erecting a $200,000 Masonic temple in McKeesport will be completed at a meeting of the stockholders on Monday, November 14, when directors and other officers of the Masonic association, recently formed for the building of the temple, will be elected. A site has been chosen at Sixth avenue and Walnut street, and plans have been drawn. It is expected to begin the building next spring. Nearly all the stock has been subscribed.

Open Meeting for Telegraphers.

An open meeting for telegraphers will be held in Grand Army hall, 314-16 Fifth avenue, Saturday evening, November 10. Patrick J. Dolan of the United Mine workers will speak on "Benefits to Be Derived from Organization;" General Chairman Van Atta of Newark, O., on "Manner of Securing Schedules and How to Retain Them" and L. K. Marr of Philadelphia on "Why Telegraphers Are Not Better Paid."

New School Building for Munhall.

The Munhall school board yesterday decided to erect a school building in Munhall hollow. A site will be selected during the next week. The borough recently completed a new school building in the hill district. Temporary quarters will be secured for school purposes during the erection of the new building.

Has Been Missing Two Weeks.

Search is being made for Peter Everman, Sr., who has been missing since Sunday, October 23. He was last seen at a hall on East street, Allegheny, about 6 o'clock, where he had attended a meeting of his lodge. Everman is a German, aged 51. He lived at Upton street and Watts alley, this city.

Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashley Bailey Silk Sale!

DIED.

BARTON—Suddenly, at Butler, Pa., ELEANOR AIKINS BARTON, daughter of J. Lowrie and Olive Roberts Barton, aged 1 year and 12 days.

Services at the residence of Dr. S. M. Ripehart, 841 Western avenue, Allegheny, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private later.

CARTER—Suddenly, on Thursday, November 3, 1904, at 3:30 p. m., CHARLES A. CARTER, aged 54 years, at his home, 307 Miller street, Knoxville, Pa.

Notice of funeral later.

GANT—Suddenly, on Tuesday, November 1, 1904, at 1:30 p. m., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Charles O. Devers, No. 2418 Perrysville avenue, Allegheny, ELIZABETH ANN GANT, widow of John Gant, aged 69 years.

Funeral on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

M'CRACKEN—On Tuesday evening, November 2, 1904, enroute from Boulder, Col., RACHEL ELEANOR, youngest daughter of William and Mary E. McCracken.

Funeral services at the family residence, No. 129 Forty-first street. Time will be given later.

MARTIN—On Thursday, November 3, 1904, at 2:30 a. m., at his home in Bethel township, JOHN MARTIN.

Funeral Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

SHAFFER—On Thursday, November 3, 1904, at 3 a. m., SARAH, wife of John Shaffer, Sr., in her 72d year.

Funeral services at her late residence, Robinson township, near Carnegie, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Carriages will leave C. Steel's office, First street, Carnegie, at 1:15 p. m.

STRICKLAND—On Tuesday, November 1, 1904, at 2 p. m., ALLEN COLLAMORE STRICKLAND, aged 50 years.

Services at his late residence, No. 659 Maryland avenue, Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Interment at Woodland cemetery, New York city.

THOM—At Meadowside cottage, Airdrie, Lanarkshire, Scotland, ANNIE THOM, widow of David Thom. She is survived by an only brother, J. C. Anderson, a retired engineer of Emsworth, Pa.

WILCOX—On Wednesday, November 2, 1904, at 11:30 p. m., MRS. HARRIET WILCOX, widow of John Wilcox, aged 87 years.

Funeral from the residence of her son, George J. Wilcox, 827 First street, Aspinwall, Pa., Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Kindly omit flowers.

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In a few weeks you will be wishing you had started in early to select your Christmas presents. Open an account now. Come while the assortments are complete and get anything you want in the way of diamonds, watches, chains, silverware, bric-a-brac, etc. You can have them on credit and take your own time in paying for them.

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The Cleaning & Renovating of Lace Curtains, Heavy Draperies

and Carpets, and the refinishing and reupholstering of Furniture are specialties with this store, as is also the making and re-making of mattresses.

We have every facility for doing this work perfectly and at reasonable prices. The remodeling of any part of a home's furnishment may be entrusted to us with confidence that the order will be executed satisfactorily.

DEWAR, CLINTON & ALEXANDER CO.
435 PENN AVE.

GEO. B. BARRETT CO.
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE JEWELERS.
Everything for Retail Jewelers, Especially
DIAMONDS and WATCHES
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B. & B.

raincoats

Today for Thirteen Dollars and fifty cents ($13.50) we offer a Raincoat for women which embodies more fashionable excellence than ever heretofore sold at that price.

All the artistic minutiæ which go to make a coat distinctive—new artistic full sleeves, turnback cuffs, loose flowing back, all-around belt.

Cojointly with this sale we also show a choice line of Rain Coats for women, $8.50 to $35.00.

Misses' Rain Coats, $10.00 to $35.00—and superior style and values, $8.50 to $13.50.

Rain Coats for Children 6 to 14 years, $8.50 to $13.50.

news item

Just received in the Women's Coat section, a fine new three-quarter length Tan Covert Coat that will create instant interest.

Sweeping loose back—half belted—graceful leg o' mutton sleeves—satin lined throughout, $18.50—at the price it's a wonder.

B. & B.

MISSES' SKIRTS REDUCED

Six styles light, medium and dark, $7.50 and $8.50 Skirts, $5.00—lengths 36 to 40 inches.

This season's shapes—all stylishly made—pleated and button trimmed.

Skirts we liked so well we bought too many and they're reduced now when there's demand rather than later when there's no market.

Special new Skirt for $10.00—Blue, Brown and Black Cheviot kilted skirt with 35 gores—making one of the most striking the store offered this season—lengths 37 to 40 inches.

Misses' Coats, $5.00 to $75.00—street and dressy wear.

42-inch Coats being a favored length this season, we're strong at $18.50 to $28.50.

42-inch Coats for street wear—$8.50 to $50.00, including all modish fabrics, colorings and shapes—cream and light shades for evening wear, $37.50 to $85.00.

B. & B.

FUR PRICES

Investigate these—all who are wanting Small Furs—and appreciate saving on choice things.

Sable or Isabella Fox Boas—two large Brushes and four Claws—$6.50.

Long Natural Squirrel Tie—squirrel lined—chenille trimmed ends and silk cord, $8.50.

Blended Squirrel Double tab Collar—fancy satin lined—$10.00.

Brown Marten Stole—satin lined trimmed with natural Marten tails and crochet ornaments, $15.00.

Three-skin Natural or Blended Mink Boa trimmed with heads, tails and claws, $18.50.

Extra fine two-skin Baum Marten Scarf, $25.00.

Natural Squirrel Muffs, $6.50.

Blended Squirrel Muffs, $8.50.

Blended or Natural Mink Muffs, $18.50.

B. & B.

LADIES' SHOES, $3.00

Three Dollars is a very popular price for ladies' shoes—but in some instances Three Dollars gets better Shoes—and we are prepared to prove the Shoes we show at that price are better than any now being marketed.

Variety of Leathers in all the newest shapes.

Ideal Patent Kid, Velour Calf, Vici Kid, and Heavy Bright Dongola—very snappy styles for dress or general wear.

Our "Ideal" Patent Kid Boots at $3.50 a pair not equaled anywhere.

Just received a new shipment—widths, AAA to D.

Evening Slippers—great variety—all the approved new things, $1.00 to $6.00 a pair.

Children's Shoes—heavy velour calf—goodyear welt sewed, 8 1-2 to 11, $1.60—11 1-2 to 2, $2.00.

Bright Dongola with patent tips, 6 to 8, $1.35—8 1-2 to 11, $1.60—11 1-2 to 2, $2.00—2 1-2 to 6, with low heels, $2.50.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

B. & B.

GLOVES, $1.00

This department was recently enlarged and more conveniently located and promptly proceeded to make a determined effort to excel all past records—as to variety for selection and values.

The superior excellence of our showing of Men's and Women's Gloves for $1.00 is, we think, so conclusive as to warrant our statement that it excels any now offered anywhere in this country.

Women's $1.00 Gloves include real light weight Kid, medium and heavy Cape, Kid Suede, Mocha, P. K. and Out Seam—all fashionable shades—all sizes—made to conform to the shape of any hand.

Also excellence for a Dollar for Boys and Girls that is rare.

Special Real Kid Gloves, $1.50—newest Browns, Tans, Oaks, Reds and Blacks.

The master gloves of the world are the Hte Jouvin, Trefousse, Perrin, Fownes, Dent and Fisk, Clark & Flagg—they make all the Gloves we sell at $1.50 and $2.00 inclusive—a surety of the best.

Special Gloves for men, $1.50—silk lined and unlined.

Powne's, Dent's and Fisk, Clark & Flagg's Gloves for men, $1.50 and $2.00.

B. & B.

UMBRELLA SALE

Today we sell a choice lot of Umbrellas for $1.50 each.

Affording rare opportunity to get unusual Umbrella value.

Men's and Women's lengths—26 and 28 inches.

Women's have plain boxwood, and fancy pearl, sterling, old ivory and horn trimmed handles—

Men's—plain wood handles—opera and princess styles.

Women's Umbrellas, 50c to $25.

Men's Umbrellas, 75c to $15.

Large choice assortments on such a conservative price basis as we can conclusively demonstrate the Umbrella business as done here means satisfactory saving in all instances.

On the principle that the choicest things go first we direct your attention to the fact that we are now showing a most comprehensive collection of extra fine Umbrellas—some imported and not possible to duplicate—suitable for Holiday presents.

Now is a very good time to make a selection and have it laid away.

Special choice things, $5.00, $6.50, $8.50 and $10.00 for Men and Women.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny.

HAND SAPOLIO

FOR TOILET AND BATH

Delicate enough for the softest skin, and yet efficacious in removing any stain. Keeps the skin in perfect condition. In the bath gives all the desirable after-effects of a Turkish bath. It should be on every washstand.

ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

AMUSEMENTS.

DUQUESNE "Special Price Mats." Tues., Thurs. and Sat. Best Res. Seats 25 & 50c. This week KING DODO. Next Week—SEAT SALE ON ELINORE SISTERS in "MRS. DELANEY OF NEWPORT."

AVENUE Twice Daily This Week — Augustin Daly's Comedy "A NIGHT OFF" SEAT SALE TODAY | NEW ALVIN NOV. 7 | $50,000 PRODUCTION SARDOU'S GISMONDA

AVENUE THEATER Monday, Nov. 7 Grand Opening of the Harry Davis Musical-Travesty Co. 60 People in Weber-Field "Widri-I-Gig." Seat Sale Thursday. Mat. Mon., Wed. and Sat. Special Matinee Election Day.

GAYETY 'WAY DOWN EAST Main Entrance 6th St., near Bridge. Mat. Sat. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1. Mats., 25c, 35c, 50c.

GRAND Continuous Vaudeville 1:30 to 10:45 THIS WEEK ENIGMABELLE WM. HARCOURT & CO. HARRY GILFOIL 15—GREAT ACTS—15

Bijou THE WHITE TIGRESS OF JAPAN Bar. Mat. Mon., Wed. and Sat. Best Reserved Seats 25c and 50c. This week. Next Week—"AFTER MIDNIGHT."

NIXON TONIGHT 8:15 MAT. TOMORROW FAY TEMPLETON PETER F. DAILEY And 100 Others in "A LITTLE OF EVERYTHING." Next Week—ANNIE RUSSELL.

EMPIRE UP-TOWN Reached by Collins Ave. all Car Lines. This the Big Sensation Week. THOU SHALT NOT KILL. Matinee Saturday. Next Week—THE BEAUTY DOCTOR.

HARRY W. WILLIAMS EVERY DAY THIS WEEK ACADEMY MERRY MAIDENS BURLESQUERS

PAID A TRIBUTE TO THE FOUNDER

John Morley Spoke on Progress, and Gave Pittsburgh as a Wonderful Example.

HOPE FOR UNIVERSAL PEACE

John Morley, the English author and statesman, was the orator of Founder's day, and was enthusiastically received. Seth Low, former mayor of New York city, spoke extemporaneously and briefly. An encouraging report of the affairs of the Carnegie Institute was made by Secretary S. H. Church, to whom Mr. Carnegie had sent a letter of congratulation, which was read amid great applause.

Mr. Morley's address consumed one hour and 15 minutes. At the conclusion of his set speech, the speaker launched forth extemporaneously. Both Mr. Morley and his audience seemed unwilling to part company. In introducing Mr. Morley President W. N. Frew said:

That great empire across the sea, with which we are marching in the vanguard of civilization, could have sent us no more fitting, no more welcome representative than the distinguished statesman and man of letters who has done us the honor to travel 4,000 miles and more for the purpose of being present on this occasion. Interest is added by the fact that he comes at the personal solicitation of the founder of this institution. I conceive it a high privilege to be permitted to present to you the Rt. Hon. John Morley.

John Morley's Address.

Mr. Morley's subject was "Some Thoughts on Progress," and he said in part:

I can only say that it is with extreme satisfaction that I find myself in this beautiful hall and addressing this very benevolent audience. It is certainly to me a very great pleasure to find myself here to commemorate with you a founder who is happily still watching, still hugging, and I believe still generously extending the work to which he put his hand some 14 or 15 years ago.

It was a Scotchman, "Old Forbes," who converted Fort Duquesne into Pittsburgh; and it is a rather pleasant thought for me—for I represent a Scotch constituency in my own country—to know that it is a Scotchman, for such is your founder, who has contributed so much as Mr. Carnegie has done to the foundation of that great industry, ingenuity, invention, strength, wealth, prosperity, which makes Pittsburgh today one of the standing wonders of the industrial world. I am sure nobody will grudge the contribution that your founder has made, the magnificent contribution, to the promotion of education in that section of the motherland from which he himself has sprung.

You know it says in the Bible that "the way of the transgressor is hard." I suppose the opposite of the transgressor would be the benefactor; but I very often think, in my conversations with your founder, that the way of benefactor is very hard. The solicitations, the gratifications—the inviting channels through which wealth might flow would be, I admit, quite too somewhat burdensome.

Sacrifices Made by Carnegie.

I have the honor to congratulate your founder, not merely for his material contributions, important contributions which involve real sacrifice, sacrifice of time, sacrifice of attention, sacrifice of freedom of mind. I admire him for this, that he gives to the diffusion of wealth the vigor, the tenacity, the jealous devotion which enabled him to do such wonders in the industrial world. That is what you want, what all benefactors need more than anything else, those who are able to be benefactors, conscientious attention to the carrying out of their own designs and purposes and to the expediency of making those purposes wise and prudent.

Mr. Carnegie's great maxim has been, I believe, to spread the light, whether in this noble institution or in his superb contribution to the prosecution of research at Washington or in all the libraries that he has planted broadcast both on this side of the Atlantic and on the other. In all those he has made exertion by those who are intended to be the recipients of his bounty an understood condition. And what could be wiser? I confess I rejoice when I hear, as I do, that in this city of Pittsburgh in spreading the light his effort has also kindled the flame and that your municipality has contributed this year no less a sum than $160,000 to the maintenance of the Carnegie library.

Probably the time will come when the world will have one language and one tongue.

I congratulate you, and I congratulate the founder of this library upon this extraordinary evidence of public interest in the cause. Those gentlemen of the municipality have risen to their opportunity; they have met the benefactor half way, and the citizens should give them their power, convinced that they will get full value for their money.

Never Felt More at Home.

When I hear of the persistent, strenuous and unselfish efforts of many gentlemen whom I see on this platform to diffuse the advantages of this institution as widely as they can, extending these down to little children, the most important of all, perhaps, because then lies the future—when I hear of this I feel that here, at all events, you have a true safeguard against all the mischiefs of democracy; you have here the spirit which makes democracy safe.

One single sentence more. The trustees more than once have invited me to occupy the position that you have allowed me to occupy today. It has been filled by many men eminent in many walks of life, including on two occasions the occupants of the august and commanding office of the president of the United States. I am the first foreigner. Will you think I am imprudent if I say that I never felt more at home in my life, less like a foreigner?

It is 142 years this November since Gen. John Forbes, a man of resolution and steadfastness unsurpassed in military annals, along with George Washington, then a youth of 26, serving under him, after toiling with a mixed force of some 500 men up the main range of the Alleghenies, and making his way "through an immense wilderness, overgrown everywhere with trees and brushwood, so that nowhere could they see 20 yards," in days blind and heavy with mist and rain and snow, at last in a wintry dusk entered Fort Duquesne. The French garrison, that it had been their object to dislodge, had vanished, a band of Indians hung about, fortifications and barracks were found up, and nothing was left but a little ring of soldiers' huts and traders' cabins. Round this forlorn place they planted a stockade.

How Pittsburgh Was Named.

Two days after entering Fort Duquesne the brave Forbes, though already stricken with approaching death, wrote to Pitt, the gifted statesman who was helping to consummate: "I have used the freedom of giving your name to Fort Duquesne, as I hope it was in some measure the being actuated by your spirits that now makes us masters of the place."

What Forbes' stockade at Fort Pitt has grown to be you know better than I. The huge triumphs of Pittsburgh in material production—iron, steel, coke, glass and all the rest of it—can only be told in colossal figures that are almost as hard to realize in our minds as the figures of astronomical distance or geologic time. It is not quite clear that all the founders of the commonwealth would have survived the wonderful scene with the same exultation as their descendants. Some of them would have denied that these great centers of industrial democracy either in the old world or in the new always stand for progress. Jefferson said: "I view great cities as pestilential to the morals, the health, and the liberties of man." "I consider the class of artificers," he went on, "as the panders of vice, and the instrument by which the liberties of a country are generally overthrown." In England they reckon 70 per cent of our population as dwellers in towns. With you, I read, that only 25 per cent of the population live in groups so large as 8,000 persons. If Jefferson was right, our outlook would be dark. Let us hope that he was wrong, and in fact toward the end of his time he qualified his early view. Franklin, at any rate, would, I feel sure, have revelled in it all. That great man—a name in the forefront among the practical intelligences of human history, once told a friend that when he dwelt upon the rapid progress that mankind was making in politics, morals and the arts of living, and when he considered that each one improvement always begets another, he felt assured that the future progress of the race was likely to be quicker than it had ever been.

Shares Franklin's Wish.

He was never wearied of foretelling inventions yet to come, and he wished he could revisit the earth at the end of a century to see how mankind was getting on. With all my heart I share his wish. Of all the men who have built up great states, I do believe there is not one whose alacrity of sound source and single-eyed beneficence of aim could be more safely trusted than Franklin's to draw light from the clouds and pierce the economic and political confusions of our own time. We can imagine the amazement and complacency of that shrewd benignant mind if he could watch all the giant marvels of your mills and furnaces, and all the apparatus devised by five wonderfully inventive faculties of man; if he could have foreseen that his experiments with the kite in his garden at Philadelphia, his tubes, his Leyden jars, would end in the electric appliances of today—the largest electric plant in the world on the falls of Fort Duquesne; if he could have heard of 6000 millions of passengers carried in the United States by electric motor power in a year; if he could have realized all the rest of the magician's tale of our time.

Still more would he have been astounded and elated could he have foreseen beyond all else the marvelous tradition, the unbroken strength of that political structure which he had so grand a share in rearing. Into this very region where we are this afternoon, swept wave after wave of immigration; English from Virginia, flowed over the border, bringing English traits, literature, habits of mind; Scots or Scots-Irish, originally from Ulster, flowed in from central Pennsylvania; Catholics from Southern Ireland; new hosts from Southern and East-central Europe.

Grand But Sober Truth.

This is not the Fourth of July. Not people of every school would agree that it is no exuberance of rhetoric, it is only sober truth, to say that the persevering absorption and incorporation of all this ceaseless torrent of heterogeneous elements into one united, stable, industrious and pacific state, is an achievement that neither the Roman empire nor the Roman church, neither Byzantine empire nor Russian, not Charles the Great nor Charles the Fifth nor Napoleon, ever rivalled or approached. We are usually apt to excuse the slower rate of liberal progress in our old world by contrasting the obstructive barriers of prejudice, survival, coalescism, anachronism, convention, institution, all so obstinately rooted even when the branches seem bare and broken, in an old world, with the open and disengaged ground of the new. Yet in fact your difficulties were at least as formidable as those of the older civilizations into whose fruitful heritage you have entered. Unique was the necessity of this gigantic task of incorporation, the assimilation of people of divers faiths and race. A second difficulty was more formidable still—how to erect and work a powerful and wealthy state on such a system as to combine the centralized concert of a federal system with local independence, and to unite collective energy with the encouragement of individual freedom.

This last difficulty that you have so successfully up to now surmounted, at the present hour confronts the mother-country and deeply perplexes her statesmen. Liberty and union have been called the twin ideals of America.

Traveling to a Common Goal.

So, too, they are the twin ideals of all responsible men in Great Britain, although responsible men differ among themselves as to the safest path on which to travel towards the common goal, and though the dividing ocean, in other ways so much our friend, interposes for our case of an island state, or rather for a group of island states, obstacles from which a continental state like yours is happily altogether free.

Nobody believes that no difficulties remain. Some of them are obvious. But the common sense, the mixture of patience and determination, that has conquered risks and mischiefs in the past, may be trusted with the future.

The day is at hand, we are told, when four-fifths of the human race will trace their pedigree to English forefathers, as four-fifths of the white people in the United States trace their pedigree today. By the end of this century, they say, such nations as France and Germany, assuming that they stand apart from such combinations, will only be able to claim the same relative position in the political world as Holland and Switzerland. These musings of the moon do not take us far. The important thing, as we all know, is not the exact fraction of the human race that will speak English. The important thing is that those who speak English, whether in old lands or new, shall strive in lofty, generous and never-ceasing emulation with peoples of other tongues and other stock for the political, social and intellectual primacy among mankind. In this noble strife for the service of our race, we need never fear that claimants for the prize will be too large a multitude.

Women's Position Advance.

Of all the points of social advance in my country at least during the last generation, none is more marked than the change in the position of women, in respect of rights of property, of education, of access to new callings. As for the improvement of material well-being, and its diffusion among those whose labor is a prime factor in its creation, we might grow sated with the jubilant monotony of its figures, if we did not take good care to remember, in the excellent words of the president of Harvard, that those gains like the prosperous working of your institutions and the principles by which they are sustained, are in essence moral contributions, "being principles of reason, enterprise, courage, faith and justice over passion, selfishness, inertness, timidity and distrust." It is the moral impulses that matter. Where they are safe, all is safe.

Democracy, they tell us, is afflicted by mediocrity and by sterility. But has not Democracy, in my country as in yours, shown before now that it well knows how to choose rulers neither mediocre nor sterile; men more than the equals in unselfishness, in rectitude, in clear-sight, in force, of any absolutist statesman that ever in times past bore the sceptre? If I live a few months, or it may be even a few weeks longer, I hope to have seen something of three elections—one in Canada, one in the United Kingdom and the other here. With us, in respect of leadership, and apart from height of social prestige, the personage corresponding to the president is, as you know, the prime minister.

Results of the English Election.

Our general election this time, owing to personal accidents of the passing hour, may not determine quite exactly who shall be the prime minister, but it will determine the party from whom the prime minister shall be taken. On normal occasions our election of a prime minister is as direct and personal as yours, and in choosing a member of parliament, people were really for a whole generation choosing whether Disraeli or Gladstone or Salisbury should be head of the government.

The one central difference between your system and ours is that the American president is in for a fixed time, whereas the British prime minister depends on the support of the house of commons; if he loses that, his power may not endure a twelvemonth; if, on the other hand, he keeps it, he may hold office for a dozen years. There are not many more interesting or important questions in political discussion than the question whether our cabinet government or your presidential system is the better. This is not the place to argue it.

This is claimed as one of the advantages belonging to a cabinet over an executive installed and irremovable for a fixed time. Some critics on the other hand find in this a disadvantage and a weakness. They say that it keeps public men incessantly performing like dancers on a tight rope; that it exposes the executive to sudden gusts of popular passion; that it does not secure time, as your fixed way terms may do, for sober second thoughts to prevail; that it lays public opinion or sentiment more at the mercy of the demagogue. I do not think that our experience makes this sort of consideration good.

Life of English Governments.

Between now and our great reform bill of 1832, that broke ours, though it did not by any means destroy, the rule of territorial aristocracy—a period of 72 years—we had 20 or 21 administrations. This would give an average duration of three and a half years, but four of these administrations were six years in power, and six were four years or more. Take another figure:

Between 1853 and now—a period of 36 years—we have had eight ministries—this would give an average life of four and a half years. Of these eight governments five lasted over five years. Broadly speaking, then, our executive governments have lasted about the length of your fixed term. As for ministers swept away by a gust of passion, I can only recall the overthrow of Lord Palmerston in 1858 for being thought too subservient to France. For my own part, I have always thought that by its free play, its comparative fluidity, its rapid flexibility of adaptation our cabinet system has most to say for itself.

Whether Democracy will make for peace we all have yet to see. So far Democracy has done little in Europe to protect us against the turbid whirlpools of a military age. When the evils of rival states, antiquated in race, territorial claims and all the other formulae of international conflict are felt to be unbearable and the curse becomes too great to be any longer borne, a school of teachers will perhaps arise to pick up again the thread of the best writers and wisest orators in the old Peace Society. Movement in this region of human things has not all been progressive.

Growth of Pacific Spirit.

If we survey the European courts from the end of the Seven Years' war down to the French revolution, we note the marked growth of a distinctly international and pacific spirit. Is not all the world's history can we find so many European statesmen striving after peace and the good government of which peace is the best ally. That sentiment came to a violent end when Napoleon arose to scourge the world.

Nobody believes that until the day when, in Jefferson's rather peculiar phrase, the world has "ripened to a complete emancipation of human nature," all swords will be beaten into plow-shares and all spears into pruning-hooks. But bright signs shine on the horizon of our time. Strenuous efforts are being made to improve that body of accepted usages and regulations which we call international law. The progress of arbitration, though the impatient may find it slow, is very real, and considering the impediments it is extraordinary. The Hague tribunal opens a new door of hope. Already two of the lesser states of Europe have agreed to submit all disputes that may hereafter arise between them to its decision. While all of us—in face of the new and extraordinary distribution of the forces of race and nation—taking good care meanwhile to keep our powder dry, let us at least dream of a day to come when mightier states will do something to following that example.

Continuity of a Noble Tradition.

Time was when Holland, in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, was the refuge of free churches and free printing presses, and it is a continuity of noble tradition that Holland should now be the format and accredited refuge of public right and the world's peace. Of all the manifold wise and good purposes to which the founder of this institute of yours has lent munificent aid, there is not one that should command more of our sympathy and admiration than his contribution to the building of a hall at The Hague, where this most august of courts is to conduct its thrice-blessed mission. Herbert Spencer—who was so much and for so long your founder's friend and mine—boldly advanced the doctrine that the suppression of antagonism between nations is the one reform that would bring all other moral reforms in it strain.

SETH LOW'S SPEECH WAS BRIEF ANSWER TO MORLEY

New Yorker Spoke Extemporaneously of Conditions Between Great Britain and American Nation.

The Hon. Seth Low, former president of Columbia college, and later mayor of New York city, said:

It is to me exceedingly interesting to stand in this building. It reminds me that many years ago I visited France, the country where the silk worm, as they say in France, is educated, and there I saw the worm being educated in stables and in the most unpromising surroundings of every kind. I could but wonder that out of surroundings so unpromising a substance so beautiful as silk could come. You will pardon one who comes to Pittsburgh from a city which uses anthracite coal, if he says that it is particularly interesting to think that out of the smoke and haze of such a city as this an institution like the Carnegie institution should have come into being. It shows that intrinsic worth is to be found under all conditions, and he is the wise man who always believes in his fellow men, wherever they are, and that it is worth while to do for them.

The true glory of Mr. Carnegie, in my judgment, is not that he has succeeded in amassing a great fortune, not even that he is giving it away with unexampled generosity, but it is that he gives it for such causes as show that he believes in men, and that it is worth while to educate them.

The paper we have heard today has suggested to me many thoughts, and I will ask your permission just to touch, by way of suggestion, upon one or two of them. I was particularly interested in Mr. Morley's suggestion that while in this country we had solved after a fashion the problem of liberty and union, the problem of union in consonance with personal liberty and opportunity, that in Great Britain they had found it more difficult because it was an island empire, and the sea intervened. To compare small things with great, the city of New York is an island city. How completely it is so is illustrated by the fact that there are within its limits more than 350 miles of water front. It is divided into five boroughs, only one of which is upon the main land. The water, however, that divides the city into these many islands has not operated there to make our solution of the problem of union and liberty more difficult, but we have found it natural and easy to do on a small scale what we have succeeded in doing on a large scale in the United States. And I sometimes wonder whether it is so much the water that has made that problem difficult in Great Britain as the fact that other conditions have compelled development upon different lines.

Mr. Morley has dwelt in a most interesting way the difference between their cabinet government with its unfixed term, and our government with its fixed term. The important thing for us all to remember, it seems to me, as we look upon the institutions of each other's country, is, however different the form of expression may be, the same principle of inherent democracy animates them all.

DECLARES WEALTH PATRON OF BEST AMERICAN ART

Novel Ideas Exploited in Speech by Edmund Aman-Jean, the Celebrated French Portrait Painter.

Edmund Aman-Jean, the distinguished French artist, spoke in his native tongue. The following is a free translation of his address:

Wealth is one of the forms of royalty. In Europe, at a far away epoch, it was royalty promoting the development of art; the kings personally encouraged the artists by their patronage. Beginning with the sixteenth century, at the first appearance of the French Rennaissance, King Francis the First called from Italy the most famous artists in order to have them finish the construction and the decorations of the palace of Fontainebleau; then came also Primatice, Benvenuto Cellini, and Rosso, and also the greatest of all of them, he who represents most profoundly the genius of the Italian Rennaissance, the divine Leonardo da Vinci, the painter of beautiful and spiritual faces with deep smiles; but succumbing to his years, he unfortunately could not do of any service to France, since soon after his arrival he died in the arms of the king who had sent for him.

Before the period of the French Rennaissance other artists came down from Flanders. Educated as they were in the famous school of the Van Eycks at Bruges, they came to France, called by rich abbeys, and left there probably the finest examples of religious decorations which have ever been produced. Then in the seventeenth century it was Louis the Fourteenth who established and maintained the Villa of Medici in Rome, which is still in existence and where France continues to send her young artists.

And now, gentlemen, an institution similar by its influence and its beautiful perception of true art, which is destined to spread, is this Carnegie Institute, which is uniting under the same palatial roof, fine collections of science and art, and which, through the prizes it offers, encourages artists who wish to compete. Whether they come from Europe or America matters little; a liberal mind does not stop at that; they come, they are made welcome, and their works are judged with the greatest conscientiousness, a conscientiousness which we should imitate in our juries in Paris, where the awards are often made without it.

Is not this the equivalent of a royal influence?

Wealth means royalty in our democracies of today; it has the same influence that kings and princes had in olden times; it promotes science and art, helping also by great philanthropic institutions, to proclaim the beautiful to those who, without these institutions would forever be deprived of learning to appreciate art.

And I believe probably that the time is not far distant when America will have nothing more to ask of old Europe with regard to art. Only now a very great American artist who died recently, has had an actual influence and has many followers in Paris. I had the pleasure and the honor to love and to know Whistler; without imitating him, I have profited by his advice; and I have therefore the feeling, and I also regret to think that I might be one of the last foreign artists who have come here as members of the jury of the Carnegie Institute.

It is that which creates great artists.

Like Rome and Venice, America seems now to have arrived at that moment of her logical evolution. Pittsburgh among the cities of this immense continent, has produced the wealth which is more than sufficient for a manifestation of art. And I even that for a thinking stranger the spectacle which Pittsburgh offers is one of the most impressing which exists; for here it is not happy and free nature which inspires and invites meditation; it is, on the contrary, the artificial which the genius of man creates and dominates; it is the formidable smoke which passes over great rivers, and rolls over the city like an eternal menace; nothing of which in olden times made poets dream; no blue ocean nor tranquil lakes which are sleeping at the shores of the idle, pensive cities, crowning the balconies of old mansions, and red fires which rise skyward, gigantic and perpetual braziers, where not only iron is in fusion, but gold, gold which creates royalty and great opulence.

Therefore on the one side an active city, busy like a furnace, on the other a city happy and quiet, peaceful under beautiful trees; that is the contrast of things and the very image of life, work without rest in one, and the repose of the family home in the other. But that repose of your homes is the repose which belongs to great civilization, for, if in one home Rembrandt is admired, and in another Gainsborough, in every one of them there are works of art, among which masters of the French school find a goodly place.

ENCOURAGING PROGRESS MADE BY THE INSTITUTE

Report of the Secretary Shows That This Is a Banner Year in All Departments.

Col. Samuel H. Church, secretary of the board of trustees of the institute, read his annual report as follows:

The progress made in the various departments of the Carnegie institute during the past year has been encouraging except for the natural limitations of the present overcrowded halls, and the necessity for shifting quarters on account of building operations. The erection of the additions is going forward satisfactorily, and when this work is completed, it is believed that Pittsburgh will possess a specimen of architecture well suited to its high destiny, and worthy to rank with the noblest structures in the world.

There are now in the central library and its five branches, 185,000 volumes, exclusive of several thousand volumes which have been purchased for the new East Liberty branch to be opened in a few months. Since last Founder's day the various reading rooms have been visited by 480,000 persons, while the home circulation of books was 650,000, an increase of 72,000, or 12 per cent over the previous year.

Edwin H. Lemare continues to give two free recitals on the organ each week, besides a course of six lectures on the great composers, and many thousands are hearing him with profit and enthusiasm. His purpose of returning to England in the near future will constitute an almost irreparable loss to this community.

The Pittsburgh orchestra begins its tenth season in this hall tonight. The list of generous men who stand as guarantors for this splendid enterprise now numbers 125, and with this substantial backing and the continued support of the public, the orchestra is expected to go forward to still higher artistic achievements under its new leader, Mr. Emil Paur.

The past year in the museum has been marked by great activity, not only in the laboratories and halls of exhibition, but in the field of purely scientific research. The A. W. Anthony collection of birds of the Pacific coast and Mexico, numbering 10,000 specimens, has been purchased, costing $10,000. Three expeditions were sent out last year. They have returned to the museum with a quantity of excellent material, and have made a number of discoveries highly important to science. The reproduction of the skeleton of the fossil monster Diplodocus, has been completed and it will be installed in the gallery of reptiles at the British museum in the coming spring, a personal gift from Mr. Carnegie through King Edward to that institution. Important additions have been made to our collection of Costa Rican antiquities.

The prize essay contest of last year, to which the schools of Allegheny as well as the schools of Pittsburgh were admitted, proved the most successful contest of its kind in the history of the institute, 988 essays having been submitted for the consideration of the judges. A number of other institutions and cities have adopted the prize essay plan initiated here, Philadelphia being the latest city to employ our methods of enlisting the interest of the young in scientific pursuits. This year's contest will open today, and it is hoped that an even larger competition will ensue.

For the first time in three years, we open today an international art exhibition, the display last year being limited chiefly to American pictures, while the year before a loan exhibition of surpassing merit was displayed. The present exhibition constitutes our tenth annual and the sixth international display.

Substantial progress has been made toward the establishment of the Carnegie Technical schools. The steady growth of public sentiment has taken shape in the support given to this great project by the business interests of Pittsburgh, and by many of the schools, clubs and associations in the district. In order to guide and enlarge this public appreciation, 101 lectures on scientific topics were given early in the year in the Music hall and at various branch libraries. The total attendance was 18,784, and the average attendance at each lecture was 185.

WOULD STOP WORK ON ROAD

Emsworth Councilman Does Not Like Procedure in Letting the Contract.

Councilman W. A. Hatman of Emsworth threatens to get out an injunction to prevent further work on grading, widening and sewering Beaver road, the principal thoroughfare. The squabble started at a council meeting last evening over a bill for $9,672, presented by the Rickard Transfer Company for work on the road.

Bonds to the amount of $14,000 had been issued for the work and now it is estimated the work will cost between $30,000 and $35,000. Hatman claims the street committee ordered the road sewered without asking permission of council, thereby exceeding its authority. Mr. Hatman moved that work be stopped, but his motion was lost. He then said he would make council stop the work.

AMERICAN NEGRO BISHOP ATTENDS RUSSIAN SERVICE

MOSCOW, Nov. 3.—Robert Joseph Morgan, a negro American bishop, attended a te deum at the Cathedral in honor of the anniversary of Emperor Nicholas' accession of the throne. The bishop is the guest of the monastery of the Epiphany.

Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashley Bailey Silk Sale!

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The IDEAL
447 Wood Street

CASH 1/3 DISCOUNT COUPON
Cut out and present when purchasing.

COUPON SALE
1/3 OFF On any garment in the house on presentation of this coupon. It will entitle the bearer to 1-3 off on any garment he may purchase at the IDEAL.
FOR INSTANCE:

Regular $12.00 Suit or Overcoat at $ 8.00
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Regular $40.00 Suit or Overcoat at $26.66
Topcoats at the Same Proposition.

CRAVENETTE RAINCOATS
Regular $15 Garments at.....$10.00
Regular $18 Garments at.....$12.00
Regular $20 Garments at.....$13.33
Regular $22 Garments at.....$14.67
Regular $25 Garments at.....$16.67
Regular $30 Garments at.....$20.00
Regular $35 Garments at.....$23.34

PANTS
Regular $3.00 Pants at.....$2.00
Regular $3.50 Pants at.....$2.37
Regular $4.00 Pants at.....$2.67
Regular $5.00 Pants at.....$3.34
Regular $6.00 Pants at.....$4.00
Regular $7.00 Pants at.....$4.67
Regular $8.00 Pants at.....$5.34

FANCY OR WHITE VESTS
Regular $1.50 Vests at.....$1.00
Regular $2.00 Vests at.....$1.34
Regular $3.00 Vests at.....$2.00
Regular $4.00 Vests at.....$2.67
Regular $5.00 Vests at.....$3.34

All of our Garments are marked in plain figures. Strictly one price to all. When making a purchase just deduct 1-3 off from the marked price. This is the GREATEST OPPORTUNITY in the history of Pittsburgh to purchase High Grade Clothing at 1-3 OFF. Now is the time to buy while our stock is at its best.

The IDEAL
Clothing Parlors,
447 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
All Garments sold by us kept pressed and repaired free as long as you wear them.

4%
Practice Economy Systematically
Start a savings account and deposit regularly a portion of your earnings. It means future independence and riches for you, which is a reward worthy of your best energies.
"We'll help you along."
Send for Booklet G on Banking by Mail.
Commonwealth Trust Co.
Capital and Surplus
$2,500,000.00
327-331 Fourth Avenue.
We pay 2% on check accounts.

WABASH
ST. LOUIS
ONLY A FEW WEEKS MORE IN WHICH TO VISIT THE WORLD'S FAIR
DAILY EXCURSIONS
$12 St. Louis and Return
Daily, Except Fridays and Saturdays. Tickets Good in Free Reclining Chair Cars.
$15 St. Louis and Return
Daily. Tickets Good in Chair Cars or Pullman Sleepers.
The WABASH is the ONLY Line Reaching the World's Fair Main Entrance.
Detailed information regarding rates, routes, train service, etc., cheerfully furnished at
City Ticket Office 320 5th Ave.—Ticket Office Wabash Sta.
AND RETURN

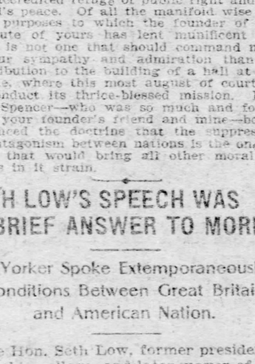
Oldest Trust Company in Western Pennsylvania.
THE SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO. OF PITTSBURGH.
Trust funds and investments are kept separate and apart from the assets of this company and every precaution is taken to safeguard the interests of patrons.
Capital $3,000,000 Surplus $7,500,000
Booklet Sent Free.
WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE

STIEFF PIANOS EASY TERMS. Direct branch of Factory 818 Penn Ave. LOW PRICES.

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD
Coca-Cola
At all Soloons, Groceries, Cafes and Stands.

Painting Awarded First Class Medal and $1,500.

"Across the River," by W. Elmer Schofield.



Knox "Continental" the new hat for riding or street wear—
$6.00
A smart shape, very popular in the East—
Some beautiful new patterns in the Millinery section this week—Many of them at
$10 and $12
PAULSON BROS., CO.
515 Wood Street.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES.
Women's Oxford Bag—genuine alligator—leather lined—brass trimming—14-inch,
$6.00
Men's Sole Leather Bag—hand sewn frame—French edge—leather lined—three pockets—brass trimmings 16-inch,
$8.50
Rawhide Bound Trunk—three-ply veneered bass wood—brass mountings—two straps—cloth lined—30-inch; $11.50
50c extra for each size larger.
Sole Leather Trunk—hand sewn—all riveted—brass lock—extra heavy canvas cover—32-inch,
$24.00
ON FRIDAY, NOVEMBER THE 4th
90 Russet or Brown Cowhide Suit Cases, with shirt folio—linen lined—steel frame—all riveted—brass lock—3 hinges—
All sizes, $5.00
McCreery and Company,
Wood Street at Sixth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH.

WARM GREETING GIVEN ORCHESTRA

Large and Fashionable Assemblage Tendered Emil Paur and Orchestra an Ovation.

HOW MR. PAUR REGARDED IT

The interest and eager expectations aroused concerning the Pittsburgh orchestra and its new conductor, Emil Paur, were shown to a great degree by the audience at last evening's concert, the concert which opened the tenth season of this leading musical organization of the city. Not only was the audience very large in size, but a new feeling of mutual inspiration and appreciation was manifest between the players and their hearers. This was due very largely to the telling work of Mr. Paur, who has accomplished great things since he has taken the orchestra leadership, and of whom still greater things may surely be expected.

It is unfair, and, indeed, impossible to judge an orchestra or a leader by a single concert, yet viewed by the most unprejudiced eye, the concert of last evening was an unqualified success. Mr. Paur proved himself an inspiring leader, displaying such fine sense of orchestra effect, such zeal in his work as to fire his men to their best efforts; such sound and strong interpretative gifts that it was small wonder his reception amounted to a personal ovation.

Paur Was Delighted.

"I have long heard of the culture of Pittsburgh and of the devotion which your people pay to the world's best music," said the conductor during the reception he held in his private parlor during the intermission, "but I am obliged to confess that I underestimated Pittsburgh's appreciation of the work of the masters of harmony. I have never had the honor to appear before a more sympathetic or a more enthusiastic audience. They seem to live with Weber and Beethoven. Not a single chord escapes them. They hunger for good music. God bless them. And this is the happiest moment of my life because it gives me a humble opportunity to answer their wishes. Any compliment they have offered me comes like a gift from a dearest friend. Again I say, God bless them!

"The acoustics of the hall are better than I had anticipated. I regard it almost as ideal. I have tried many public halls, but with another concert or two, we shall be able to meet all the strange tricks which echoes play with us."

Mr. Paur spoke these words to the members of the orchestra committee who crowded into his room during the intermission. For five minutes he had stood bowing at the conclusion of the third movement of Beethoven's fifth symphony. The audience would not allow him to leave. He bowed again and again. Still the applause continued. Five times he was obliged to come forward. Flowers were brought forward. Roses came from the orchestra committee and chrysanthemums from Mrs. Luigi von Kunits.

Great Ovation at the Opening.

The opening of the concert was impressive. After the players had taken their places, the entrance of Luigi von Kunits, the concertmeister, brought forth considerable applause, but when Mr. Paur entered enthusiasm was unbounded. The orchestra's salute to its new leader added to the general enthusiasm. Mr. Paur bowed low—he always does. Still the applause continued. Every member of the orchestra stood up and paid homage. It was a tremendous ovation—one which members of the orchestra committee said that they had waited nine years to see realized.

Mr. Paur was greeted by a most representative Pittsburgh audience. The advent of grand opera was never before similarly honored. Society did not attempt to overshadow wealth. By a mysterious obedience to the speech of Edmund Aman-Jean during the afternoon, both elements of the Smoky City's greatness were in the forefront last night. It augured well for the success of the orchestra and better still for the metropolitan strides of Pittsburgh. It was a great day in Pittsburgh's history, and, singularly enough, it seemed as though everybody was there to do homage and honor to his city.

The first number of the program was the Weber overture, "Der Freischutz." In this the new horn player had a capital chance to display his ability, and it is evident that in him the orchestra has found a treasure. Such mellow tone, and such perfect roundness and smoothness of the notes! The entire composition was magnificently played.

Beethoven's Symphony the Gem.

Beethoven's symphony, No. 5, in C minor, was the piece de resistance. Those who had waited in doubt until the second movement, settled back in content. It was wonderful the dignity, the strength, the subtle coloring and gradations of tone, and the artistic truthfulness of the reading. This was the greatest thing of the concert, and even the delightful Schumann, Bizet and Rubenstein numbers which followed did not efface in the least the impression which the symphony made. Two Wagner compositions, the "Waldweben" and the "Tannhauser" overture, formed a striking close for a concert with which the Pittsburgh orchestra takes a place among the greatest orchestras in the world. A stage of orchestral virtuosity has been reached which should not only be intensely gratifying to the players and their leader, but to all of Pittsburgh's people.

The arrangement of the orchestra has undergone some very interesting and important changes. The conductor's stand has been raised considerably higher than heretofore. The violincellos, basses and the wood winds occupy a raised platform immediately in the center of the stage, the first violins on the right, the second violins and violas at the left. The horn players are at the left back, and the brasses and percussion instruments at the right back, this corner being draped and heavily padded in order to deaden the tones which have hitherto been too distant. Another innovation is that the violin and viola players all stand while playing. As will be gathered from this description, these positions bring the volume of tone into better unity, and serve to place it higher, a change which is greatly appreciated and adds considerably to the acoustic values of Carnegie music hall.

Mr. Paur as a Conductor.

Mr. Paur is an energetic conductor. He does not use superfluous or exaggerated gesturings, but every move is full of meaning, decided and direct, and thoroughly expressive. His readings are not of the coldly intellectual character, for which let us utter a devout Laudeamus. Yet he does not overdraw the emotional, but all is well balanced and never once does he permit the audience to lose the predominant central idea. This, and his undoubted skill as a program maker should give Mr. Paur a popularity which has never before been enjoyed by a leader of the Pittsburgh orchestra.

John Morley, the honor guest for Founder day, was there with President and Mrs. Frew and so was the Hon. Seth Low, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia university was the guest of Dr. W. J. Holland. Their seats in the front row of the balcony were visited by many of Pittsburgh's leading citizens during the intermission. The three notables joined local patrons of the orchestra in encomiums of Paur and his incomparable players.

BOY KILLS SISTER.

Had Pointed Gun at Companion Who Teased Him—Denies Any Evil Intent.

CHAMBERSBURG, Nov. 3.—Charles Quest, aged 12, living near Green Castle, killed his sister, Elsie, aged 15, with a shotgun this afternoon. The girl was the housekeeper for the family and she wanted her brother to go to school. George Stickell, a companion, began teasing him, and young Quest pointed a gun at him. The weapon went off and the full load of shot struck his sister in the head.

Young Quest was placed in the county jail. He says he did not mean to kill anyone.

Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashley Bailey Silk Sale!

Painting Awarded Second-Class (Silver) Medal and $1,000

"A Rehearsal in the Studio," by Edmund C. Tarbell.

PAINTING AWARDED THIRD-CLASS (BRONZE) MEDAL AND $500

"Wilts and Gold," by Howard Gardiner Cushing.

WOMAN RECEIVED LETTER MAILED 10 YEARS AGO

Found in Pile of Foreign Mail in Wilkesbarre Office—Mystery of Delay Unsolved.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WILKESBARRE, Nov. 3.—Mrs. G. L. Reagan of Bloomsburg today received a letter which was mailed to her in Altoona 10 years ago by her brother, Joseph Dietrick. She did not notice the date and was startled to find the letter telling of the death of her brother's wife. Then the postmark on the envelope and the date of the letter were seen.

The mystery of the delay is not solved, however. The letter was found by Assistant Postmaster Charles Reese in a pile of foreign letters on the counter. It had been opened by mistake. The postmaster's theory is that 10 years ago someone got it, that it has since been lying in the house of this person and that some accident led to their returning it and placing it among the foreign letters to avoid discovery.

Bold Highwaymen in Sharpsburg.

Two bold daylight robberies were reported to the Sharpsburg police yesterday. In the evening a negro approached Annie Williams, a domestic, while she was walking along North Canal street, and snatched a handbag from her arm. The girl screamed for help and the highwayman fled. John Gardner, a blacksmith, had his pocket picked of $60 yesterday morning while in a Main street saloon.

How a Gown Should Be Cleaned

The New Process Makes It Look as It Did the Day It Was Bought.

The new process of the Linnekin Company for cleaning clothing of both men and women is revolutionizing things. This new process is as far different from the old method employed by other concerns as it is possible to imagine.

With this new process a woman's gown may be cleaned in such a way as to make it look perfectly new. It makes no difference how delicate the shade or fabric, the gown is restored to its original condition without the slightest injury.

Unlike the old process, this new process does its work so well that no one could tell that a gown had been cleaned. The old process invariably leaves some trace of the cleaning method employed, giving the garment a shabby appearance. Linnekin's new process is absolutely perfect. Prices are 20 per cent lower than other establishments.

E. J. LINNEKIN COMPANY.
General Dyers and Cleaners.
Main office, 902 Federal St., Allegheny. Branch offices, 506 Penn Ave. (opposite Horne's), and 127 South Highland Ave., East End, Pittsburgh.

BELLEVERNON METHODISTS HOLDING A CELEBRATION

Observing the Seventieth Anniversary of the Organization of First Class in That Place.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

BELLE VERNON, Nov. 3.—In celebration of the 70th anniversary of the organization of the first class in Methodism in Belle Vernon, special services began tonight and will continue till next Sunday. The Rev. J. T. Pender of Homewood preached this evening, and tomorrow evening the Rev. Dr. J. F. Murray, presiding elder of this district, will be the speaker.

The Rev. J. G. Sansom preached here in 1830, but the first class was organized by the Rev. J. H. Ebbert in 1834. In 1850 Cookstown (now Fayette City) and Belle Vernon were taken from the Redstone circuit and made into a station, with the Rev. J. F. Nessly as pastor. Until 1850 there were 21 ministers in the circuit, and from that date to this the church has had 27 pastors. In 1851 the first building was erected, the meetings prior to that year having been held at the homes of members of the congregation. Since then three other buildings have been occupied. The corner stone of the present handsome structure was laid in 1867. The following former pastors are expected to be here to take part in the anniversary celebration: The Rev. George S. Holmes of Indiana, the Rev. Joseph Horner of the Methodist Book Concern at Pittsburgh, the Rev. S. W. Davis of the Coke mission, and the Rev. George A. Sheets of Manorville. Local pastors will also make addresses.

ALLEGED ROBBERS CAUGHT AFTER A FIERCE BATTLE

Bridgeport (O.) Officers Flag a Train and Capture Men Suspected of Robbing Postoffice.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WHEELING, Nov. 3.—"Pop" Shirman and Will Murphy of Martins Ferry, O.; Clyde Hawley of Bellaire, O., and James McLaughlin of Niles, O., were arrested at Barton, eight miles west of here, this afternoon by the Bridgeport, O., police, headed by Mayor Junkins and Chief of Police Thompson.

The police flagged the Cleveland express on the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railroad, and after a desperate battle, in which all exchanged shots, the robbers were taken and placed in the county jail at St. Clairsville.

The officers were asked to arrest them by the police of Urichsville, O., where the men are suspected of robbing a postoffice last night. Some of the stolen goods also about a pint of nitro-glycerin and a full kit of burglar tools, were taken from the prisoners. They are also charged with other robberies.

MASSILLON, O., Nov. 3.—Four men are lodged in the Tuscarawas county jail on suspicion on having robbed the Strasburg postoffice this morning. The robbers also stole three horses, one of which was recovered. They secured but $13 at the postoffice.

WANTS INVESTIGATION INTO WENTLAND'S DEATH

Physician Who Attended Him Is Suspicious He Died of Arsenical Poisoning.

Coroner McGeary is investigating the death of Stanley Wentland, aged 51, of 2700 Stella street, South Side, who died last night from symptoms of arsenic poisoning. He had been ill for some time and was attended by Dr. W. H. McCombs. The physician was notified last night that his patient was worse and found Wentland dying. The physician asked the coroner to investigate, as he thought his patient died from poison.

William Cousin, aged 40, died at the Allegheny general hospital from injuries received by a flatboat falling on him last night on the Allegheny shore under the Union bridge. Cousin was caulking the boat, which he had raised on end. While at work the boat fell on him, crushing his ribs and he died at the hospital. He was a riverman and lived in a shanty boat.

Charles A. Carter, aged 31, of 307 Miller street, Knoxville, died at the Homeopathic hospital yesterday afternoon from injuries received by a plank falling on him at the Dollar Savings bank, Fourth avenue, an hour before. Carter was an electrician and was working under some stone cutters. In some way a plank from the stone cutters' scaffold slipped out of its lashings and struck Carter on the head, fracturing his skull.

H. G. Clerget, aged 36, of 250 Atwood street, died at the Allegheny General hospital as a result of rupturing a blood vessel in his head while vomiting.

Alexander Morton, colored, aged 48, died at his home yesterday in Homestead from injuries received a year ago.

Pasquela Rochetti, an Italian, who was shot last Sunday night near Saw Mill run by James Gilardi, a fellow countryman, died at the South Side hospital yesterday from his wound. The men had been drinking with a number of Italians and Sunday evening, when they had some words in the roadway, Gilardi shot Rochetti. Gilardi escaped. The last heard of him was out on the Washington pike, where he attempted to hold-up two men in a buggy and take the rig from them.

George Porter, aged 24, of 51 Trinity street, Washington, Pa., died at the South Side hospital yesterday from injuries received by falling off a telephone pole near Hays station earlier in the day.

Thomas Sweeney, aged 14, of McKeesport, yesterday found the body of a male child in a sewer at that place. The body was removed by the police and is believed to have been alive when placed there.

A Baltimore & Ohio brakeman, reported to the morgue authorities as Fitz Wolf, died at 5 p. m. yesterday at the Mercy hospital from injuries received an hour earlier at the Glenwood yards, where he was crushed between two cars.

COMPANY RETALIATES.

Cars Quit Stopping in Everson Because of the Repeated Arrests of Conductors.

CONNELLSVILLE, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—As a retaliation for repeated arrests of conductors by officers of the borough, the Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Connellsville Railway Company today cut out all stops in Everson, except one, and that to permit cars to pass. The borough officials complain that the railway employes repeatedly violate the speed laws, which require that cars pass through the borough at a rate of speed not greater than six miles an hour. The last arrest was made on Tuesday night, when Conductor David H. Eick was arrested and compelled to put up a forfeit of $50.

Today the officials decided to take an appeal to the county courts and make a test of the case.

Don't Wait

for an ache or pain to get a firm hold upon you in the form of some disease——

The time to put out a fire is the second it starts——

The time to cure an ill is the second you feel it coming on——

The longer the delay——the harder the cure——

Now Is the Time

to buy a bottle of Hamlins Wizard Oil and be ready when the trouble comes——

Rheumatism——Neuralgia——Sore Throat——Grip——Lame Back——Stiff Joints——Sprains——Bruises——Burns——Scalds——Pain from any cause——Hamlins Wizard Oil will positively cure——Get the genuine——HAMLINS——

Price, 50c. and $1.00.

FOR SALE AND RECOMMENDED BY

All Druggists

THE BEST TALENT AMONG CABINET-MAKERS builds our furniture—that's your GUARANTEE of its excellence. —*If you could accompany our representative when placing his orders and hear the emphasis he lays upon the "thoroughness of every feature of the furniture" you wouldn't wonder that our trade is loyal to us—*

$50 FOR THIS EARLY ENGLISH OR GOLDEN OAK BUFFET BOARD.

OUR CLOSE MARKING POLICY KEEPS PRICES ALWAYS MODERATE.

JOHN M. IRWIN & SON
635-637 SMITHFIELD ST.

EXPERIENCE TEACHES

Beer fit to drink requires long years to learn to make. Select the product of such breweries as can prove their experience by the test of time.

You are given the benefit of our long research and complete equipment in the draught and bottled beers which are the

PITTSBURG BREWING CO. PRODUCT

Costs no more than the ordinary kind.

The Sign of Beer Excellence

At all Bars and Cafes.

FOR WOMEN

The 60,000 fastidious women of Pittsburg will be interested to know that a separate complete department for Women's Regals has been opened at 439 Smithfield Street.

There are 75 new Fall Regal Women's styles—not one of them a careless shape-experiment, but each one a faithful copy of a new model designed by one of the exclusive bootmakers of Paris or London or New York. Whatever your preference may be as to heel, toe, sole, height, shape, weight or leather, you will find we have anticipated you.

Regal Women's Shoes have every one of the advantages of latest style, perfect fit and permanent shape-retention that characterize Regal Men's Shoes. And a good share of the voters of Pittsburg will witness that the Regal—sold everywhere and always for $3.50—is actually a "six-dollar shoe at the wholesale price."

All models in quarter sizes—there are 288 fittings in each of the 75 new styles of Women's Regals.

Send for Style Book. Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Sold direct from tannery to consumer. The largest retail shoe business in the world. 30 stores in principal cities from London to San Francisco.

Regal Shoes for Women

PITTSBURG
MEN'S STORES: 439 Smithfield Street 433 Wood Street.
WOMEN'S STORE: 439 Smithfield Street

Work less; but use **20-Mule-Team Borax** in Kitchen and Laundry.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 335, November term, 1904.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a public sewer on Herman street, from Gardner street to a point 487 feet west, Thirteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

GEO. JOHNSTON,
S. T. McCLELLAND,
J. G. REEL,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 336, November term, 1904.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a public sewer on Cemetery avenue, from Meade street to an unnamed 20-foot alley, Twelfth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

GEO. JOHNSTON,
S. T. McCLELLAND,
J. G. REEL,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 354, November term, 1904.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a public sewer on Ohio street, from Ravine street to the east line of house of Chambers heirs, Eighth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

GEO. JOHNSTON,
S. T. McCLELLAND,
J. G. REEL,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 352, November term, 1904.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a public sewer on Harrison avenue, from Clifton avenue to Euclid avenue, Tenth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

GEO. JOHNSTON,
S. T. McCLELLAND,
J. G. REEL,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 351, November term, 1904.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a public sewer on Ebenman street, from Perrysville avenue to property line of W. McChester, Second ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

GEO. JOHNSTON,
S. T. McCLELLAND,
J. G. REEL,
Viewers.

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Opposite Smithfield St.

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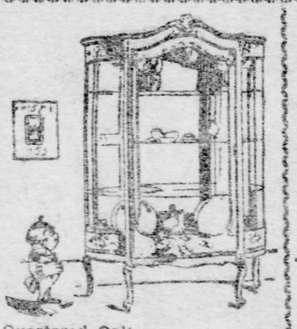

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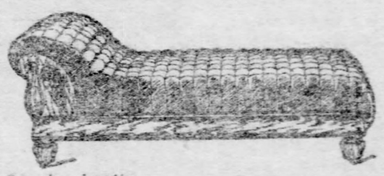

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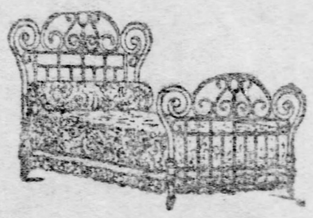

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GOVERNOR MEETS BRADDOCK VOTERS

State's Chief Executive Gets Warm Greeting from Citizens of Mill Town.

SIZE UP OF THE TWO PARTIES

Every available inch of standing and seating room in Carnegie hall, Braddock, was taken up with an enthusiastic audience of citizens who wanted to hear the issues of the campaign discussed by Gov. S. W. Pennypacker and the Hon. John Dalzell.

Braddock was full of enthusiasm for the occasion. Red fire burned along every street. Marching hosts with bands paraded the streets and hundreds were turned away who could not force their way into the hall. The meeting was preceded by a parade, participated in by marching clubs from McKeesport, Port Perry, Versailles, Turtle Creek, East Pittsburgh, Wilmerding, and all along the Monongahela and Turtle creek valleys.

At the hall the meeting was called to order by Professor J. Edward Little, who introduced the chairman of the evening, Robert D. Stewart. The audience had previously given three cheers for the governor, for Mr. Dalzell, and for Fred Edwards, who was announced as "the next register and recorder of Allegheny county."

Chairman Stewart got right down to work and with but a very brief speech of introduction introduced Gov. Pennypacker as the first speaker of the evening. Gov. Pennypacker's advance to the front of the stage was greeted with a tremendous burst of cheers, and the temper of the audience was really shown by the hearty greeting afforded the state's chief executive. The governor said:

Governor Pennypacker's Address.

I have come all the way from Harrisburg to be with you this evening in this town, which is so strong an exemplification of the principles advocated by the Republican party.

At the outset I would say the Republican and Democratic parties differ not so much in principle, as in time. The Democratic party occupies substantially the same ground—only about 20 years afterward. The Democratic party approved of the war conducted by the Republican party under Abraham Lincoln—after it was over. It approved of the payment of the national debt in gold—after it had been paid. The leader of the Democratic party today, Mr. Parker, is conceding that he was wrong four years ago when he supported Mr. Bryan and his free silver fallacies. He sent a noted telegram in which he said that question is irrevocably settled. Now, you see, he has caught up and is only four years behind. After the lapse of time he may come to be a Republican in the present.

The Democratic party is like a man riding in a railroad train facing to the rear. He only sees events after they are past. But I believe the Lord never created anything in vain. This country, I believe, is better off because of the Democratic party. Their province is to criticise and to keep us, perhaps, from being foolish. The party is like the brake to a wagon. It contributes nothing to the motive power, but if you are sliding down hill it is a mighty comfortable thing to have along. It is like the anchor to a ship. In the harbor it is all right. But a ship is intended to sail out on the seas, to visit distant ports, to gather the trade and the commerce of the world. And when it starts on its voyage it is always necessary to lift the anchor, take it abroad, and carry it along. And that is what the Republican party has been doing for the Democratic party for 40 years.

Election a Foregone Conclusion.

This, men tell us, is a very quiet campaign. That is easily explained. The Republican party has so wisely administered the affairs of this nation, the people are so prosperous, the tradesmen are so well satisfied, that it is practically a foregone conclusion that all are satisfied to continue as they have been going. All men admit (and I include the New York Herald) that the result of the election is already a foregone conclusion.

Mr. Parker has endeavored to make some issues. The accidents of war have given to us the Philippines. Mr. McKinley and Mr. Roosevelt took up the task of regenerating these people, of giving them schools and courts, where they would be safe in trusting their persons and their property. Mr. Parker says this is all wrong, that we have no business there. What he would do, if he were president, would be to give them their independence—as soon as they were fit for it. He knows they are not fit now and cannot be during the four years he would be president if he were elected. But if we have no right to these people now, we have no right to hold them for an instant. The time for him to make his pause good, if he were elected, would be the day after he were inaugurated president.

If this is true, as he claims, of the Philippines, we have the same condition in New Mexico. What was acquired as the result of a war. It was a Democratic war, a war of aggression, brought about and fought for the purpose of extending the system of slavery. New Mexico has been under our care since 1847. Her people are fitted for self-government. They have learned of our institutions. Why should they not be told to go and shift for themselves, now that we have organized them and brought them to the place where they are able to look after their own affairs?

The Democratic idea of liberty and independence is like the Tennessee farmer's wife's idea of piety. When the Methodist minister asked her if her husband lived in the fear of the Lord, she said she reckoned he did, for he never left the house without taking his gun with him.

Parker's Opposition to Wealth.

Mr. Parker wants to limit the accumulative power of men. He would stop men from getting very rich. You people of Braddock are intimately connected with one of the richest men in the world. According to Mr. Parker's idea, he would rather keep every man in the world poor, than allow Andrew Carnegie to grow rich. For my own part, not having any great riches, I cannot understand what a man wants with so much money. But you who live here, on this ground which, but a few years ago, was the lurking place of the ambushed savage, who awaited a chance to sink his knife into the breast of the white pioneer, you know that while Andrew Carnegie has grown rich here in Braddock, he has also built up a city of prosperous working people and well-to-do merchants, a city of 20,000 people.

Mr. Parker is opposed to the tariff. Well, now, my way of looking at the tariff is to look at its results. The Good Book says: "By their fruits ye shall know them." If I go to a doctor and he begins to talk to me about allopathy, and homeopathy and osteopathy and a lot more of these big words, and I discover that all his patients are out in the cemetery, I don't want that doctor. I am something of a farmer. I often hear my fellow-farmers talking about fertilizers and about sod ground and about how deep to plow. But the real test, to my mind, is 125 bushels of corn to the acre in the crib. Now look at parties in the same way. The Democratic party held this country, and when it left it the country was split in twain and a long and bloody war was the result. The bonds of this nation were sold at 80 cents on the dollar. When the Republican party took the government in hand it took it in a time of stress and turmoil. Now it shows a country that is reunited, that has increased its population from 30,000,000 to 80,000,000 and multiplied its valuation many times. It shows a people who are contented, prosperous and happy. "By their fruits ye shall know them." That is the way to look at political parties.

Afraid of Unlucky People.

The Democrats explain the periods of depression that have come on the country by saying that it was merely a coincidence that they happened during Democratic administrations. Well, there are business men who think it a risky matter to employ an unlucky man. When I see a man who is continually failing, when I see a farmer whose cattle are dying of sickness, whose sheep are diseased, whose hogs will not stay well, whose crops are continually being damaged, I form the impression that it is not all due to the acts of God, but that there is something wrong with that man. And I think it good business policy for the people of this country to refuse to place an unlucky party in charge of their affairs.

Gov. Pennypacker's remarks were frequently interrupted with applause and he carried his audience with him from the start. When he concluded there was a tremendous outburst, and the great audience, which filled every seat in the house, cheered for several minutes. While the governor makes no pretense at being an orator, there is no doubt that no speech has been made in Braddock in many a campaign which was more convincing or accomplished more sound results than that of the chief executive.

Gov. Pennypacker was followed by the Hon. John Dalzell, who spoke at length on the matters which are concerning the nation at the present time. Mr. Dalzell is the congressional nominee from that district and his greeting was hearty from his constituents. The Hon. Josiah Cohen also made a few remarks. The meeting was one of the most successful Braddock has known for many a day.

DRASTIC RULE FOR PRIMARIES

Vote for Roosevelt and Fairbanks Not Enough to Entitle Republicans to Participate.

CITY COMMITTEE'S NEW RULES

The Republican city committee has spoken. Republicans who vote for Roosevelt and Fairbanks next Tuesday will not be allowed to vote at the Republican primaries in January unless they also voted for Republican councilmen at the municipal election last February. This decision of the city committee was taken last night and was unanimous. The city committee thereby upset the work of its committee on rules, which had recommended that a Republican vote at the coming election shall entitle the elector to take part in the next primaries.

The meeting of the committee lasted from 8 p. m. until 11:30 o'clock. Fully a score of members took part in the debate concerning the changes in the old rules offered by the committee on rules. Very few members protested against the amendment shutting out Citizens-Republicans, but many objected to amendments which, they maintained, gave the city chairman too much power.

Chairman M. G. Leslie called the meeting to order and the roll call developed that 98 of the 114 members were present. The first debate was on the motion to strike out rule nine. The rule provides that all proposed changes in the party rules must be printed in two Republican newspapers, and it was to avoid undergoing this expense that it was to be stricken out.

Senator Magee Objected.

Ex-Senator William A. Magee, Jr., opposed the abrogation of rule nine, because, with it stricken out, amendments to the party rules could be adopted by a majority vote, instead of by a two-thirds majority. Ex-Senator Magee was opposed to many of the new rules and he held that with rule nine remaining the amendments could not be adopted so easily. W. E. McElhaney, W. A. Magee and others took the same view. William M. Benham explained that if rule nine were allowed to remain the new rules could not be considered and the committee would have to adjourn, as it would have no business before it. The motion to strike out rule nine was carried by a vote of 82 to 21, Senator Magee, W. A. Magee, Samuel J. Wainwright and John Upperman being among those voting in the negative.

The new rules prepared by a committee, of which Mr. Benham was chairman, were then taken up. Rule two treats of district associations and abolishes the three registering officers. This was adopted after E. T. Morlan's motion to reinstate the three registering officers had been voted down. It was explained that the registry officers never had, in fact, anything to do and the new rule simply put the work on the city committee, where it had always rested.

One-Sided Debate.

An almost one-sided debate was caused by the new rule naming the qualifications of those entitled to vote at the Republican primaries. The old rule specified that these qualifications consisted in having voted the Republican ticket at the preceding election. The new rule provided that to be qualified to vote at the primaries the voter must have voted the Republican ticket at the two preceding elections, except that any elector who votes the Republican ticket next Tuesday should be deemed a Republican voter. This was to open the party doors to electors who on state or national issues are Republicans but who in last February voted for non-Republican candidates for city councils.

E. T. Morlan wanted the last named provision stricken out, so that none could vote at the next Republican primaries unless he had also voted with the Republicans last February. F. C. Beinhauer said that would be a gross injustice, as it would hurt many good men who wanted municipal reform but had mistakenly voted for non-Republicans in a desire to effect that reform. William McClure, W. D. Stadler, John King and several others spoke in favor of Morlan's amendment. It was finally carried, almost unanimously.

What the Rules Provide.

The draft of the new rules provides that the city chairman could appoint a committee of three from the city committee to decide contests of district delegates. This was opposed by Wainwright, John Upperman and others, and it was finally amended to read that such contests must first be heard by the officers of the district associations in which they occur and that the dissatisfied contestant shall have the right to appeal to the city committee, the chairman of which shall appoint a committee of three to decide the contest and award to one of the contestants a prima facie right to a seat in the conventions following the primaries.

The new rule permitting the city chairman to appoint 15 Republicans not members of the committee on each of the finance and campaign committees, was adopted, after John Upperman and S. J. Wainwright had spoken in opposition. Other minor changes went through without debate and then the new rules were adopted, Wainwright being the only member who voted against the adoption of them.

FINEST MEETING OF ALL AND OLD-TIME PARADE

Tomorrow's Republican Gathering at Old City Hall, and Turnout of More Than a Score of Clubs.

The biggest Republican demonstration of the campaign will come off tomorrow night. Senator P. C. Knox will be the chief speaker at the meeting to be held in Old City hall, but while the meeting is in progress an old-fashioned parade of marching clubs will enliven the city streets. Twenty marching clubs have already signified their intention of parading and it is expected that notices will come from other marching organizations asking for a place in the long line. These are the clubs that have already said they want to march:

Tariff, American, Eleventh Ward, James Francis Burke of the Nineteenth ward, Twenty-second Ward, Grand Central, Roosevelt and Fairbanks Commercial, Adolph Edils, Dr. A. J. Barchfield's, McKees Rocks, Joseph G. Armstrong of the Twenty-ninth ward, P. C. Knox of Allegheny, First Ward Roosevelt and Fairbanks of Allegheny, Allegheny Military Company, Roosevelt and Fairbanks of Vandergrift Heights, Fred W. Edwards of North Braddock, Lincoln of New Brighton, Elkins Cadets of Wheeling, W. Va.; Scott Cadets of Wheeling, W. Va., and the Steubenville Marching club. Any other clubs which wish to turn out are requested to notify Chief Marshal H. P. Bope.

The clubs are to form in Grant street and will be placed in the parade on their arrival at the place of formation. The tariff club will act as escort to the chief marshal. The American club, which is to act as escort to Senator P. C. Knox and the other speakers at the massmeeting in Old City hall the same evening, will, after having performed this escort duty, take its place in the left of the line. It is the order that the parade shall move at 8:30 promptly over the following route: Fifth avenue to Dinwiddie street, to Center avenue, to Fulton street, to Wylie avenue, to Fifth avenue, to Market street, to Sixth street, over the Sixth street bridge to Federal street, to Beaver avenue, and to Ohio avenue, where the review will be held in front of the Elks' club room and the parade dismissed.

Col. H. P. Bope, chief marshal of the parade, besides appointing Col. Thomas W. Dana chief of staff, has invited the following to act as aids on his staff, acceptances from most of them having been received: H. J. Lindsay, W. S. Linderman, H. S. Bope, F. L. Sieen, S. S. Wales, A. R. Hunt, L. T. Brown, J. W. Williams, J. H. Beal, George B. Mothersal, Frank Patterson, Harry F. Davis, D. L. Gillespie, Rodger H. Keech, H. H. Rowse, Ralph Flinn, Taylor Allderdice, Harry A. Ross, James I. Buchanan, John S. Scully, C. E. Clapp, W. S. Dalzell, B. H. Evans, W. C. Fownes, J. Ramsey Speer, George S. Gerritt, William M. Hall, W. D. Hartman, John W. Hubbard, W. T. Magee, David Reed, J. W. Rhodes, Judge Elliott

Zangwill on Zionism
In The Sunday Gazette

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 4, 1904.—PAGES 9 TO 16.

Mr. Dooley's Philosophy
In The Sunday Gazette

THE BIG COLLEGE TEAMS ARE DOWN TO SOLID WORK

SUBS WILL GET CHANCE TO PLAY

Coach Mosse Wants to Save His Regulars, and Will Use Extra Men Tomorrow.

A LIVELY GAME IS LOOKED FOR

Western university will have practically a new team on the field tomorrow afternoon at Exposition park for the game with Waynesburg. After the practice yesterday Head Coach Mosse made up his mind to play the subs in this game and save the regulars for the game with University of West Virginia here next Tuesday. He would not give the exact make-up of his team, but promised to form a combination that will give Waynesburg a hard battle.

Some of the experts have a fine regard for the subs, and rate them almost as high as the regulars. Mosse admits that the material is most promising, and points to the fact that the team is remarkably fortunate in having three fine quarterbacks. He says there is very little difference in their ability.

The decision to use the subs tomorrow was received with considerable enthusiasm by the students as they realize the importance of having a fresh team saved for election day when the West Virginia eleven will invade Exposition park.

Mosse thinks that the subs can win from Waynesburg if they play anything like the game they put up against the varsity in practice. He will be prepared, however, for any emergency, and if the visitors get too gay he will rush in some of the regulars.

The doctors decided that it would not be safe for Capt. Joe Thompson to play on Saturday. He was out yesterday for practice, but did not exert himself as much as usual. Two of the players who will line up against Waynesburg have been seen before. McCormick, son of the chancellor, will be one of the half backs. In the Susquehanna game he made a long run that is still being talked about. Another player will be Sullivan, who astonished Susquehanna by his kicking in practice.

The sale of reserved seat tickets for Tuesday's game was brisk yesterday. As usual, the students will try to get possession of the east end of the right field bleachers for their rooters and band, but yesterday they grabbed 100 seats in Section A for their friends and relatives.

AMATEUR FOOTBALL GOSSIP.

The Emeralds will play at Homestead Saturday.

The Devils A. A. will play the Allen A. C. Saturday.

The Edgar Thompson steel works team will play at Latrobe Saturday.

The Brushton Mohawks will play the Suburban A. C. at Brushton Saturday.

The Larimer A. C. will play the Pittsburgh College Independents election day.

The Lawrenceville second team would like to know if the game with the Bisons is good.

The Westlake High school and Columbia A. C. will come together at Elliott park Saturday.

The Sterling A. C. of Wilkinsburg will line up against the Clippers of Turtle Creek Saturday.

The Lawrenceville A. C. is scheduled to play Copeland A. C. Saturday on Lawrenceville's grounds.

Maplewood has November 5 and 8 open for any 85-pound team. Call 1953 Court and ask for Kinley.

The Brighton A. C. challenges all 75-pound teams. Address M. McPherson, 24 Brighton place, Allegheny.

Franklin A. C., 50-60 pounds, wants a game at home for Saturday. Call R. C. David, Eichbaum Company.

The Colonial Indians have Saturday open. Any 40-pound team call 1184 Court and ask for vouchering department.

The Labelle Juniors of Allegheny challenge all 60-pound teams. Address Morris Bopp, 1211 Manhattan street, Allegheny.

The Pioneers would like to know if the game with the Alma Tigers is good for Saturday. Call 9616 R Cedar. Ask for C. Smith.

The Kishon Tigers challenge all 30 to 35-pound teams. Address Walter Owston, care Mesta Machine Company, West Homestead.

The Inwood A. C. has November 7, 9, 11, 15, 19 and Thanksgiving open for 40-pound teams. Address Earl V. Jones, 51 Inwood street, city.

The Idlewood club wishes a game for Saturday with some 80-pound team at Idlewood. Address manager Idlewood Football club, Idlewood.

The Pastime Reserves will practice this evening at Central park. Good 75-pound teams address William J. McAllister, 2440 Bedford avenue.

The Plymouth Indians want a game for Saturday with any 75-pound team. Call 15 P. & L. E., or write W. B. Gillespie, 418 P. & L. E. depot.

The players of the South Side team will report for practice this evening. South Side will play the Hazelwood Indians at Recreation park Saturday.

The Lowell second team would like to hear from good 75-pound teams for November 5 and election day. Call 2798 R Highland and ask for Crouse.

The Herron Hill team would like to hear from some good 85-pound team for Saturday at Herron Hill park. Address J. Moore, 1816 Frick building.

The Idlewood A. C. is without a game for Saturday, and any 75 or 80-pound team call up Idlewood pay station between 7 and 8 o'clock and ask for George Hissel.

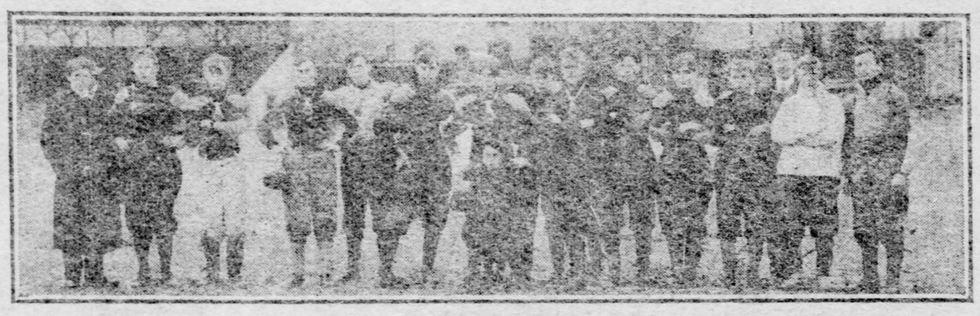
The Bellevue Y. M. C. A. third team has November 19 and Thanksgiving day open for good 45 to 50-pound teams. Address George Wasson, 107 Hallett place, Bellevue.

The Devilns, 75-pound team, was disappointed by the canceling of the Pequot game next Saturday. Teams wanting the date address Julius Greder, 52 Fourteenth street, city.

On the Denny grounds, West End, Wednesday afternoon, the West End board of trade and the West End A. C. met, the latter winning, 46 to 0. The feature was the center rushes of "Deacon" Gibson.

Iron City will practice this evening, and all players report at 3875 Butler street at 7:30 sharp. Iron City has election day and Saturday, November 12, open. Address C. W. Dittrick, 3815 Butler street, city.

CLAYSVILLE (PA.) HIGH SCHOOL SQUAD



Left to Right—Campsey (manager), Elder, Hair, W. Hancher, Wolfe, Selby, McCracken, Lutes (mascot), D. Hancher, Buchanan, Lindsey, Chapman, Shiplet, Prof. Lutton (coach), Wright, Bell (captain).

ALLEGHENY PREPS HAVE CHANGES IN BACK FIELD

Kiski Players Badly Injured, Result of Rough Game—Big Eastern Contest.

The Allegheny Preparatory school eleven will go to Washington, Pa., Saturday to play the Trinity Hall team, the first of a two-game series. The second game between these rivals will be decided Friday, November 18, at Exposition park.

Allegheny Prep. will present a different back field Saturday, due to injuries to players. Tustin, left half, has a bad wrist and will not be able to play. Either Cellars or Worcester will play the half. Capt. Reiter, who has been playing right half, will be at quarterback against Trinity Hall, Hagan going to the side lines. Hagan weighs but 107 pounds and is too light for such an important game. Fife will be at fullback.

The Preps are practicing daily at the Colosseum and Coach Snitjer has the team rounded into fine form. Capt. Reiter predicts a victory over Trinity Hall.

Kiski.

The Kiski players who escaped the Connellsville game of last Saturday uninjured practiced yesterday. There were six men on the field. Capt. Harry Gordon, who had his knee twisted Saturday, got out of bed yesterday and McCreight has been confined to his room ever since. Edward Corbett, the big center, had his arm injured so badly that a physician yesterday said it is hardly likely he will play again this year.

Bakewell had his collar bone broken and is out of the game for sure. "Boog" Cunningham had a bone broken in his right foot. Kumler, right tackle, and Irons, right guard, were centers of attack by the Connellsville players and both are still feeling the effects of the battle.

Capt. Gordon declares it was the roughest game he ever played in and expresses the hope that Kiski will never play again any athletic teams. "I never saw such roughouse tactics. The Connellsville players acted like a bunch of tough prize fighters throughout. At one time the game was interrupted by a free-for-all fight among the players. We won the game easily, but no more of such battles again for me," said Gordon.

Clyde Seanor, the star tackle of last year's team, was out for practice yesterday, but is still weak from fever. He worked but a short while, running through the signals. The Washington High school will be played Saturday at Saltsburg and the second team will be played against the visitors.

Pittsburgh High School.

The High school team had regular practice yesterday preparing for the game with East Liberty Academy Saturday at Friendship park. The team is showing improvement with each practice and a victory over East Liberty is looked for. Werner is still doing good work at quarter and Dave Johns is playing the right end acceptably.

Big Eastern Game.

One of the most important prep. games in the country Saturday will be played at Lawrenceville, N. J., between Andover and Lawrenceville. This will be the eighth game between these schools. Andover having four to its credit. The scores are: 1894, Lawrenceville 22, Andover 6; '95, Lawrenceville 12, Andover 10; '96, Lawrenceville 16, Andover 4; '97, Andover 42, Lawrenceville 4; '98, Andover 11, Lawrenceville 0; '99, Andover 30, Lawrenceville 11; 1903, Andover 23, Lawrenceville 0.

The games of recent years have been going to Andover and this year Lawrenceville is not in any too good shape. Three men are on the hospital list, Don. McKaig, the Pittsburgh boy, being one of them. McKaig has a sore side. He has been kicking in rare form, his punts going for 50 and 55 yards. He has been drop-kicking for goals from the 45-yard line. Andover will play Exeter November 12.

Shadyside.

The Shadyside coaches would not let the first team go off the field yesterday until it had scored 10 touchdowns on the scrubs. It took the first team nearly two hours of hard work to accomplish it, and when the task was completed it was a weary crowd that walked off the field. Jay Hall was on the scrub team yesterday.

Shadyside will play the W. & J. scrub team tomorrow at Washington.

HOWARD RISHER DENIES THE RESIGNATION TALE

The report was circulated in baseball quarters yesterday that Howard Risher has tendered his resignation to the Carnegie Steel Company, as manager of the Homestead L. A. C. baseball team. The report was denied by Risher and the people at the Homestead library last night.

$12.60 to St. Louis and Return Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Tickets with seven-day limit—good in coaches only—on sale every day except Friday and Saturday. Through trains leave Pittsburgh 8:30 a. m., 1:30 and 8:30 p. m., daily.

FIVE CITIES TO COMPRISE THE NEW HOCKEY CIRCUIT

Meeting Will Be Held Tomorrow in Chicago—Spittal to Manage Pittsburgh Club.

A meeting to complete the organization of the American Hockey league will be held at the Auditorium annex in Chicago tomorrow. This is the second gathering of the kind, the first, at which the league was formerly organized, being held in Chicago a month ago. Since then another city has applied for admission. When admitted the league will be composed of five clubs, Houghton, Sault Ste. Marie and Calumet, Mich., Sault Ste. Marie, Canada, and Pittsburgh. The officers of the league are A. S. McSwigan, Pittsburgh, president; A. L. Ferguson, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., vice president, and James R. Dee of Houghton, Mich., secretary and treasurer.

The object of tomorrow's meeting is to adopt a schedule, playing rules, constitution and by-laws, etc., for the league. These have been drafted and are now in shape for adoption. The regular season will open December 1, and close the first week in March. In the northern country where the teams play on natural ice, the ice softens and cannot be depended upon after March 5. It is not known whether Pittsburgh will open the season at home or abroad.

Manager McSwigan of Duquesne garden is not yet ready to announce his team. He has secured all but two of his seven. On account of the formation of the league and the expected boom to hockey all the players are demanding fabulous salaries on the assumption that the rinks must have their services. This has led to lesser hockey lights applying for places in the league. The garden management has a stack of applications.

Charles D. ("Baldy") Spittal of Ottawa will captain and manage the Pittsburgh team. He played with the Victorias last season and part of the season before, and is one of the best defense men in the game anywhere. Several others of last season's local championship team will wear a Pittsburgh uniform this winter.

The Garden skating season will open a week from next Wednesday night. It has been the custom for years to open the skating season the day before Thanksgiving day, but on account of the great interest being taken in the matter this season it was decided to open ten days earlier than usual. The plans for this season include the holding of fancy dress skating carnivals about once a month.

Racing Conditions Not Favorable.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Nov. 3.—The matinee trotting events and exhibition trials of Lou Dillon and Dan Patch have again been postponed on account of rain and slow track. Secretary Howe believes the track will not be in condition for fast time until Monday and another postponement is looked for tomorrow.

FOX, TIRED FROM CHASE, HIDES AND IS CAPTURED

All Dogs Start at Zoar, Instead of Running Derby—Ninety-Five Hounds Compete.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CANAL DOVER, O., Nov. 3.—Instead of running the "Derby" at the Zoar fox hunt today, all dogs were allowed to start, and two very successful chases were had, one in the morning and one in the afternoon. The hunting party this morning consisted of over 100 men, and a territory of probably 3,000 acres was gone over.

The pack of 95 hounds made the woods ring with their weird cries as one fox after another was chased from his hiding place. Altogether seven of the cunning animals were pursued during the day, only one of which was captured, however. The animal, becoming fatigued from the long chase, hid himself in the corner of a fence, where he was soon overtaken by the foremost hounds in the flock. The riders, following in hot pursuit, in a short time were on the scene, and soon had Mr. Fox captured alive and placed in a cage. An effort will be made to secure one or two Friday morning, and these with all the foxes now in possession of the hunters will be released on the plains between Zoar and Bolivar on Friday afternoon.

As Friday will be visitors' day, a large crowd of spectators has already started to gather. There were two ladies in the chase today, Mrs. George Silver of Uniontown, Pa., and Mrs. James Gordon of Zoar. They seem to be among the most enthusiastic of the riders. Another hunt will be held at Zoar during the week beginning Monday, December 25. This meet will be conducted by the members of the Zoar Kennel club, of which John U. Snyder, president of the Tri-State Fox Hunters association, is also the chief executive.

LOOKING FOR A FIGHT.

Boston Pugilist Wants to Meet Some of the Local Men.

Charley Fanning, a Boston boxer who has been in the ring in Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston, is now located in the city and is desirous of securing a match with Eddie Kennedy, Fred Broad or Chris Hummler, Kennedy preferred. His weight is 158 pounds. He is anxious to get something to do soon and will box at 158 or 160 pounds.

So well does he think of his chances and ability and that he can defeat any of the above boxers, that he is ready to back himself to the extent of $100 or $200 should any of them think that the gate receipts will not pay them.

Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashley Bailey Silk Sale!

YALE PRACTICES FAKE KICK PLAY

Harvard Still Sore, Fears Dartmouth—Cadets Ready for Tigers Saturday.

FROM THE OTHER COLLEGES

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Nov. 3.—The fake kick play was practiced on Yale field this afternoon so many times that it gives color to the statement that the play will form part of the standard Yale offense in the big games. The play is effective, for it never failed to gain good distances today against the scrubs.

The whole afternoon's work was absolutely in contrast with that of yesterday. The varsity team, though minus the services of Shevlin and Neale, ends; Hogan and Bloomer, tackles, put up an excellent team offense, and their dash took the momentum out of every attempt made by the scrubs to gain through the line or around the ends. The quickness of perception of the team has improved also, for today they repeated the safety made a day or two ago on the quarterback kick when near the scrubs' goal line, forcing the halfback, who caught the ball, over the line, instead of throwing him to the ground, as usual.

After scoring in this way the scrubs were given the ball to kick off. It went to Stevenson, who ran it back to mid-field. On the next play he made a 25-yard gain. In three rushes straight through the line the varsity scored a touchdown.

The Yale freshmen had their last scrimmage today in preparation for their championship game with Princeton, 1908, on Saturday, at Princeton. More than 15,000 tickets of the 31,000 to be issued have been applied for by Yale graduates and students for the Harvard game. As the Yale share has been reached, the management has announced that a public sale is not possible. Every mail brings late applications which can only be filled if Harvard men do not exhaust their quota.

West Point.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 3.—(Special.)—The Cadets had their last hard practice today before they face the Princeton kickers Saturday. The work today was the most encouraging of the week, the team getting together and putting up a defense something like their old style.

During the short scrimmage today the scrubs were unable to cross the varsity goal line and had their own line crossed for a touchdown by Hill. Both Torney and Prince came out of the scrimmage early, Smith and Watkins replacing them. The absence of Capt. Graves Saturday will greatly weaken the Army team. The coaches gave many of the subs a try-out on the varsity today in the positions likely to need substitutions Saturday. After the slump the guards and ends have had the past week their work today brought joy to the Army followers, who were anything but enthusiastic after yesterday's practice.

Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Harvard had its last hard football work this afternoon before meeting Dartmouth on Soldiers field Saturday. Dartmouth got the better of Harvard last fall, and it looks as though the New Hampshire college stood a good chance of doing the trick again this year, for Harvard has not yet recovered from the Pennsylvania game of last week.

Several men upon whom Harvard is relying for her strength have not been in the game since last week, the most notable case being that of Capt. Hurley. The Harvard team has shown more life and fight, however, this week than ever before, and Dartmouth will have to play a stronger game than did Pennsylvania to win.

Today's practice of the Harvard squad was again ragged and crude, due to the over-anxiousness of the men to get into the play. Both the varsity and the substitutes were off-side continually. In the scrimmage between these two teams neither side scored, the substitutes putting up a strong defense and as they were continually off-side they broke up the varsity plays before they could get under way. After the substitutes were worn out the second eleven was put against the varsity and they also played the first team to a standstill.

The encouraging feature of the day's practice was the improvement in open field tackling by the varsity men.

Princeton.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 3.—(Special.)—The Tiger practice this afternoon was part open and part secret, and on the whole bore an almost evenly divided burden of encouragement and disappointment. In the open work the regular men were to a great extent displaced by subs, whose work proved much more creditable. McCormick was back in the game, and was a tower of strength on the secondary defense, which in itself was weak, and in his line plunging he fairly excelled himself. Burke took a relapse and passed the ball in a way that will surely scare the Tigers stiff, if he doesn't improve in the West Point game.

In general the team's offense was very strong, and the defense was fair. Dutcher did some miserable work, and the scrub regularly bowled him over like a nine pin. In the secret half, however, there was a different story to be told of the team's work. While the scrimmage was one of the hardest the team has experienced this season, the work, especially on the defense, took an unexpected downward step, and proved thoroughly discouraging. Miller's punting was in keeping with the lamentable work done by the whole back field.

Herring, who has been playing tackle in Stannard's place, got a bad wrench in the knee, while Stannard didn't even have on his togs. Defense and offense were so poor that the varsity failed even to score. General fear is felt regarding the West Point game, and it is doubted whether the Tiger lineup will be as strong as in the game with Cornell.

WILL MAKE THE TRY.

New Yorker Will Attempt to Send a Motor Boat Across the Ocean.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Although M. Charley's offer to give $10,000 to the first motor boat that crosses the ocean has been surrounded by so many conditions that it is almost impossible to win, Lewis Nixon's concern has decided to send a gasoline motor boat across the water early next month. It will be the first thing of the kind ever attempted, and the result will be awaited with interest by experts and by the public in general.

According to the present plan the 90-foot motor boat, which has been building for some time, will be started on the southern route across the Atlantic and will be delivered to its owner in the Mediterranean. The boat will be equipped with two engines, each of 300-horsepower, and will be manned by a crew of eight men, including pilots, chauffeurs and the head operator, Philip Adams, who showed to such advantage with his racing automobile on the Empire track last Saturday.

AFTER THE RECORD.

Earl Kiser Will Attempt to Outdo Barney Oldfield's Speed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Earl Kiser, holder of the one-mile automobile record of 52 4-5 seconds, jealous of Oldfield's recently-acquired laurels, has sent word to New York that he will appear at the Empire City track election day meet for an attack on all world's records up to 15 miles. Apart from holding the mile record, Kiser is credited with the fastest times from 15 to 22 miles and aspires to have all the marks to his credit.

Believing that the Empire City track is the fastest course in the world, Kiser writes that he will try only for records and will not compete in the regular races.

McClelland Preparing for a Bout.

Jack McClelland will start today to get in shape for the boxing show to take place near here on Monday night, November 14. His opponent will be announced in a few days and will be one who will make McClelland exert himself to be returned the winner. Loudon Campbell has shown a desire to meet Jack, but the weight may be where a hitch will occur.

Beaver A. C. to Meet.

The Beaver A. C. will have a special meeting next Sunday afternoon, when the date for the first smoker of this winter season will be decided upon.

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if Stein-Bloch made, reflects on you the becoming light of good taste, good judgment and good looks. That's the way with all

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SPORTSMEN'S BARGAIN SALE
Special Prices this week as long as the lots last. Come early.

One Lot Hammerless Double Barrel 12 ga. Shotguns at..... $15
One Lot Repeating Shotguns, 12 ga., "Take Down," at..... $15
Big Variety Single Barrel, Breech Loading Guns, priced at..... $4 And upwards.
Repairing of all Firearms at low rates.
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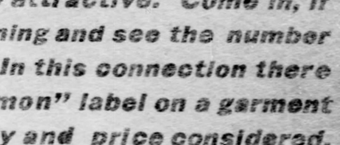

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A comprehensive showing of single and double-breasted long and short box coats, Surtouts, Paletots and standard Overcoats for the more conservative dressers—All "Just Right."

$15 to $60

Suits in all fashionable shades of Brown and fancy mixtures.

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New Livery and Automobile Clothes,
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TODAY
Boys' Tan Topcoats and Reefers, 3 to 16 size, $5.00

McCreery and Company,
Wood Street at Sixth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH.

Store closes Saturdays at 6:30 p. m. Other days at 5:30 p. m.

SOLOMON'S
K. SOLOMON & COMPANY, Smithfield and Diamond Sts.

Thinking of Buying Clothing?

If you are going to invest in a suit of clothes or overcoat before the week is over, we would suggest that it will be to your interest to look over the splendid stocks from which we offer a selection at prices uniformly attractive. Come in, if possible, before the store closes at 6:30 Saturday evening and see the number of special things we have to offer to this week's buyers. In this connection there are two things well to remember—one is that the "Solomon" label on a garment is a guarantee of satisfaction, and the other is that, quality and price considered,

There Is No Better Clothing Sold Anywhere

Men's Suits and Overcoats at $15.

The suits are in a pleasing selection of styles and patterns—either single or double-breasted sack styles. Made of fancy cheviots and cassimeres, as well as plain colorings. The topcoats are of serviceable coverts, in the latest shades of tans and greens; as well as some very neat fancy effects. Full silk lined. Skillfully tailored in a way that will please judges of good clothing. Also long raincoats, in fancy patterns or plain colorings. Garments which have distinctive style and character and worth every cent of their price of..... $15

Men's Suits and Overcoats at $20.

Single or double-breasted sack suits, in new mahogany and wood browns, as well as latest mixtures and overplaids in other tones. Ultra-fashionable topcoats in short box styles. Made of fine quality imported coverts, as well as black unfinished worsteds. Also longer overcoats of finest heavy-weight materials, either belted or plain. Garments that will give absolute satisfaction, at..... $20

Men's Suits and Overcoats at $25.

Extremely smart suits, in either form fitting or straight front styles. Choice of the newest browns which are so much worn, as well as grays and other fashionable shades and patterns. The very highest grade ready-to-wear coats, in fashionable lengths and of the best materials. Swagger long effects, with belted or plain backs, in a wide range of patterns and colorings, including browns and black. Extraordinary inducements at..... $25

PARKER DARE NOT ATTACK MR. BLISS

Wilson Tells Why Democratic Candidate Heaped Abuse Upon Roosevelt.

JUDGE MISSTATED THE FACTS

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture, in an address at the mass meeting conducted by the Scandinavian Republican clubs of Chicago at the Auditorium theater tonight, accused former Judge Alton B. Parker, the Democratic nominee for president, of making misstatements in his recent speeches in the east. Secretary Wilson spoke as follows:

Judge Parker says the president appointed his private secretary to be secretary of the new department of commerce and labor so that he might obtain corporation secrets, and then had him appointed chairman of the national Republican committee so that Cortelyou might blackmail the corporations for campaign purposes.

The creation of this department was suggested by the national board of trade and urged by the business men generally throughout the country long before the law creating it was passed. It was President McKinley who first recommended it to congress, and it was he who selected Mr. Cortelyou as its first secretary, so that through him the president could direct its organization. President McKinley died by the hand of the assassin and when President Roosevelt took the oath of office he promised to carry out the McKinley policies. He has done so, and this among others.

Cortelyou does not collect, handle nor disburse campaign funds. Mr. Bliss does that and Parker does not attack Bliss in New York. Parker is ignorant of these facts; he attacks in a blundering manner McKinley, Roosevelt and Cortelyou just as he misstated the facts about the expenditures in the Philippines, hoping to reach the White House through the most remarkable attacks on men of honor and honesty ever witnessed by the American people.

SAYS TRUST CONTRIBUTED $1,000,000 TO CAMPAIGN

Henry G. Davis Declares Republicans Received Big Contribution from One Concern.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

DAVIS, W. VA., Nov. 3.—Henry G. Davis, Democratic vice presidential candidate, delivered his 13th speech of the day here tonight. Mr. Davis is putting the finishing touches on the borough campaign he has made in his own state. He will talk all day tomorrow and make his last speech Saturday night at Belington.

Assisting Mr. Davis in the speaking is John T. McGraw, national committeeman from West Virginia; C. Wood Dailey and J. J. Caniff.

Tonight Mr. Davis declared that one single trust contributed $1,000,000 to the Republican campaign funds. He did not name the trust. Mr. Davis spent some time tonight in eulogy of Judge Parker. He would make the best president, he said, since the civil war.

On his own labor record, Mr. Davis told his audience in the mining town of Elk Garden that he had never discharged a man because of his affiliation with a labor union, and that he had never permitted the use of an injunction in a labor dispute. All along the line the crowds largely represented the population of the towns visited. The speeches were well received.

At Henry, where Mr. Davis has just erected a public school house, the school children greeted him in line, each pupil bearing a flag. At Davis tonight the opera house was crowded and the speech making continued for over two hours.

STEVENSON SAYS TARIFF IS ONLY CAMPAIGN ISSUE

Former Vice President Declares That Other Questions Are But of the Hour.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

PRINCETON, IND., Nov. 3.—Former Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson of Illinois addressed a political meeting in Princeton tonight. Mr. Stevenson's address was well received. He said in part:

In my judgment the tariff is the supreme issue in this campaign. Other questions may be but of the hour—they will pass with the occasion—but this is ever with us. It has to do with providing needed revenue for the support of our government. When perverted from its original purposes, as under the present law, it becomes an engine of oppression and imposes grievous burdens on the people. Tariff reform is imperative. This can only come through the instrumentality of the Democratic party.

No prophet is needed to tell us that there will be no readjustment or revision by the party now in power. I have no hesitation in declaring the tariff the paramount issue in this campaign. Upon this issue—well to the forefront—the Democratic party in 1892 achieved a victory unparalleled during the last 50 years of its history.

NO TERROR TO TRUSTS.

Attorney General Moody Says Combines Are Not Frightened by Parker's Common Law Remedy.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., Nov. 3.—Attorney General William H. Moody addressed a large crowd here tonight. He said in part:

"Judge Parker said in a recent utterance that it was not questioned by the trusts that a Democratic administration will enforce the law. I am not in the confidence of the trusts and do not know what their belief is. I doubt if they are much terrified by Judge Parker's statement that the common law affords a complete remedy for the trusts. I doubt if any lawyer in the land agrees with Judge Parker in this statement, and he has never made it plain by what rules of common law any action for the suppression of trusts may be taken into the federal courts."

BOTH CLAIM NEW YORK.

Republicans and Democrats Are Preparing Final Estimates of Majorities in the State.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Nearly all the final estimates of county majorities, both Republican and Democratic, are in and are being scanned by the state leaders, who will make their formal predictions for the state the last of this week. It is believed in political circles that the Republican managers will claim the state for Roosevelt by from 60,000 to 80,000, and for Higgins by from 20,000 to 30,000. The Democrats, it is expected, will claim the state for Parker by about 30,000 and for Herrick by about 40,000.

Careful inquiries indicate that the Republican leaders are confident that Roosevelt will carry the state and fairly confident of Higgins' election.

NATURALIZED BY DEMOCRATS.

Manager of a Company Store Takes About Forty Foreigners to Keyser, W. Va.

CUMBERLAND, MD., Nov. 3.—(Special.)—About 40 Polish miners and coke workers were taken from Thomas to Keyser, W. Va., yesterday to be naturalized. They occupied a special car and were in charge of H. C. Berry, manager of the Davis Coal and Coke Company's store at Coketon. All expenses of the men were paid by the Democratic committee.

The following persons who were refused registration have taken appeals, which will be heard in the circuit court for this county on Saturday: The Rev. George M. de F. Zecharias of this city and George C. Bohlschhart, William G. Bailey and Alvie Nickel of Frostburg.

St. Louis World's Fair
Pennsylvania Lines
$12 Coach Excursions
From Pittsburgh Union Station.

Seven-day tickets, good in coaches only, sold for five daily trains on Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays of each week over the Pennsylvania lines.

STANDARD OIL IS DENIED BY PARKER

Candidate Says the Company's Interests Are With the Republican Party.

MAKES TOUR OF CONNECTICUT

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

HARTFORD, CONN., Nov. 3.—Four enthusiastic audiences greeted Judge Parker today, on his only visit to the state in the campaign, and in several other places through which his special train passed he was given rousing impromptu welcomes. The Democratic candidate left New York during the forenoon, and speed was slackened at Stamford and South Norwalk before the special train reached Bridgeport, where the first stop was made.

The principal speech of the trip was in this city tonight, though other receptions were held in Bridgeport, New Haven and at Meriden, where an address was made from the rear end of the train. This speech dealt with the question of trusts and the candidate attempted to refute the charge that the Standard Oil Company is the financial sponsor of the Democratic party, and charged that the company's interests are with the Republican party.

The meeting in this city was one of the greatest of the campaign in this state. Judge Parker was given a warm welcome.

New Doctrine Preached.

Judge Parker spoke at Bridgeport, Conn., as follows:

During the past few years an entirely new doctrine has been preached. Its logic is that whatever else we have done in the world, whatever human imperfections may still exist so far as the levy of taxes is concerned, we have reached absolute perfection. The phrase "standing pat," used to denote this idea, may not be elegant, but it is at least precisive.

It would be interesting if the time permitted to inquire what this country and the world would have been, if at different periods during the past few hundred years, our ancestors had thought of this doctrine and had accepted it.

It might, for instance, have been used 250 years ago to perpetuate all the abuses of feudalism. There was much in that idea, and in the resulting system of government which was interesting. The castle from which armed retainers went forth to battle, either for an idea, or for defense, had great fascination for many minds, and it has, perhaps, added a tinge of interest or even glory to Mexican historical romance.

A great many people in the world were sure that the work of James Watt was, to say the least, superfluous; some even thought it dangerous, but he refused to "stand pat" and the world has been able to progress by reason of his thought and action.

An Interest in Young Men.

At New Haven, Judge Parker spoke in part as follows:

For a number of years now I have been delivering a course of lectures at the Albany Law school. This work and the personal contact with these bright students of the law—many of whom are helping themselves as I did when taking my law course in that same institution—gives me an interest in young men which is steadily growing.

It is, perhaps, inaccurate to say that this work has given me this interest. It is probably more than to anything else to a kindly act of a great judge—Chief Judge Church. The recollection of this may his ready sympathy helped me gave me the motive for a deep interest in young men. I remember as if it were yesterday standing before that great jurist in my first case, weighted down with the responsibility of making an effective presentation of my client's cause.

At the moment I rose to begin my argument I feared failure. Chief Judge Church, divining my difficulty, bowed and said: "Now we will hear you, Mr. Parker."

My nervousness disappeared as by magic under the influence of his friendly act and kindly tone. I plunged into the argument at once. When the decisions came down, my case had been won, as good fortune would have it, and the chief justice had written the opinion.

In the many years I have been on the bench, in hardly a case has a young man appeared in court that Chief Judge Church's kindness to me did not flash over me. And I have been trying all these years to discharge the debt I owe him by treating the young man coming into court as he treated me.

The Strenuous Life.

In my experience I can recall no stronger illustration of the truth of the saying "that the good we do lives after us." It has become a fashion during recent years to exhort our young men to lead what has been called "the strenuous life." Not content with our universal activity in industry, our work in the conquest of a continent, and the effort to spread our popular ideas to all the world and thus to make ourselves an example for other peoples who are looking toward freedom and opportunity, the conclusion seems to have been reached that somehow we had overlooked something.

We have always had an efficient army of brave soldiers, well commanded. It has been so sufficient for our needs that we have been able to resist the onslaught of the savage, to ward off foreign aggression and to settle our own internal troubles.

But this does not seem to satisfy. We must be strenuous, not alone in all things which make for good, for safety, and for permanence, but we must be strenuous in adventure, for personal glory, and even in looking for a fight. It is apparently not enough that we shall be active in every moral and religious movements, in everything that can promote education, in the training and the discipline of our youths—these, apparently, do not assure real progress. So we are invited to turn aside from these into those lines of activity and adventure which smack of the crusades and of the time when the moated castle was the only home in which human beings could be fairly said to have a right to live.

Democrats Are Congratulated.

Judge Parker spoke as follows at Hartford:

I have a peculiar pleasure in coming to this state to which I am bound by ties of the closest nature. My first duty is to congratulate the Democrats of Connecticut upon the high and conspicuous quality of their state ticket. It is composed of men of such character and ability that they reflect credit, not alone upon their own state, but they bring strength to the cause in every state, and to your chosen leaders in the nation an encouragement for which, in my own name, and in that of my associates, I thank you.

I have taken frequent occasion since the opening of the pending canvass to direct attention to the doctrines upon which our institutions are founded and to the examples, both as to men and to policies which our history affords. It is scarcely necessary for me to avow that this has not been done in order to exalt the past unduly, but for the purpose that we are entitled by right as we are forced by duty, to recognize the depth and the solidity of the foundations upon which our institutions have been built.

A Way to Increase Shipping.

If we have by their practice come from small beginnings, through hard condition and out of simple surroundings and have overcome all the drawbacks incident to the pioneer work of humanity, then they are the more necessary when we have become numerous, wealthy and powerful. Sight should never be lost of the fact that the obligations of people like those of individuals increase with their opportunities.

We are taught that where much is given, much is also required; but we are now here told that success comes either to a nation or to an individual as the result of violence and force. Our duty to the world, can, therefore, best be done by following time-honored precepts and by emphasizing our old examples.

You in Connecticut and your neighbors along the New England coast realize perhaps better than any other part of our people, what foreign trade means. From the earliest times of our history, your ancestors braved the perils of the sea, to satisfy their desire for adventure and in obedience to that law of supply and demand, which, under normal conditions, must regulate exchanges between the different countries of the world. Your people knew what it was to have ships with thrifty, prudent captains who, in the spirit of equality shared, year by year, with their daring and industrious crews the profits of voyages to the east. One of the great statesmen of our time, looking forward in imagination to the building of a Pacific railroad said:

"There lies the east, there lies India."

Long before this time the people of New England and our Atlantic coast had so realized that great fact. Its realities were not new to them. The time has again come when we need ships of our own, but they should be built, not at the cost of the government not from taxes drawn from all the people, but as a result of the enterprise of our people. They should be designed and constructed by the ingenuity of our foreign-trade operated by our seamen and owned by our people. Every landing place along these limitless coasts of ours ought to be a nursery, however, rude for the sailors. Our products with other countries should be carried in American bottoms, and that almost infinite demand by our people for the products of other countries, should enable us to bring them everything that their maternal comforts, education and progress makes it necessary for desirable for them to use.

Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashley Bailey Silk sale!

MASS MEETING OF RECALCITRANTS

Montague Hits at Republicans for Benefit of Democratic Independence Party.

USES ATTACK ON CORTELYOU

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Press Building,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., Nov. 3.

The first big Democratic meeting in the city since the opening of the presidential campaign was held tonight in the Academy of Music under the auspices of the Democratic Independence party, the faction that is opposing the regular Democratic city organization. Gov. A. J. Montague of Virginia was the principal speaker. He spoke for one hour and a half, during which time he mentioned Judge Parker's name but once. His address was made up of happy expressions and pointed comments on the work of the Republican party.

William Drayton presided over the meeting. Henry Budd was also one of the speakers. After talking for the greater part of an hour on the protective tariff question from the Democratic viewpoint, Gov. Montague devoted himself to a personal attack on President Roosevelt and Republican National Chairman Cortelyou. He repeated the anonymous charge that Chairman Cortelyou was chosen chairman because of his knowledge of corporation secrets which he obtained while serving as the head of the department of commerce and labor.

Without attempting to give any authority for his statement, Gov. Montague bluntly said that the president had chosen Mr. Cortelyou for the two positions because the one prepared him all the more for the other. After styling Mr. Cortelyou as a "mere typewriter and stenographer," chosen "without qualification" for a cabinet position, Gov. Montague said:

As head of the department of commerce and labor Mr. Cortelyou was able to obtain much knowledge regarding the weak spots of corporations. After obtaining that information he resigned. Now we have the spectacle of Mr. Cortelyou visiting the offices of those corporations, and after alluding to the fact that he had called once before, remark that his hair was on the desk across the room and that he would leave town in the morning.

Here are several "shots" delivered by Gov. Montaague which he regards as ranking among his best efforts:

We want a man, not with his feet on the Constitution and his hand on the sword, but a man with his foot on the sword and his hand on the Constitution.

To me a greater danger over the American people today is the lawlessness that is sweeping over the country.

Regarding the Philippine question, it must be said that if we are right in Cuba we are wrong in the Philippines, and if we are right in the Philippines, we are wrong in Cuba.

Republicans say that we have grown to our present position because of the protective tariff system. We Democrats say that we have reached our present position despite the protective tariff system.

Republican policies mean special privileges to the few. We say that the government has nothing to give to a man unless it takes it from a number of men to give to a few.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

THE DEATH ROLL

Mrs. Harriet Reynolds Wilcox.

Mrs. Harriet Reynolds Wilcox, aged 88, the oldest member of the Provident Presbyterian church of Allegheny, is dead at the home of her son, George J. Wilcox, 327 First street, Aspinwall. Mrs. Wilcox was born in Wasall, Staffordshire, England, where she spent her youth. In 1839 she married John Wilcox, and in 1843 came to America with her husband and three children. They settled in Allegheny where she lived for 39 years, going to Aspinwall in 1902 with her son, with whom she had lived since the death of her husband in 1891. For 50 years she was a faithful member of the Provident Presbyterian church, Liberty and Madison avenues, Allegheny. She is survived by one child, George J. Wilcox, two grandchildren, Miss Hattie and George F. Wilcox, and one great grandchild, Edward H. Wilcox, all of Aspinwall. Funeral services will be held at the home of her son tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Miss Rachael Eleanor McCracken.

Word was received in this city by relatives of the death of Miss Rachael Eleanor McCracken on a Pennsylvania railroad train near Chicago yesterday. Miss McCracken was a daughter of William McCracken of 120 Forty-first street, Lawrenceville, and was on her way home with her parents from Boulder, Col., where she went last August in the hope of benefiting her health. Miss McCracken was born in this city about 25 years ago and had lived here all her life. She was a member of the First Reformed Presbyterian church and of the young peoples societies connected with the church. Besides her parents, two brothers, J. E. and W. W., both of this city, survive. The remains are expected to arrive in the city this morning.

J. F. Loudin.

J. F. Loudin, who founded the organization known as the Loudin Jubilee Singers, died at Ravenna, O., yesterday, aged 62. Mr. Loudin was born in Charlestown, Portage county. His parents were poor, and he attained success solely through his own untiring work. He leaves a fortune estimated at $100,000. In 1874 he joined the first jubilee singers in Memphis, Tenn. Afterward he became owner and manager of the organization. His travels extended over almost the entire world. A year ago, broken in health, he returned to Ravenna from Scotland, which country he had been touring with his singers. He was a member of Grace Presbyterian church in Pittsburgh. He is survived by his wife and a sister.

Mrs. Ray R. Dobbins.

Mrs. Annette Dobbins aged 27, wife of Ray R. Dobbins, died at her home, 809 Holland avenue, Wilkinsburg, yesterday. She was born in Convoy, O., and lived in Baden, Pa., until going to Wilkinsburg a year ago. She was a graduate of the Normal university college at Ada, O., a member of the Order of Rebecca in Convoy and of the Second Presbyterian church of Wilkinsburg. She is survived by her husband, a 2-year-old daughter, and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Wilt of Convoy.

Joseph N. Clutter.

Joseph N. Clutter, aged 90, died at Waynesburg yesterday at the home of his son, John N. Clutter. He was a farmer, and until a few years ago superintended the work of his farm himself. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and was a Democrat. The following children survive: Clark Clutter of West Union, Warren Clutter of Pittsburgh, Frank Clutter of Ninevah, and John and Mary Clutter of Waynesburg.

Mrs. Nancy Stern.

Mrs. Nancy Stern, aged 84, an early resident of Johnstown, died late Wednesday night at a hospital after a long illness. She was born near Johnstown and resided there the greater part of her life. The remains were taken to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Sherman Stroup, in Comedie avenue, Braddock, where services were conducted last night. She is survived be one daughter, Mrs. Stroup, and one son, Frank Stern of Johnstown.

Miss Alice Stottlemeyer.

Miss Alice Stottlemeyer, aged 19, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Stottlemeyer, in Washington avenue, Braddock, yesterday afternoon, after a long illness due to consumption. She was a member of the First Congregational church of Braddock. Besides her parents the following brothers and sisters survive: Frederick, William, Eliza, Nina, Amanda and Ella.

John P. Carmack.

John P. Carmack, aged 42, general superintendent of Moorhead Brothers' mill in Sharpsburg, died at 6:30 yesterday morning at his home, 5029 Powhatan street, Shadyside, of brain fever, after an illness of one day. He was a native of Westernport, Md., and had been a resident of Pittsburgh for the last 10 years. He is survived by his widow, a daughter, his mother and a sister.

W. Byron Hastings.

W. Byron Hastings died yesterday afternoon in the house in which he was born at Kittanning. He was 65 years old. He leaves one sister, Mrs. George W. Devereuke. He was for many years a member of the First Presbyterian church. He was a son of the late William Hastings, and was one of the best known residents of Kittanning.

Obituary Notes.

Miss Mary Curns, aged 80, is dead at her late home in Eloe, Washington county.

Mrs. Maria Kerns Fisher died at the Home for Aged Women at Salem, O., aged 86.

Mrs. Catherine Chesney, wife of John Chesney, is dead at her late home at Rose Point, Lawrence county, aged 87. She was a lifelong United Presbyterian. Robert Chesney of Coraopolis is a son.

Mrs. Viola Culver, 67 years old, widow of Charles Culver, one of the founders and owners of the Elgin watch works, died at Worcester, O., Wednesday night. Mrs. Culver, whose home was in Canada, was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Taggart, wife of Maj. E. B. Taggart of the United States army.

MORAL SUASION IS POOR DEFENSE

Parker's Army and Navy Argument Torn to Tatters by Taft.

SPOKE TO IMMENSE AUDIENCE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Nov. 3.—Secretary of War William H. Taft was the principal speaker at the final Republican rally in this city tonight in the Hyperion theater. He was given a warm reception and was cheered to the echo, the applause continuing several minutes when he arose to speak. The audience was so large that by orders of the fire marshal the doors were closed and hundreds were unable to gain admission several minutes before the meeting opened. The top gallery was reserved for Yale students who enlivened the wait for the speakers with cheering and songs.

Secretary Taft in opening said that there was no need for defending President Roosevelt before a college audience or one whose intelligence had led them to read and study, informing themselves upon the great questions of the day. The speaker ridiculed Judge Parker's suggestion that instead of fortifying the ports of the country and adding to the navy and army this country should rely upon moral suasion. He further said: "Does Judge Parker seriously mean that we should disband our small army, destroy our forts, sink our navy just for the sake of using moral suasion upon other nations, should danger of hostilities arise? In view of what is now happening between Russia and Japan that sort of advice seems hardly wise."

He said that the American people have spoken in support of enforcement of the Monroe doctrine and that the only possible way of enforcing it and of defending the country against danger of attacks is to be ready with the means of defense. He added that the guns now mounted call for an artillery arm of 28,000 men, but that only 14,000 men are in the artillery branch, and yet if war should come two or three times 28,000 men would be needed.

He charged Judge Parker and the Democratic campaign speakers with being guilty of slander in their charges of corruption hurled against self-sacrificing men and women in the government schools of the Philippine Islands.

PARKER HELD STOCK IN SHIPBUILDING TRUST

But He Escaped Abuse of Hill, the Prince of Villifiers, Says Odell.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Gov. Odell made several speeches in New York city tonight. At a mass meeting in the Amsterdam opera house Gov. Odell referred to his challenge to Judge Parker to tell "if he had ever been connected with a trust," and how when the reporters put the question to him he had declined to answer it.

"I was reading the Law Journal tonight," he said, "and I found a decision written by Judge Parker in June in which he laid down the most drastic lines of law affecting the trust where fraud had been perpetrated. I honor him for it because I think that is a step in the right direction, but what would have been the case if it had been known when he wrote the opinion, if he had been a Republican, that he held stock in the shipbuilding trust. Do you think if he had been a Republican judge he would have escaped abuse by that manless man, the prince of villifiers, that hater of womankind, David B. Hill?"

MANY VOTERS PRESENT.

Republicans of Thirty-Second Ward Held Rousing Mass Meeting.

Republicans of the Thirty-second ward held a rousing mass meeting in Maennerchor hall last night. The meeting was preceded by a parade through the principal streets of the ward, headed by the Eleventh Ward Marching club and followed by voters of the Thirty-second ward and a line of carriages containing prominent Republicans of the district.

Over 1,500 voters were present when Common Councilman T. A. Milby, chairman of the meeting, introduced Daniel Ashworth as the first speaker. C. E. Theobold, Elmer Brown and Samuel Hibbs also addressed the meeting.

POPULIST CAMPAIGN HAS COST LESS THAN $1,800

JOLIET, ILL., Nov. 3.—Replying to charges that the Republicans were supplying funds for the Populist campaign, James J. Ferriss, national chairman of the Populists, today said: "The entire amount of our funds up to date for this national campaign, involving the work of placing the ticket upon the ballot, has been less than $1,800, and every dollar of this was contributed in small amounts by Populists."

Could Not Indict Anyone.

CLEVELAND O., Nov. 3.—The grand jury which has been making an exhaustive investigation into the charge that money was used to bribe delegates at the late Republican county convention, today rendered a report that the evidence was not sufficient to justify an indictment against any one.

Large Majority in Wisconsin.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Amos Parker Wilder, editor of the Wisconsin State Journal, who on Tuesday spoke at the Taft meeting in Carnegie hall, stated to a reporter that Wisconsin will give its electoral vote to Mr. Roosevelt by a large majority, perhaps 75,000.

Fire Routs Two Families.

Fire damaged a small frame dwelling at 5014 Culver street, East End, early this morning, causing a loss of about $200. The house was occupied by the families of Daniel Staples and William Manse, both colored. The occupants escaped without injury. The origin of the blaze is not known.

Secretary Hay Ill.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Secretary Hay is confined to his home with a cold, which is not serious. Mr. Loomis is acting as secretary of state during the secretary's indisposition.

You can trust a medicine tested for sixty years

Sixty years of experience, think of that! Experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla; the original Sarsaparilla; the strongest Sarsaparilla; the Sarsaparilla the doctors endorse for thin blood, weak nerves, scrofula, exhaustion, general debility. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass

FIRST BIRTHDAY FOR REPUBLIC

People of Panama Celebrate the Anniversary of Gaining Their Independence.

ROOSEVELT SENDS A MESSAGE

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

PANAMA, Nov. 3.—Independence day was celebrated throughout the republic of Panama with great enthusiasm. President Amador received messages of congratulation from President Roosevelt and from prominent people in many parts of the world. The celebration will conclude November 7.

COLON, Nov. 3.—Today's celebration of the Independence of Panama was an orderly one. High mass was celebrated in the morning and in the afternoon there was a meeting at which municipal officers delivered orations. This was followed by a reception tendered by Porfiro Melendez, civil and military governor of Colon, Commander Merriam of the American cruiser Dixie, the consular officers and many other persons attending. The Dixie fired a salute of 21 guns at noon. Tonight there was a display of fireworks and a public ball. The town is decorated in red, white and blue, and pictures of President Roosevelt, President Amador and Gov. Melendez are prominently displayed.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT CONGRATULATES AMADOR

Sends Message to Executive Head of Panama Government—Obaldia Remembers First Anniversary.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—President Roosevelt today transmitted through the state department the following cablegram to President Amador of Panama:

His Excellency, President Amador, Panama:

Accept the felicitations of this government on the first anniversary of Panama independence.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The Panama minister sent the following:

Full of enthusiasm on this our happy day, I send greetings to the people and chief executive of my native land. Let us put aside our fruitless political differences and loyally unite our efforts to the aggrandizement of Panama in homage to its manifestly bright future. OBALDIA.

SAYS NO ONE BELIEVES THRUST AT MR. ROOSEVELT

Secretary Shaw Declared He Had Thought Judge Parker a High-Minded Gentleman.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Secretary Shaw passed through Chicago this morning on his way to Grand Rapids, Mich. When asked if he had replied to Judge Parker's charge that the president used Mr. Cortelyou to get campaign contributions from the trusts as the price of immunity, the secretary said:

"No, I have not yet mentioned it. In every reference to the Democratic candidate I have gone on the assumption that the distinguished jurist was a high minded gentleman, and in every way worthy to be the candidate of a great party for the highest and most dignified office ever held by man.

"If the charges he makes against the president of the United States, now his opponent, are true, then President Roosevelt should be impeached, and thereafter he should be sent to the penitentiary.

"Of course, no self-respecting citizen would believe such a charge against any president this country has ever had. No one of them has been that base."

ATTEMPT ROBBERY NEAR THE WRECKED POSTOFFICE

Three Men Enter Store at Chicora. Shots Fired at Thieves and Holdup at Butler.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BUTLER, Nov. 3.—Robbers and highwaymen were again busy last night here and in Chicora.

Two men attempted to enter the residence of Engineer Austin Anthony of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh railroad. Mrs. Anthony fired three shots at the men and they fled. It is reported attempts were made to rob half a dozen other houses.

At Chicora an attempt was made to rob Scharbach's jewelry store, directly across the street from the postoffice, which had been wrecked the night before, and immediately adjoining the borough lockup. After gaining entrance, the thieves awakened Mr. Scharbach and his wife, who were asleep above the store, by letting a tray of watch chains fall. Scharbach went to a rear window and two men on the ground below pointed guns at him and ordered him to keep quiet. His wife ran to a front window and screamed for help. The robbers fled.

While walking with a young man near the court house in this place last night, Miss Margaret Loughton is said to have been robbed by her companion of her handsatchel and purse, containing $16. Ralph Kennedy has been arrested.

Mr. Knox to Inspect Proposed Site.

ERIE, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Senator P. C. Knox will come here Monday to see the Algeria stock farm, the proposed site for the naval training station. He will be the guest of Mayor Hardwick.

COAL FURNISHED SCHOOL WOULD NOT MAKE STEAM

The high school committee met last night. Mr. McEwen reported that at the request of the janitor of the South Side High school he had inspected the coal furnished for the building. He found it very poor in quality and said that steam could not be kept up with it. Secretary Reisfar was directed to notify the contractor to furnish good coal or his contract would be cancelled.

ROOSEVELT WILL GET 75,000 IN WISCONSIN

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Amos Parker Wilder, editor of the Wisconsin State Journal, stated today that Wisconsin will give its electoral vote to Mr. Roosevelt by a large majority, perhaps 75,000. Of the intense factional strife in that state Mr. Wilder said: "It is probable that Gov. LaFollette will secure his third term."

Miss Rose Hennessy, well known as a poetess and elocutionist, of Lexington, Ky., tells how she was cured of uterine inflammation and ovaritis by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I have been so blessedly helped through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I feel it but just to acknowledge it, hoping that it may help some other woman suffering as I did.

"For years I enjoyed the best of health and thought that I would always do so. I attended parties and receptions thinly clad, and would be suddenly chilled, but I did not think of the results. I caught a bad cold eighteen months ago while menstruating, and this caused inflammation of the womb and congested ovaries. I suffered excruciating pains and kept getting worse. My attention was called to your Vegetable Compound and the wonderful cures it had performed, and I made up my mind to try it for two months and see what it would do for me. Within one month I felt much better, and at the close of the second I was entirely well.

"I have advised a number of my lady friends to use it, and all express themselves as well satisfied with the results as I was."—Miss Rose Nora Hennessy, 410 S. Broadway, Lexington, Ky.

The experience and testimony of some of the most noted women of America go to prove beyond a question that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all such trouble and at once, by removing the cause, and restoring the organs to a normal and healthy condition.

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—About two years ago I consulted a physician about my health which had become so wretched that I was no longer able to be about. I had severe backache, bearing-down pains across the abdomen, was very nervous and irritable, and the trouble grew worse each month. The physician prescribed for me, but I soon discovered that he was unable to help me, and I then decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and soon found that it was doing me good. My appetite was returning, the pains disappearing, and the general benefits were well marked.

"You cannot realize how pleased I was, and after taking the medicine for only three months, I found that I was completely cured of my trouble, and have been well and hearty ever since, and no more fear the monthly period, as it now passes without pain to me. Yours very truly, Miss Pearl Ackers, 327 North Summer St., Nashville, Tenn."

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health more than a million women, you cannot well say without trying it "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, do not hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. Her advice is free and helpful. Write to-day. Delay may be fatal.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

DO YOU WANT A PIANO?

We offer two hundred $225.00 Upright Pianos at $195.00 each, terms of payment are $10.00 down and $1.00 per week.

These are good durable pianos, beautiful in tone and finish and guaranteed for 10 years.

We purchased the entire stock of a manufacturer at a great sacrifice and are giving our friends the benefit of it from now until Christmas.

Come now and make your selection.

ALEX. ROSS PIANO CO.

714 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.

SMOKE SATISFACTION

ISN'T entirely a matter of quality. You'd rather have your exact size in a three-dollar hat than a five-dollar one that didn't fit.

You'd rather have a cigar that exactly fits your taste than a better one you didn't like. Whether cigars cost $2.50 or $45.00 per hundred, their real *value* lies in their power to satisfy the smoker.

Taste fitting—complete assortments, together with absolute and unvarying uniformity—is the corner stone upon which we have built our great business.

If you've never tested it we'd like to have you try a

CIGARS UNITED

Captain Marryat

(THE NEW SUPERIOR SIZE)

5 cents each, $2.50 box of 50, $5.00 per 100

Filled with Havana tobacco exclusively. Wrapped with genuine Sumatra and rolled by hand. One of the cigars that has built our big business—there's no better Domestic cigar at any price.

Delivered *prepaid* by the hundred to any address in the United States on receipt of price. Remit to Flatiron Building, New York.

UNITED CIGAR STORES CO.

509 MARKET ST. 500 SMITHFIELD ST. 440 WOOD ST. 6107 PENN AVE. FIFTH AVE. AND GRANT ST.

PORT ARTHUR'S DOOM SEALED

Japanese Gain Positions Which Put Citadel's Eastern Side at Their Mercy.

GEN. STOESSEL IS WOUNDED

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A dispatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg says Lieut.-Gen. Stoessel, commander of the Russian troops at Port Arthur, is reported to be wounded in the leg.

The Daily Telegraph's Chefoo correspondent, telegraphing Thursday, says that the Japanese losses during the last assault on Port Arthur were heavier than on any of the previous attacks. The bombardment, he says, was so fierce that the streets of Dalny were said to tremble as though from an earthquake.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE THIRD JAPANESE ARMY IN FRONT OF PORT ARTHUR, NOV. 2, BY WAY OF CHEFOO, Nov. 3.—(Censored.)—The Japanese are now in a position to commence the beginning of the end of operations to capture the eastern fortified ridges. Their siege park has been completed by the placing of 11-inch howitzers.

During the night of October 29 all the reserves advanced through a network of trenches in front of the eastern fortified ridges from south of Keekwan to west of Keekwan, and to the west of Rihlung mountain, called by the Japanese Shochosan. The bombardment began at dawn October 30, and infantry attacks were planned at noon against Rihlung mountain, an entrenched hill between the east of Banjusan and the east of Keekwan, and on three Keekwan forts.

There is tremendous excitement among the troops, who are convinced of success, and mean to capture the fortified ridges and compel the surrender of Port Arthur in time for the mikado's birthday, November 3.

CHEFOO, Nov. 3.—Port Arthur is doomed.

The correspondent of the Associated Press here has received information, the reliability of which is beyond question, that the Japanese now occupy positions which place the east side of the town at their mercy. The assault has gained for them positions which insure their ability to enter the main east ports whenever they are ready.

The Japanese calculate that if the Russians do not surrender now they will be capable of prolonging the fighting by making their final stand at Liaoti promotory and Tiger's Tail for a month longer, with the mere hope of continuing the struggle.

Long before the Pacific squadron arrives in the Pacific the Japanese flag, it is now believed, will wave over the wrecked citadel.

CZAR IS CONSIDERING COURT OF INQUIRY

United States and France Will Each Be Asked to Appoint a Member.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 4.—Negotiations regarding the North sea court of inquiry have not yet been concluded. The present position is as follows:

The clauses of the draft of the treaty for the constitution of the court are now under consideration by the czar, who may desire some modifications, in which case resubmission of the draft to London will, of course, be necessary; but the amendments, if any, are not expected to be of importance. One of the points already agreed upon is that Great Britain and Russia will jointly propose that France and the United States each appoint a high naval officer as a member of the court, which probably will sit in Paris.

The four officers of the Russian Baltic squadron who, it was originally arranged, were to remain in Paris until the arrival of Admiral Kaznakoff, are coming on to St. Petersburg to present the report of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky to the emperor.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Ambassador Benkendorff visited Foreign Secretary Lansdowne tonight. The Associated Press understands that no conclusion has yet been reached between Russia and Great Britain as to the next draft of the convention, which will be mailed and is not expected to be in Foreign Minister Lamsdorff's hands until late Friday or early Saturday.

The negotiations between the ambassador and Lord Lansdowne are proceeding satisfactorily. Lord Lansdowne tonight offered several new suggestions regarding details of the convention, which, it is believed, will not be objected to by St. Petersburg.

GLADNESS AND GLOOM.

...ey Marked Respectively Celebration of Mikado's Birthday and the Czar's Ascension.

TOKYO, Nov. 3.—Japan is enjoying a holiday today in honor of the emperor's birthday. The celebration was observed throughout the empire. At Tokyo the emperor reviewed the fleet and the Imperial guards' division, and gave a luncheon at the palace for the higher officials and foreign diplomats. The military review was held at Aoyama field. After the review the crowd broke into the field and gave the emperor and crown prince an ovation.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 3.—There was no attempt today to celebrate, except in a perfunctory way, the tenth anniversary of the accession of Emperor Nicholas. The imperial family attended a Te Deum at Kazan cathedral and there were services in all the churches. Later troops were paraded and theaters gave "exhibitions" to the school children, there was music and other holiday ways in the parks, but on account of the war and the anxiety regarding the situation at Port Arthur everything was on a small scale.

RUSSIA WAS JUSTIFIED.

...eclares Michael Davitt in Comment...ing on the North Sea Tragedy.

...W YORK, Nov. 3.—Michael Davitt ... today on the Cedric. He said he ... on private business and will re... to Ireland in December. In an in... on the North sea incident, he ...

"Russia knew when she was on the coast of England she was on the coast of an enemy, just as surely as though England had declared open war upon her. She was certainly justified in view of the facts in taking no chances."

REFUSED TO FIRE.

Rear Admiral Folger Would Not Salute Mikado on Japanese Consul's Order.

CHEFOO, Nov. 3.—The Japanese consul here on the occasion of the mikado's birthday, requested Rear Admiral Folger, commanding the cruiser division of the American Asiatic fleet, and the captain of a Chinese cruiser to fire a salute. Rear Admiral Folger declined to accede to the request on the ground that it was not in Japanese waters. The Chinese captain, however, complied. The incident has aroused much comment.

MONEY ORDER TREATY SIGNED WITH HUNGARY

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Postmaster General Wynne today signed a supplemental treaty with the Hungarian government relating to money orders passing between the two countries. Under its terms the rate of commission paid by the country of origin to the country of payment is reduced from one-half of one per cent to one-fourth of one per cent. This applies to all classes of international money orders.

JAPANESE ADMIT LOSS OF WARSHIP YASHIMA

This Leaves Mikado With Only Four Modern Battleships as Against Russia's Ten.

PARIS, Nov. 3.—Dispatches from Chefoo, Port Arthur and Tokyo last June that the Japanese battleship Yashima had been sunk by a mine off Dalny—which dispatches were denied by the Japanese authorities at the time—have been officially confirmed. The Japanese government has notified foreign governments of the loss of the ship. The number of men who went down with the vessel is not known, but is believed to have been small.

It is now disclosed that Japan has only four modern battleships remaining. These are the Asahi, Fuji, Mikasa and Shikishima. Another vessel classed as a battleship is the Chin Yen, taken from China in 1894, but she is old and not of much fighting value.

Naval experts say that the small battleship force possessed by Admiral Togo was responsible for the tactics he observed at the naval battle of August 10, when Admiral Withoft attempted to escape from Port Arthur, the Japanese battleships refusing to come to close quarters with the enemy, but pounding them from a distance and sending in the torpedo boat destroyers to make night attacks.

The Yashima was one of the finest battleships of the Japanese navy. Her displacement was 12,300 tons, about the size of the American battleship Maine, and she had a speed of 18 knots. She carried a heavy battery of four 12-inch, 10 6-inch and 20 4-inch guns of smaller caliber.

The Russian squadron at Port Arthur includes five modern battleships, more or less damaged. Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's command, now en route from the Baltic to the far east, also numbers five battleships. In view of the inferiority of the Japanese in battleships, their armored cruiser strength is important, they being greatly superior to the Russians in this respect.

CHEERED SICK MAN.

Mr. Takahira, Japanese Minister, Remembered by Friends on the Mikado's Birthday.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Mr. Kogoro Takahira, the Japanese minister, who has been recovering from an operation for appendicitis at the Hotel Majestic, was much improved today.

In honor of the mikado's birthday the rooms of the minister's suite were decorated with the rising sun, emblem of Japan, and the Japanese national flower. Immense white and yellow chrysanthemums were sent in profusion by sympathetic friends. Consul General Uchida called in the morning and the legation attaches rejoiced together over the recovery of their minister, the birthday of their emperor and the prowess of their gallant soldiers in the war with Russia.

ROJESTVENSKY AT TANGIER.

British Cruisers Escort Russian Admiral's Fleet to Port on Mediterranean.

TANGIER, Nov. 3.—The Russian battleships Sissoi Veliki, Oslabya, Admiral Nakhimoff and Dmitri Donski, commanded by Admiral Voelkersam, have sailed for Suda bay.

The vessels composing Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron are now anchored in the bay. British cruisers escorted them here from Vigo. The Russians say they will remain here two or three days.

Japanese Are Buying Their Bonds.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Considerable activity has been shown in the last few days by the Japanese 6 per cent bonds, of which $25,000,000 worth were floated here last spring as a war loan and $25,000,000 in London. Attention was directed today to the recent unusual transactions in this issue, when it was learned that there had been quite heavy buying of these bonds on Japanese account.

Marries Man on Death Bed.

PARIS, TEXAS, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Late last night Miss Hattie Ball, a prominent society belle of Clarksville, was married to Henry Howard on his deathbed. The bridegroom was dead half an hour after the ceremony. The couple had been sweethearts since childhood.

Steel Men in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 3.—One hundred and twenty-five members of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain arrived in Cleveland from Pittsburgh this evening. The party will remain here until Saturday afternoon, when it leaves for Buffalo.

Mr. Knox Calls on the President.

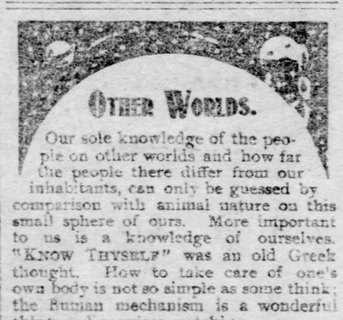
WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Senator P. C. Knox of Pennsylvania came to Washington tonight and was in consultation with President Roosevelt at the White House for some time.

Father Fallon Honored.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 3.—The Rev. Dr. M. F. Fallon, rector of Holy Angels church, this city, has been appointed to the office of provincial of the order of Oblate Fathers for the province of the United States.

Tibetan Ruler at Berlin.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The Standard's Shanghai correspondent says it is reported there that the dalai lama of Tibet has arrived at Pekin.


OTHER WORLDS.
Our sole knowledge of the people on other worlds and how far the people there differ from our inhabitants, can only be guessed by comparison with animal nature on this small sphere of ours. More important to us is a knowledge of ourselves. "KNOW THYSELF" was an old Greek thought. How to take care of one's own body is not so simple as some think; the human mechanism is a wonderful thing and requires watching.
One man who has done more to teach the American people how to care for their bodies than almost any other, is Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., the Author of the "Common Sense Medical Adviser." He says: It is not the quantity of the food eaten which produces strength and health (for some people can keep strong on a very meagre diet), but it is how much food is *absorbed* and assimilated by the blood and carried to nourish every organ of the body. It is, therefore, vitally necessary for the body that the stomach be in a healthy state. If disease of the stomach, or what is called "stomach trouble," prevents proper nutrition then the heart, liver, lungs, and kidneys do not get proper food—they are not fed on rich red blood, and in consequence, begin to show signs of distress. Outwardly these *signs* may be pimples and eruptions on skin, pale face, sleepless nights, tired, languid feelings, or, by reason of the nerves not being fed on pure blood, they become starved, and we receive a *warning* in the pain we call neuralgia. Rheumatism, too, is a blood disease. After years of practice and study Dr. Pierce found that an Alterative Extract, which he named "Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," made from the extracts of several plants, invariably produced a tonic effect upon the system. It helped the process of absorption of the healthy elements in the food and increased the red corpuscles of the blood, as well as eliminated the poisons from the system.
Business is business. No time for headaches. Constipation causes them. Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure them by curing the cause. Laxative and mild.

TROOPS MAY JOIN IN THE MAN HUNT

Tenth Cavalry, Colored, to Help Capture the Cody Bandits.

ROBBERS ARE SURROUNDED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHEYENNE, WYO., Nov. 3.—Posses have surrounded the Cody bank robbers in the mountains south of Meeteetse. The outlaws have concealed themselves among the rocks and refuse to surrender. Their escape is considered impossible. The reward for their capture has been increased to $10,000. Buffalo Bill and his party left Cody today to join in the chase.

LANDER, WYO., Nov. 3.—Preparations are being made by the military authorities at Ft. Washakie to have the two troops of the Tenth cavalry stationed there take the field at a moment's notice in pursuit of the two Cody outlaws. The bandits are within a few miles of the boundary of the Wind river reservoir, and if they succeed in eluding their pursuers will cross over into the Indian reservation to the government land. In this event the colored troopers from this post will join in the man hunt.

CODY, WYO., Nov. 3.—The men who killed the cashier of the First National bank of Cody have been found near Thermopolis.

A telephone message from Basin says that Sheriff Fenton and party are in the Pad Lands near Thermopolis, a long distance from telephone. The bandits are getting among friends and it is thought that the sheriff's party will have some hard fighting.

Buffalo Bill, with Indian scouts and cowboys, has taken the trail. Col. Cody and his force are heavily armed and are determined to get the robbers.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—Q. A. Kerns, a brother-in-law of Frank Middaugh, the cashier of the Cody National bank, who was killed by bank robbers last Tuesday, is a resident of this city. He received a telegram today on his return from a business trip, telling of the death of his brother-in-law. Said he today:

"Middaugh was originally from Kansas, where he married my sister. He was the editor of the Times of Pleasantville, Kan., where we all lived. Then he went to Wheatland, Wyo., where he ran the Wheatland World. He sold that out and became the agent for a big western land company. A short time ago he went to Cody and established the bank in which he was cashier when killed."

ATLANTIC CITY TOURNEY.

Golf Experts Will Contest for Cups and Other Fine Prizes.

The annual fall tournament of the Atlantic City Golf club has been announced for the 17th, 18th and 19th of this month. The chief prize will be the governor's cup, which will be the absolute property of the winner. The president's cup will also be contested for, but must be won three times to become the winner's absolute property.

The president's cup has been won as follows: November, 1902, C. B. Fownes, Jr., Highland Golf club, Pittsburgh; April, 1903, R. D. Lapham, Apawamis Golf club; November, 1903, W. E. Shackelford, Country club of Atlantic City; November, 1903, C. B. Fownes, Jr., Highland Golf club, Pittsburgh; March, 1904, E. A. Darby, Country club of Atlantic City; March, 1904, W. E. Shackelford, Country club of Atlantic City.

Prizes will also be awarded to the runner-up in each 16, and also for the winners in the approaching and putting and driving contests. The player making the best qualification score 36 holes, medal play, on Thursday, will receive the qualification prize. Prizes are offered for the winner of the handicap and for the player making the best gross score in the handicap. A special prize will be offered for the winner of the consolation event.

Shots Exchanged With Burglars.

BEAVER FALLS, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Night Watchman William Kirscher had a running fight with two burglars early this morning, and a dozen shots were exchanged. While making his rounds he discovered two men attempting to break into the clothing store of Butler & Jackson. When they saw him they ran. They ignored his command to stop, and he fired at them. They returned the fire.

Free Rides for Small Boys.

Frank Sultzer, aged 12, and Earl McQuarter, aged 9, of Frankstown avenue were locked up in the South Side police station last night. The boys are said to have been going to the Friend livery stables, South Twelfth street, for the past few days and taking the horse and buggy of James Sellers of Smallman street, who stabled his horse there during the day. The boys would drive around the city and in the evening return the rig.

GROOM SMASHES CAMERA TRAINED ON HIS BRIDE

Photographer Goes Sprawling on Ground—Young Man Pulls Out Roll of Notes and Pays the Damages Named.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—Just as he was starting on his wedding tour today, John Van Aernam Rhoades of New York smashed the camera of a photographer who was trying to take a picture of Mrs. Rhoades and then paid the damage.

The couple, after overcoming the laws of three states, were married Wednesday in Camden. This noon Mr. and Mrs. Rhoades, who were at the Bellevue-Stratford, were to take a train for Hot Springs, Va. For a minute Mrs. Rhoades stood on the steps of the big hotel waiting for her husband. A photographer, who had been waiting several hours to get a photograph of Mr. and Mrs. Rhoades, proceeded to focus his camera.

About that time Mr. Rhoades came strolling from the hotel, made two jumps and his foot struck the picture machine a resounding whack. The big affair landed in the street and the photographer fell to the pavement.

Mr. Rhoades called a carriage, placed his wife inside and then turned to the injured photographer.

"How much damage?" he inquired.

The photographer named a sum, and Mr. Rhoades took a bundle of notes from his pocket and slipped off a couple of large notes. Then he jumped into the carriage and began his wedding trip.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER WILL RESIGN HIS OFFICE

Secretary Taft to Succeed to Supreme Court if Roosevelt Is Elected.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller of the supreme court of the United States plans, it is said, to resign his high office on March 5, 1905, the day after he has administered the oath of office to the successful candidate in the presidential election next Tuesday. If President Roosevelt is elected it is reported to be his plan to offer the post of chief justice to William H. Taft, secretary of war.

Chief Justice Fuller will be 72 years old February 11, 1905. He is accordingly entitled to retire from the bench and enjoy a salary of $10,500 a year as long as he lives. The recent death of his wife naturally contributed to a desire on his part to spend the remaining days of his life from official responsibilities. No chief justice in history ever resigned. All died on the bench.

Chief Justice Fuller is a Democrat and there is politics in his fixing March 5 as the date of his retirement. He might retire tomorrow. If Judge Parker is elected and Chief Justice Fuller retires before he takes office on March 4 next, President Roosevelt would have an opportunity to appoint a Republican. Chief Justice Fuller has administered the oath of office to four presidents—Harrison, Cleveland and McKinley twice.

President Roosevelt would have appointed Secretary Taft to the bench two years ago, but Mr. Taft, then civil governor of the Philippines, determined not then to abandon his work in the islands.

LOCAL BOYS DO WELL.

Alperman of Millvale Hit for .274 in the Three I League—Other Records.

Charlie Alperman of Millvale, third baseman on the Davenport Three I league club, hit for .274 during the season. The official averages also show that Pete Haggerty, the old-timer of this locality, who was with Springfield and Dubuque, was but four points below Alperman. Pitcher Harry Stauffer of Allegheny, who was with Davenport, hit .174. Camnitz, the Pittsburgh pitcher turned over to Springfield, had a mark of .153.

Smith of Springfield leads the catchers of the league with a percentage of .974. Donovan of Bloomington had the remarkable record of catching 120 games and had a percentage of .918. Case of Springfield, who finished the season with Pittsburgh, leads the pitchers, with .965. Brown of Cedar Rapids leads the first basemen, with .980; Andis of Rock Island the second basemen, with .976; Purtell of Decatur the third basemen, with .944; Berg of Davenport the shortstops, with .945, and Nicol of Decatur and Rockford the outfielders, with .976.

McDonough of Rock Island leads the list in individual batting, with .364, although Conners of Bloomington, who played 115 games, is really the leading hitter, with .329. McDonough played only 24 games.

Amateur Boxing Show.

The McKeesport Athletic club, which will hold a boxing and wrestling tournament November 29 and 30, is trying to arrange for the appearance of Joe Morgan, champion 118-pound amateur boxer of Western Pennsylvania, of Wilmerding, and Jimmie McGovern, who aspires to that title, of Turtle Creek.

Interest in Pool Tourney.

The pool tournament at Wilkinsburg last night attracted large crowds. In the first game Crutcher beat Stone 50 to 32 and Marrington won from Warden, 50 to 45.

Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashley Bailey Silk Sale!

MAY HAVE TO MEET OUT ON THE GRASS

Legislative Halls Are Nowhere Near Ready, and Commission May Take Action.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, PA., Nov. 3.—Members of the state capitol commission are beginning to believe that the new capitol will not be ready for the legislature next January. Measures may be taken by the commission at its meeting next Thursday to compel the contractors, George F. Payne & Co., of Philadelphia, to push the work more rapidly.

The walls of the senate and house are not finished, the floor of the senate is not down, huge scaffoldings are up in both halls, and there are no committee rooms ready. There will be needed, when the legislature meets, at least 20 committee rooms, six transcribing rooms and rooms for the clerks.

The contractor is under bond to turn the halls of the senate and house over to Superintendent Shumaker December 1 for the installation of furniture. Mr. Shumaker considers a month too short a period in which to install the furniture, and fears he will not have even that.

Auditor General Snyder and Edward Bailey, members of the commission, inspected the building today. The commission has the positive assurance of the contractor and of Architect Huston that the halls will be ready.

Discussing the question of a meeting place for the legislature in case the capitol cannot be used, Gov. Pennypacker recently remarked the legislature might meet out in the park, under the trees along the grassy slope on the Third street side.

"The meeting at Runnumede, at which King John and the English barons signed the magna chart, was held in the open field," said the governor. "The ancient Druids always held their religious services in the open air. There are other instances of meetings in the open; why couldn't the legislature meet there?"

It is suspected that the governor was joking.

WON BY MANCHESTER.

Defeated East Liverpool in Opening Game at Crockery City.

EAST LIVERPOOL, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Nearly 2,000 people witnessed the opening of the basketball season here tonight. Manchester won 56 to 37. East Liverpool showing none of last season's form. The Crockery City league was also opened, the sterlings defeating the Ceramics 21 to 11, and the Juniors winning from the Nationals 33 to 12. Line-up:

East Liverpool—37.		Manchester—56.
Bloor, Powell	Forward	Yeager
Allison	Forward	Koch
Rigby	Center	Metzkes
R. Watkins, T. Watkins	Guard	Graham
Chadwick	Guard	Stehle

Goals—Bloor, Allison, Rigby 5, Chadwick 2, Powell 2, Yeager 10, Koch 4, Metzkes 2, Stehle 2, Graham 3. Fouls—Allison 15, Graham 14. Referee—Zang.

DeHaven Wins from Eagles.

The Eagles of Etna were beaten by the DeHaven five last night at DeHaven, 16 to 14. Line-up.

Eagles—14.		DeHaven—16.
Yahers	Forward	Wagner
Grob	Forward	Haxes
Hertung	Center	Price
Stilz, Cunningham	Guard	Semple
Taylor, Saunders	Guard	Stern

Field goals—Price 3, Stern 2, Wagner, Grab 3, Yahers 2, Cunningham. Fouls—Yahers, Semple 2.

Lyceum Has Hard Practice.

The Lyceum team had a lively practice last night preparing for the game with W. & J. The Lyceum rooters will be out in force Tuesday to cheer their favorites.

STUDENTS KNOCKED DOWN BY POLICEMEN'S CLUBS

College Boys Clash With Boston Officers and Citizens Are Indignant.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—A wave of indignation is sweeping over Boston as a result of the fight last night after a college political parade between 100 police and 500 Massachusetts Institute of Technology students, which resulted in several of the students being severely injured by the policemen's clubs.

Parents of the students, their friends and hundreds of lawyers, physicians and business men have been vigorously protesting today against what they term the brutal action of the police. Several prominent citizens personally protested to Gov. Bates today against the alleged "outrage," and the governor, who is responsible for the appointment of Judge William H. H. Emmons, chairman of the police commission, will be asked to take some action. He will probably request Judge Emmons to make a thorough investigation, which may result in some of the policemen who did the clubbing being dismissed from the force.

The police claim that they were justified in clubbing the students, because, they say, the students attacked them with torch cans and sticks after they had been ordered from the steps of one of the Institute of Technology buildings.

Harold Batley, who was knocked down and injured about the head when the police charged, remained unconscious until this morning. Tonight he is delirious and physicians say he may die.

Arrivals at Pittsburgh Hotels.

Henry—J. T. Gibson, Mingo Junction; A. W. McKee, Clearfield; L. Squires, Greensburg; H. Muncie, New Castle.

Seventh Avenue—F. S. Taylor, Bradford; T. B. Dineen, Akron; C. D. Ambrose, Ligonier; T. R. Ness, California; H. W. Nelson, Cedarport.

Griswold—J. Hutson, Altoona; F. H. Leband, Erie; J. R. Long, Youngstown; S. Dougherty, Bellevernon.

Monongahela House—J. R. Kirk, Flushing; H. Cockran, Dawson; J. C. Miller, Huntingdon; J. M. Taylor, Ada, O.

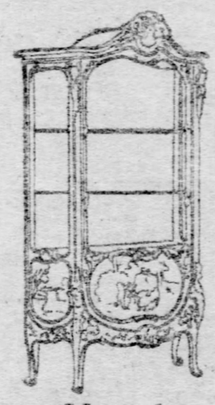
Lincoln—A. W. Stevens, Canton; S. P. Hurd, Franklin.

Newell's—S. W. Jones, Latrobe.

Duquesne—S. R. Jacobs, Punxsutawney; F. R. Meyers, Greensburg.

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)



Very Handsome Gold Cabinet

There is no denying the fact that the drawing room lacks completeness in its furnishment unless it contains a handsome Gold Cabinet like that shown in the above illustration.

The ornamentation is exceedingly beautiful, rare and original in design, thus giving character to the home.

This gold cabinet is 24 inches wide, 5 feet 8 inches high; plate glass shelves; mirror back; hand-painted decorations; finest gilt trimmings.

Prices are always most reasonable at

McELVEEN'S

(McElveen Furniture Co.)

528-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

A famous New York Hatter makes

Oetting's Hats

You get something more than merely fine material skillfully put together when you buy an Oetting hat.

These qualities are, of course, very essential, but besides all this you get a full measure of style and originality.

We are selling many derbies with a rather high 5¾-inch crown and a narrow 1¾ brim, either fiat or curled.

This is an extremely clever style, and you may have it in black or the new brown shades.

Court derbies at $4 and $3 are our best hats.

Next best are the Paragon and Acme hats at $2.25 and $1.75.

We received an order for a Court derby the other day from St. Louis, Mo.

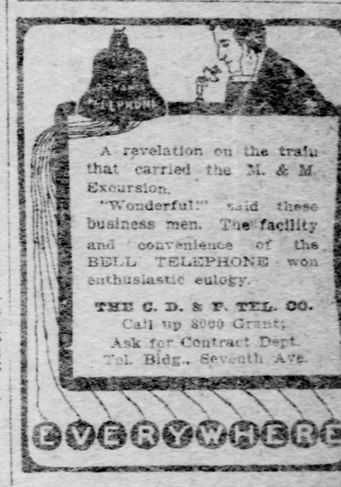
The same mail brought another from Cumberland, Md.

So you see the fame of Oetting's Court derbies is not confined to this locality.

OTTO OETTING,

Fifth and Wylie,

On Court House Hill.



A revelation on the train that carried the M. & M. Excursion.

"Wonderful!" said these business men. The facility and convenience of the BELL TELEPHONE won enthusiastic eulogy.

THE C. D. & P. TEL. CO.
Call up 8000 Grant;
Ask for Contract Dept.
Tel. Bldg., Seventh Ave.

EVERYWHERE

MICA AXLE GREASE lightens the load—shortens the road.

Helps the team. Saves wear and expense. Sold everywhere.

MADE BY STANDARD OIL CO.

THIS RAINCOAT SALE

IS THE TALK OF THE TOWN

The busiest spot in town is the big store, 203 Sixth Street—the old Wanamaker & Brown store. The crowds are continuous and tremendous! the selling is swift—enthusiastic! And each day the interest in this event increases as more and more men and women find out what wonderful values this sale offers.

Now, if you haven't attended this sale, you really ought to give it your first attention tomorrow. It's the biggest thing that ever happened in Pittsburgh. It's a mammoth sale of over 50,000 Men's and Women's finest Priestley and English Cravenette Raincoats—the entire stock of the Goodyear Raincoat Company, of Boston and New York, which we are closing out at one-third the usual prices—THREE HANDSOME RAINCOATS FOR THE USUAL PRICE OF ONE.

Never before, and in all probability, never again, will so astounding an opportunity be presented to you. Read the values and act promptly.

1500 **Gentlemen's High-Grade Priestley's Cravenette Raincoats,** in very latest up-to-date styles — silk-and-wool rainproof cloths — all colors and sizes—retail store price $22.50—Sale Price **$6.50**

1500 **Gentlemen's Imported Cravenette Raincoats**—all up-to-date styles, in all high-grade fashionable cloths of the season—nothing better made—Priestley rainproof cloth—silk lined—all colors and sizes—retail store price $25.00—Sale Price... **$8.50**

1,000 **Gentlemen's Very Fine Priestley's Cravenette Raincoats,** of extra fine imported cloth, silk lined. These Raincoats are the highest grade to be had—nothing like them in Pittsburgh, and we were exclusive importers and makers of same—retail store price $35—Sale Price **$12.50**

700 **Ladies' English Cravenette Cloth Raincoats,** with belts—pleats and shoulder capes or collarless, with stole—pleated sleeves, with full cuff effect—all sizes and shades—retail store price $14.50—Sale Price. **$6.50**

650 **Ladies' English Cravenette Cloth Raincoats,** with belts—pleats and shoulder capes or collarless, with stole—pleated sleeves, with full cuff effect—all sizes and shades—retail store price $18.50—Sale Price... **$8.50**

800 **Ladies' Imported Cravenette Raincoats**—up-to-date styles in all the high-grade fashionable cloths of the season, with capes or collarless, with stole—latest sleeves—all colors and sizes—retail store prices $27.50—Sale Price **$10.50**

MACKINTOSHES

Girls' Mackintoshes, formerly sold at $3.00, $5.00 and $7.50, sale price..... **75c, $1.25 and $2.00**

Boys' Mackintoshes and Raincoats, from 6 to 16 years of age; never sold less than $4.50, $7.00 and $10.00; sale price..... **$1.00, $1.75 and $2.50**

Ladies' High-grade Mackintoshes, in cape or Raglan styles; thousands to select from.. **$1.50, $2.50 and $3.00**

Men's Mackintoshes, $4.00, $8.00 and $10.00 Mackintoshes, at..... **$1.50, $2.00 and $2.50**

Mail Orders Promptly Filled on Receipt of Postal or Express Money Order. Send the Bust and Length Measure.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS

GOODYEAR RAINCOAT COMPANY,

203 SIXTH ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S OLD STORE.

Merchants and Dealers Be Sure Not Overlook This Sacrifice Sale.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

Office of City Clerks.
City of Allegheny, Pa., October 20, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that the following ordinance was presented at a meeting of select council of the city of Allegheny on the 19th day of October, 1904, and was referred to committee on public works.

LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the grading, paving and curbing of Euclid avenue, Tenth ward, from Harrison avenue to Irwin avenue, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grading, paving and curbing of Euclid avenue, Tenth ward, from Harrison avenue to Irwin avenue, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the department of public works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the act of assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Sec. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 3, No. 855, November term, 1904.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the construction of a public sewer on Atlantic avenue, from Benton avenue to Hoffmann's lands, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule, showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

GEO. JOHNSTON,
S. T. McCLELLAND,
J. G. REED,
Viewers.

MORGAN RETURNS THE STOLEN COPE

Restores Precious Relic of Pope Nicholas IV. to Italian Government.

IS NOW IN ENGLISH MUSEUM

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The ancient ecclesiastical cope, which was stolen from the Cathedral of Ascoli, Italy, two years ago, and later purchased by J. Pierpont Morgan, has been presented to the Italian government by Mr. Morgan. The presentation was made through Baron Edmondo des Planches, the Italian ambassador, who called by appointment on Mr. Morgan in this city today. The cope is now in the Victoria and Albert museum at South Kensington, England, to which it was loaned by Mr. Morgan.

In announcing that the precious relic was to be presented to his government, Baron des Planches said:

"The announcement will be received with the keenest satisfaction by all Italians. The delicacy of the situation which followed the purchase of the cope by Mr. Morgan was fully realized, and his voluntary offer to present the relic to the Italian government was gladly accepted. It was a most gracious act on Mr. Morgan's part and will win for him the gratitude of the Italian people."

Ambassador Des Planches said that shortly after he was invited by his government to open negotiations with Mr. Morgan, looking to the eventual return of the cope, the latter intimated that if only he could be sure the relic was stolen he would not hesitate in placing it in the hands of its owners. He said he felt justified in making the purchase at the time he did.

"The cope was presented by Pope Nicholas IV. to Ascoli, his native place. It is a French work of the thirteenth century, and one of the finest specimens of art of that period.

"In 1892 the cope was stolen from the Cathedral of Ascoli while repairs were being made on the building. Every effort to trace it or discover the thieves failed until last July, when a letter appeared in the Giornale D'Italia from Signor Ricci, the director of the galleries of Florence, saying that the cope was on exhibition at the South Kensington museum, where it appeared as the property of 'a well known American collector.'"

A month later a sensation was caused at Ascoli when Mgr. Saniarelli, the rector, and several priests were summoned to appear before the court which was investigating the theft of the cope. Two days later Recchiggiani, a photographer, who had been arrested in connection with the case, committed suicide by hanging himself. He left a note, stating that he was innocent and intimating that the real thief was one high in Italian circles. The search for the culprit or culprits has since been conducted with considerable care, but no trace has been obtained.

FOREIGNERS ENVIED AMERICAN WOMEN

Couldn't Understand Why Husbands Do Not "Boss" Their Wives Here.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—"American women were envied by those of all other nationalities at the Woman's congress in Berlin last summer," said Mrs. Lydia K. Commander, who described the congress under the title "A Milestone in Woman's Progress," at the meeting of the New York legislative league this afternoon. "Even the New Zealand women who have the ballot envied us.

"A German woman said to me: 'Our husbands are very kind to us.' 'We do not want our husbands to be kind to us,' I told her. 'They are kind to their dogs.'

"The women over there cannot understand that our husbands do not want to 'boss' us or that we do not long to 'boss' them, that we merely are comrades."

Miss Theresa Barcslow said she did not know much about foreign countries, as she never had been to any, except New Jersey.

"Men often make happy homes by deserting them," asserted Mrs. Margaret Holmes Bates.

HOT ROOM AND PLUNGE NOT SUITED TO MANY

Physicians May Supervise Patrons of New York's Turkish Bath Establishment.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Medical supervision over patrons of Turkish baths was urged today by physicians who read of the death of Emanuel M. Friend, a lawyer, who died from heart disease shortly after undergoing the experiences of the hot room and the cold plunge.

Mr. Friend had complained of pains in his head, and thinking that he would be benefited by a Turkish bath, he instead brought on a fatal attack of the malady to which he was subject.

"There are many persons undoubtedly," said Dr. George F. Shrady, "who can take a Turkish bath with impunity. The untimely death of Mr. Friend, however, shows the dangers which attend the indiscriminate use of that kind of bathing. No one who contemplates undergoing a course of Turkish baths should do so without first consulting a physician so that he may be sure that his physical condition will warrant. A man who prescribes for himself is foolhardy."

"It is a safe rule," said Dr. Joseph Collins, specialist on nervous diseases, "for a man more than 50 years old to not take a Turkish bath unless he has been assured by careful examination that his arteries are in good condition. The strain upon the arteries caused by the hot room and the plunge is often fatal. The presence of a physician at a bathing establishment would be of great benefit."

BIG COAL DEVELOPMENT.

J. H. Weaver of Philadelphia Starts Work on 10,000 Acre Tract in Indiana County.

Contracts aggregating in value $40,000 have just been let through the Pittsburgh engineering concern, the W. G. Wilkins Company, for the start of an important coal development in Indiana county. The tract to be developed comprises 10,000 acres and is about 17 miles east of Indiana on the Cherrytree & Dixonville railroad, a joint Vanderbilt-Pennsylvania line. The owner is J. H. Weaver of Philadelphia. An investment of $200,000 will be represented by the completed plans.

The Wilkins company has let the contracts for the masonry, tipple, electric, boiler and engine equipment of one mine on the tract for the Possum Glory Coal and Coke Company. To this company Mr. Weaver has leased a part of the acreage for development. In addition to this mine, Mr. Weaver is to open another, and the Possum Glory company is now making surveys for a third. One central power plant will operate all the mines on the property. This plant will be equipped with 1,200-horse power at the start and so arranged as to accommodate twice that amount when necessary.

The present plans call for coal mining only. Plans for coke manufacture with the coal from these mines are now maturing.

BRITISH STEEL MEN LEAVE.

Visit of the Institute Comes to an End After a Busy Week in Pittsburgh.

The members of the Iron and Steel institute of Great Britain, who have been in Pittsburgh all this week, departed yesterday for other cities. The larger proportion of the party went to Cleveland, leaving Pittsburgh at 2 p. m. About 70 went to St. Louis on an afternoon train over the Panhandle.

The morning was devoted to visits to points of interest. A large number under the escort of C. W. Bray visited the South Side works of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company and watched the operation of the Talbot furnace there with considerable interest. Others visited the Nernst Lamp Company's works, the Allegheny Observatory and the Wabash-Pittsburgh terminals.

The local committee gave much attention to the party up to the time of leaving the city, and escorted them to their trains.

NEW GRANT SIGNED.

Mayor Approves Duquesne Ordinance, Does Nothing With Traction Measures.

Mayor Hays yesterday approved the ordinance giving the Duquesne Light Company a franchise. The 10 days within which the mayor must approve or veto an ordinance expired yesterday.

The Philadelphia Company traction franchises were not signed by the mayor. He says he has until next Monday to approve or veto them. They were passed four days after the Duquesne franchise was adopted. The mayor would not say what his action would be.

Powderly Favors Mr. Roosevelt's Election.

Terrence V. Powderly, once general master workman of the Knights of Labor and former commissioner general of immigration, is in Pittsburgh on business. He deplores the fact that many members of labor organizations are not interested in the election of President Roosevelt. He says he wants manufacturers protected from foreign competition, and the Republican party brings this about.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

Harry Nosskoff	Pittsburgh
Lizzie Lichter	Pittsburgh
George Brethauer	Pittsburgh
Mary Mehl	Pittsburgh
F. William Noack	Allegheny
Rachel Corbly	Pittsburgh
William R. Matthews	Pittsburgh
M. Elizabeth Markland	Esplen
Tobias McClintic	Bolar, Va.
Mary Woodworth	Pittsburgh
Joseph Nolan	Pittsburgh
Lizzie Marshall	Allegheny
Alfred S. Marchant	Pittsburgh
Marguerite E. Baker	Pittsburgh
Merrian E. Miller	North Versailles twp.
Alice J. Maxwell	North Versailles twp.
Rufus W. Thompson	Pittsburgh
Sarah B. Fowler	Pittsburgh
Otto A. Koerber	Pittsburgh
Minnie C. Reisfor	Pittsburgh
G. F. Crook	Butler
Gertrude Jones	Butler
John M. Brewer	New York City
Henrietta C. Dill	Wilkinsburg
William Dickson	Pittsburgh
Victoria Watson	Pittsburgh
Frank M. Lydia	Carnegie
Nellie N. Fowler	Carnegie
Joseph Sigrist	Carnegie
Clara Oreb	Pittsburgh
Andy Lenard	Toronto, O.
Lena Marchis	Toronto, O.
Charles Stadtlander	Pittsburgh
Margaret Shaw	Pittsburgh
Charles E. Cobb	Carnegie
Alice Hemmster	Carnegie

SUES A WIDOW FOR BREACH OF PROMISE

Chicago Salesman Wants $25,000 Because of Unrequited Love.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Henry P. Seppenfield, city salesman for the O'Connor Shoe Company, 118 Franklin street, today filed a suit for $25,000 damages against Mrs. Eva B. Wood, a fascinating widow and divorcee, who made her home last summer in the Del Pardo hotel. The damage suit is based upon an alleged breach of promise of marriage. Seppenfield names John H. Wyeth, Jr., who lives at the Chicago Beach hotel, as the man who came between him and his affianced bride.

Wyeth is prominent in business and social circles and is a member of the Calumet and Chicago Athletic clubs. His automobile figures in Seppenfield's shattered romance and the hearing of the breach of promise filed today will be eagerly awaited by the younger set in South Side clubdom.

Mrs. Wood, who formerly made her home with her uncle, Walter B. Phister, a wealthy insurance agent, is a Kentucky beauty, notwithstanding that Seppenfield, in his wrath, now declares she is 35 years old. She was a belle of Maysville, Ky., a member of the Lowry family, and was a prominent figure in society there until her divorce. A few years later her former husband died.

CENTRAL BOARD IS ASKED TO HOLD MEETING ON SITES

Committee on Location of New High School Will Await Until November 22 for More Offers.

To allow time for further offers of property for the site of the new high school the site committee of the Central Board of Education adopted a resolution last evening asking the board to hold a special meeting November 22.

This resolution ended two hours of discussion over the matter, during which it became evident, as before, that a large number of the members are in favor only of the Judge Magee site, and it was stated by Mr. McIlroy that there was an impression among property holders that this site was the one to be chosen and that they were therefore chary of having any dealings with the board. Mr. McIlroy said he regarded the Edwards site in Forbes street and the Schenley Riding academy site as superior to the Magee site and the Schenley site as its equal.

The offer made by Judge Magee for that site allows an option until December 15, and it was pointed out that there is no occasion for haste in the matter. Chairman Jamison of the committee considered much of Mr. McIlroy's suggestions mere hearsay, and said they should have been ruled out of order.

President D. L. Gillespie of the Central board, who was present throughout the session, agreed with the suggestion of Mr. Roth that a special meeting of the board should be held to consider the site question only, and this was finally carried. In the meantime the committee will meet at the call of the chairman.

The offers now before the committee are: One and one-half acres, Fifth and Amberson avenues, $120,000; two pieces, North Highland and Hampton, 300 by about 175, $78,850; 10 acres, Murray avenue, $75,000; John Murphy property, Darragh street, $90,000; George Singer, Jr., property, Fifth and Penn avenues, 4½ acres, $200,000; Magee site, 11¼ acres, $900,000. A letter from John M. Bruce stated that the ice pond property at Beechwood boulevard and Denniston avenue could probably be bought for $26,000.

HELD FALL CONVENTION.

Young People's Society of United Presbyterian Church in Session.

The fall convention of the Young Peoples' society of the Monongahela presbytery of the United Presbyterian church was held yesterday afternoon and evening in the Second church, Negley and Stanton avenues. About 250 were present during the afternoon, while over 500 attended the evening session.

In the afternoon the principal address was made by the Rev. Dr. S. R. Frazier of Youngstown, formerly secretary to the American legation in Japan, who spoke interestingly on "A Yankee in Japan." The Rev. W. W. McCall, who for three years was a teacher in the Jesuit college in Egypt, spoke on "Religion in Egypt." Misses Schriner and Wallace addressed the convention on the recent denominational convention at St. Joseph, Mo.

In the evening W. E. McCullough, chairman of young peoples' work in the church in America, spoke, as did the pastor of the church, the Rev. S. W. McKelvey. During the recess between sessions the ladies provided luncheon for 250 delegates in th church.

TAKES MINES TODAY.

Wabash Railroad Will Turn Over West Side Belt Coal to Pittsburgh Coal Co.

The Wabash interests will turn over to the Pittsburgh Coal Company this morning the coal mines and brickyards on the line of the West Side belt under the contract made this week.

Instruction to carry out this plan was received here yesterday and the authority of the big coal concern's officers will be made effective at once.

What changes, if any, in officials will be made is as yet unannounced. These will be worked out as rapidly as possible and the new operations brought into line with the other works of the Pittsburgh Coal Company.

DEMOCRATS TO MEET.

Will Gather for First Time This Campaign in Old City Hall.

The only Democratic meeting of the campaign will be held tonight in Old city hall. The managers hope that the unterrified will turn out in large numbers, but on account of the general apathy among the rank and file their expectations, they privately confess, will probably not be realized.

George W. Guthrie will preside over the meeting. Ex-Gov. James E. Campbell of Ohio will be the principal speaker. William J. Brennen, D. F. Patterson, A. G. Smith, James A. Clark and T. B. Alcorn will also address the meeting.

Reception for New Pastor.

A reception was given the Rev. W. S. Lockard and wife, formerly pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of Rochester, Pa., last evening by the congregation of the Ames Methodist Episcopal church, Lowry and Second avenues, Hazelwood, over 250 members being present to welcome them to their new church and home. The Rev. William J. Coulson, pastor of the Johnson Avenue Baptist church, made a short address of welcome. Refreshments were served by the ladies of the congregation.

Dynamite Victim Recovering.

Edward Rider, assistant chief of police of McKees Rocks, received word yesterday from J. Ewing, superintendent of the Guffey Oil Company, saying his brother, John, was recovering from injuries received in the dynamite explosion in the Barson oil well, Texas, last Tuesday. The body of John Bromley, whose head was blown off in the same accident, is expected to arrive in Pittsburgh at 7:55 o'clock this evening.

Jeweler Placed Under Arrest.

Louis J. Marks was arrested yesterday on a warrant issued by Magistrate Stewart charging him with receiving stolen goods. William S. Pipes, an East End jeweler, alleges Marks bought a diamond stolen from him at 1928 Fifth avenue on October 11 by Charles Harris, alias Charles Miller. The diamond was found in Marks' store. Marks gave bail for court.

Charged With Dog Stealing.

James W. Weaverling of McKees Rocks received a hearing yesterday morning before Justice Morgan on a charge of theft preferred by George Fleishman, an expressman of Thompson avenue, McKees Rocks. Weaverling was arrested in Dr. A. Duff's office while endeavoring to sell a bull dog claimed by Fleishman. He was sent to jail in default of $200 bail.

SOCIETY

MR. AND MRS. COFFIN AND THEIR DAUGHTER.

The beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. William Carey Coffin in Howe street received its formal house warming last evening when Mr. and Mrs. Coffin celebrated the fifteenth anniversary of their wedding with a large reception. Nearly all the guests last evening attended the wedding 15 years ago when the bride was Miss Vida Hurst of West Bridgewater, Pa. Mr. and Mrs. Coffin have but one child, little Miss Mary Oliver Coffin, nine years old. They were assisted last evening by some of the members of their bridal party, including Miss Lucy McConnell of Allegheny, Charles Weiland of Ellwood City, Robert McKean of this city, and Mrs. Coffin's brother, William Hurst, who was a page at the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Treadwell of New York, were also present last evening. The house was beautifully decorated, each room having a different predominating color. Mr. and Mrs. Coffin and their little daughter will leave next week for a trip to Mexico returning by way of Cuba. They expect to be away a month. Mr. Coffin is vice president of the Riter-Conley company.

Entwisle-Thompson.

A brilliant social event was the wedding of Miss Elizabeth Fussell Entwisle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Entwisle, of Johnstown, to Benjamin Harvey Thompson of Pittsburgh, which was solemnized at 8 o'clock last night in St. Mark's Episcopal church, Johnstown, the Rev. A. S. Lewis, rector of the church, officiating. Mrs. Bruce H. Campbell was matron of honor, while Miss Clara McLain of Pittsburgh was maid of honor. The bridesmaids were the Misses Clara Thompson of Pittsburgh and Kate Linton, Mary Fronheiser and Alice Suppes, of Johnstown. Walter Thompson acted as his brother's best man. The ushers were E. F. Entwisle, Frank E. DeLong, of Philadelphia; Albert B. Grover of Pittsburgh; Frank R. Hausslin and Charles Taylor of New York. Following the ceremony at the church a reception was held at the Entwisle home, after which Mr. and Mrs. Thompson left for the east, where they will spend two weeks, returning to Pittsburgh to live.

Guests Going Home.

Many of the guests who came from distant cities for the wedding of Miss Martha D. Dalzell and William Booth Trainer left for their homes yesterday. Miss Emily Roebling of Trenton, N. J., who was he guest of Mr. and Mrs. George C. Burgwin of Craft avenue, returned east yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. George Booth of Chester, and Mr. and Mrs. David Trainer of New York, who were with Mr. and Mrs. John B. Booth of Sewickley, also returned home yesterday. John Trainer, the father of the bridegroom, will leave for his home in Newlin, Pa., today, his wife remaining with Mrs. Booth for a week or two. Miss Elizabeth Booth is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Franklyn Nevin of Sewickley. Mrs. Burrows Sloan of Philadelphia, who has been with Mr. and Mrs. A. Marshall Bell of Western avenue, will be their guest until Saturday evening.

Wylie-Abel.

A pretty wedding was solemnized in Glen Osborn at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon when Miss Mary Julia Wylie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Newton Wylie, was married to George H. Abel, Jr., of Pittsburgh. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William Reagle, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Braddock. Only the immediate families were present. The bride had as her attendants her sister, Miss Olive J. Wylie, and the best man was Rosco H. Smith of Pittsburgh. After a wedding dinner Mr. and Mrs. Abel departed for an eastern trip, to include New York, Philadelphia and Washington. After their return they will live in Homewood.

Reception to New Pastor.

The members of the Walton Methodist Episcopal church and congregation will give a reception this evening in the church to the new pastor, the Rev. P. C. Brooks, who comes to Pittsburgh from his former charge in Leechburg. Interesting exercises will be conducted in addition to the informal reception. Among the guests will be two former pastors, the Rev. J. R. Wolfe and the Rev. David Flannigan, as well as several of the pastors of churches of other denominations on the South Side.

Dinner for Miss Darlington.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Curtis Perkins changed the date for their dinner, giving it last evening instead of today, as they had at first planned. Covers were laid for 14, with Miss Rebecca M. Darlington as the guest of honor, the other guests including Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Copley Thaw, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Morrison Carnegie, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. George Lauder Carnegie, Miss Madeline Laughlin, Miss Catherine North of New York, Dallas Byers, William B. Scaife and Frank Sproull.

Mrs. Pargny's Tea.

Mrs. Eugene Wellington Pargny's tea yesterday afternoon was a beautiful little affair given in honor of Mrs. Charles Henderson Bradley, Jr., of New York, formerly of this city. The hostess and guest of honor received together and were unassisted. Mrs. Pargny expects to go to New York next week for a visit of a couple of weeks. Mrs. Bradley is at present occupying her former home in Morewood place, but will soon return to New York.

Comes from California to Wed.

NEW CASTLE, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—Miss Earnestine Abbott has come from Los Angeles, Cal., to be married tomorrow to Mahlon Clark. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. W. L. Fisher, pastor of the Park Christian church. The bride and groom, who will live here, met when the latter was in the west for his health several months ago.

Chinese Dead to Be Raised.

Arrangements are being made by local Chinamen to have the remains of all of their countrymen buried in this county exhumed and sent to their native towns in China for burial. Undertaker Joseph Polz of Highland avenue, East End, yesterday secured a permit from the bureau of health to lift the bodies. Four years ago 17 bodies of Chinamen were sent back to China. When the bodies are raised they will be turned over to local Chinamen, who will prepare them for shipment.

Consumers' League Board Meets.

The meeting of the executive board of the Consumers' league was held yesterday morning and arrangements were discussed for the annual meeting which will be held the last week in November. If certain speakers can be secured. The meeting will be conducted in the Bellefield club in Craig street, and there will be exceptionally enjoyable music. The annual election of officers will also be held. The nominating committee, appointed at the last meeting, which will present a ticket, includes Miss Beulah Kennard, chairman; Miss M. E. Stevenson, Miss Elizabeth Mitchell, Miss Anna O'Neill and Mrs. J. J. Covert. The board is also trying to secure Jacob Riis of New York for a meeting to be held later, when he comes to Pittsburgh to speak before the Sewickley Women's club, and in the lecture course arranged by the Columbian Council of Jewish Women. At its meeting yesterday the executive board ordered a note of appreciation to be sent to McCreery & Co. and the Joseph Horne Company for the establishment in both those large department stores of hospitals presided over by trained nurses for the use of both the customers and the employes. The date for the monthly meetings was also changed from the first to the third Tuesday of each month.

Anniversary at Home for the Friendless.

The board of managers of the Home for the Friendless observed the anniversary of the founding of that institution last evening in the home in Washington street, Allegheny. Formal exercises were conducted, commencing at 7:30 o'clock, the Rev. J. Allison Platts of Allegheny presiding. The address of the evening was delivered by the Rev. Dr. Maitland Alexander, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Pittsburgh, and there was a delightful musical program, the children singing and drilling under the direction of Miss Spahr, the teacher of the kindergarten, Miss Richey being the accompanyist. The children's exercises were particularly interesting, including many pretty drills, songs and marches. The committee of arrangements for the evening included Mrs. Albert Horne and Mrs. William H. House. The members of the board of managers received.

Bazar Continued Today.

So great was the success of the bazar held yesterday in St. Mary's hall in Webster avenue for the benefit of the Home for Working Girls that the affair will be continued this afternoon and evening. Those in charge are Miss Elizabeth Heyl, Miss Anna Heyl, Miss Johanna Reilly, Miss Katherine Vilsack, Mrs. J. Vincent Maher, Mrs. D. G. Barr, Miss Electa Finnegan, Miss Anne Dickson, Miss Stella Wisserchier, Miss Jessie Wisserchier, Miss Margaret Kenney, Miss Stella O'Neill, Miss Elizabeth Connelly, Miss Katherine McCormick, Miss Clara Beck, Miss Nellie McCrory and Miss Mathilda Diebold.

Pittsburgh Stockmen as Guests.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Nov. 3.—Two thousand guests of the Indianapolis Stock Yards Company today celebrated the opening of the rebuilt yards. Among the visitors were live stock raisers, shippers and buyers from Pittsburgh, Buffalo, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis and many other points.

PROVES GREAT POWER

When Regular Medical Treatment Failed, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured Her Rheumatism.

Hundreds of people who are afflicted with rheumatism have spent years under the care of excellent physicians in vain endeavors to get rid of its tortures. Then they have settled down to the conviction that it is fastened on them for life and that they must bear the discomfort and agony to the end. The distinguishing feature of Mrs. Dinsmore's case is that she was not willing to join the ranks of the hopeless merely because her doctor did not know how to help her. She heard that others had been cured by a famous blood remedy. She simply decided to try it in her own case, and as a result she is a well woman today. Here is her story:

"Four years ago I suffered greatly with rheumatism in my hands and knees. After I had been sitting a while my limbs seemed so heavy I could hardly walk on the first attempt. So long as I kept moving I was all right, but, just as soon as I stopped, something seemed to settle in my knees and make them ache. My hands were so bad I couldn't touch the palms of them on a flat surface; they were swollen and pained so."

"Did you call in a physician?"

"I doctored steadily for over a year; then one doctor said: 'You have taken medicine strong enough to kill almost anything.' Still, it did not kill me nor the rheumatism."

"How, then, did you get rid of it?"

"At different times I had read in various publications about Dr. Williams' wonderful Pink Pills for Pale People, and I finally decided to try them. I took them steadily for four months in accordance with the directions. By that time I was completely cured."

"Have you been free from it ever since?"

"Since then I have had but one slight return of my trouble: that was a little over a year ago, and a box or two of the same pills made me all right again."

Mrs. F. A. Dinsmore lives in hearty enjoyment of her recovered health at Woburn, Mass. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have entirely freed her from the grave anxieties that rheumatism always brings. When it appears in but a single joint it shows that the blood is in a faulty state in the whole body. It may at any moment break out elsewhere, and one of the dangers is that it may break out in the heart and then the result must be fatal. The only security is to keep the blood all the time in a perfectly sound condition.

The reason for the extraordinary success of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of deep-seated blood diseases such as rheumatism is that they make healthy blood. All other relief is superficial. This is thorough. These pills are sold by all druggists.

MME. YALE'S BEAUTY LECTURE

and

Physical Culture Performance

TOPICS OF GREAT INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Mme. Yale, of "Beauty Culture" fame, will delight and entertain the ladies on

Tuesday, November 15,

AT THE

NIXON THEATER,

AT 2:30 P. M.

on the immortal theme of Beauty and Beauty Culture. "Womanly Woman" will be exemplified in more than a thousand ways, revealing those pretty little graces and subtle charms that lovely woman is so lavishly endowed with. Every up-to-date woman should keep in touch with Mme. Yale's wonderful achievements for women.

Secure your tickets at once at the toilet goods department at the May Drug Co. A ticket good for a reserved seat is given with every purchase of "Yale" Remedies. Tickets, if any remaining November 14 and 15, will be given free on those days at Mays.

MAY'S 506 to 508 MARKET ST. THE MAY DRUG CO. PITTSBURG, PA.

TECO POTTERY

HAMILTON & CLARK CO.

416 PENN AVENUE

Sole Agents

DIAMONDS

Values Extraordinary

Every stone in our large stock of Diamonds is a bargain—When purchasing diamonds it is a satisfaction to have confidence in the dealer—A long established business such as ours invites confidence and assures right values—We can save you 25 per cent on any and every diamond purchase. Earnestly soliciting your inspection and comparison.

TERHEYDEN RELIABLE JEWELER 550 SMITHFIELD ST. 30 YEARS IN ONE LOCATION

Long Evenings A Cozy Fire A Good Book

The book shelves are full of bright reading for early Winter—

Folly for the Wise—by Carolyn Wells.
The Brethren—by Rider Haggard.
Double Harness—by Anthony Hope.
A Dreamer in Paris—by William Jasper Nichols.
The Undercurrent — by Robert Grant.
The Mountains—by Edward Stewart White.

Another strong book is "Bethany," a story of the old south, by Thomas E. Watson, candidate for president—

J. R. WELDIN & CO., 429 431 WOOD STREET.

HOME TRUST COMPANY

Directly opposite McCreery's. A Reliable Bank. At Wood St. and 6th Ave.

Shoes WB LOVELESS Shoes

"It's a Laundry, Not a Sawmill."

Constant Readers of Brace Bros'. "Ads"

Will discover the secret of being well dressed and of preventing sickness in their homes —JOIN THE READING CIRCLES.

BRACE BROS.

Launderers, Dyers and Cleaners, PITTSBURGH.

Both 'Phones—Wilkinsburg 23.

WOMEN'S SUIT DEP'T.

3d Floor.

Sale of Walking Suits of Panne Cheviot and Fancy Mixtures.

Fitted Jacket, 27 inches long, all silk lined, trimmed with braid, ornaments and fancy buttons; velvet collar and vest.

Colors: Plain blues, browns and black, and mixtures in maroon, brown and myrtle green.

$22.50

McCreery and Company,

Wood Street at Sixth Avenue, PITTSBURGH.

FREE GAS CONNECTIONS.

The Philadelphia Company has extended the time for making free service connections until November 15. The mild weather makes it possible to open streets until that time. To all who apply for natural gas now the Philadelphia Company will make service line connection and set meter free of charge. This offer will be withdrawn November 15. Everybody nowadays knows gas is cheaper than coal. And there are other reasons.

A Remarkable Statement

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—For years I suffered from chronic stomach disorder. It is impossible to describe the change that has taken place in me since I began the use of DR. THOMAS' UNCOOKED WHEAT BREAD. I am perfectly well, filled with mental and physical vigor.

F. N. HARRIS.

Dr. Thomas' Uncooked Wheat Bread is for sale by E. S. Dunning, 422 Bissell block, Seventh avenue and Smithfield street.

Coach Excursion to St. Louis Every Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

$12.00 round trip. Tickets good seven days—in coaches only. Fifteen-day tickets on sale every day—$15.00, good in Pullman cars upon payment of Pullman rates.

Last Sunday Excursion to Cumberland November 6th, $2.00 Round Trip.

Special train leaves Baltimore & Ohio station, Pittsburgh, 7:00 a. m.

Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashley Bailey Bill Sale!

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

HOTEL SCHENLEY.

Tomorrow, Saturday and Sunday, November 5 and 6, and every Saturday and Sunday following, the Hotel Schenley will serve a table d'hote dinner in the handsome banquet hall of the hotel from 6 until 8:30 p. m., at a charge of $1.25. An orchestra will furnish music both Saturday and Sunday evenings during the dinner hours. Tables may be reserved until 6:30 p. m. 'Phone 286 Schenley.

Musical Program for Saturday Evening, November 5, 1904.
Mr. Charles Gernert, Director.

1. March, "The Trumpeters".....Mascha
2. Overture, "Raymond".....Thomas
3. Two Numbers (a) "The Gondolier"
(b) "The Troubador".....Powell
4. Waltz, "Snow Flakes".....Resch
5. Selection, "The Prince of Pilsen"
.....Luders
6. Intermezzos (a) "Laces and Graces".....Salzer
(b) "Down South".....Myddleton
7. Medley, "The Wizard of Oz"..Redfeld
8. Songs (a) "In Thy Dreams".....Buck
(b) "Violets".....Wright
(c) "Summer Boat".....Gavnor
9. Waltz, "The Serenade".....Herbert
10. Selection, "The Mocking Bird"
.....Rosenfeld
Part Two.
11. Overture, "Jupiter".....Hoffman
12. Selection, "The Yankee Consul"
.....Robyn
13. Cello Solo, "Serenade".....Thi'l
Mr. Herman Metzer.
14. Valse, "Ball Room Whispers".Gregh
15. Finale, "Medley".....Lampe

WILL PAY CASH FOR SCRIP DIVIDEND ON NOVEMBER 25

Pittsburgh Coal Company Ready to Convert Its Issue—Payment on River Stock.

Formal notice was issued yesterday by the Pittsburgh Coal Company that on November 25 it will redeem in cash the dividend scrip which was issued in January. This scrip was used to pay the dividend on the preferred stock of the company, by reason of the temporary necessity for the use of the cash resources of the company in another direction. The dividend has been more than earned during the period.

The company also paid yesterday the first of three installments of $1,500,000 each in settlement for its purchase of 20,000 shares of the common stock of the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company.

It is announced also that the river company has purchased three large steamboats and 31 model barges in St. Louis in order to be in a position to take advantage at once of a new contract which the company has just closed. The American Steel and Wire Company proposes to maintain large warehouses for its product at St. Louis, and it has contracted with the river company to handle in barges the steel to stock these warehouses. The opportunity presented to the river company of obtaining the necessary fleet is said to have been an exceptional piece of good fortune.

Elinore Sisters at Duquesne.

In "Mrs. Delaney of Newport," the new musical farce in which the Elinore Sisters and a company of 60 will be seen at the Duquesne theater next week, a sensational military drill is executed by 24 girls. This forms the finale to the first act and there are five distinct "curtains." The last ends with the "Spirit of '76," which is a picture of great beauty.

ONE PULLMAN PORTER MAY HAVE BIG CHECK

Wealthy Farmer Says He Gave Him a $5,000 Draft to Keep Over Night.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Detectives are seeking a Pullman porter with a run on the Chicago & Alton railroad, between St. Louis and Chicago, who is said to have disappeared with a check for $5,000 belonging to Theophil Stomsky, a wealthy farmer whose home is near St. Louis.

Stomsky created a scene in the sleeper of an Alton train that arrived in Chicago from St. Louis last night when he attacked a porter whom he believed to be the man he entrusted with the big check. Stomsky said that he presented his ticket to the porter upon boarding the train at St. Louis. The porter told him he must pay an additional $3. Stomsky declared he was without cash. Not knowing what he should do he said he gave the check to the porter. He did not see the porter again and made no complaint until the train had almost reached Chicago. He then attacked a porter whom he believed had taken his check and caused much excitement among the travelers in the car.

PLAN BIG DINNER.

Life Underwriters Have Made Elaborate Arrangements for November Meeting.

The November dinner of the Pittsburgh Life Underwriters' association promises to be an event of much importance among local life insurance men. It will be held at the Union club next Monday evening at 6 o'clock, immediately after the meeting of the association.

Among the guests expected are President John Dolph of Cincinnati, and Vice President William Van Sickle of Detroit, of the National Association of Life Underwriters; President William J. Robinson, Buffalo; President James H. Reed, Reliance Life, and W. H. Nimick, Pittsburgh Life and Trust, and Director Frank H. Taylor, Provident Life and Trust. Secretary William M. Wood of the association, who is in charge of the arrangements, expects a large attendance.

City Clerk Hassler Explains.

Edgar W. Hassler, city clerk, yesterday defended his action in referring to the corporations committee the ordinances regulating the manner of carrying passengers in street cars. He said he himself handed the ordinances to President Wightman of select council. Wightman presented them and they were referred to committee. Mr. Hassler said it was his impression that the measures ought to go to the public safety committee, but on looking up the charter act he decided that they ought to be considered by the corporations committee, as they refer to the "exercise of the franchises, rights and privileges of a corporation."

Dr. Thomas' Uncooked Wheat Bread

has cured thousands of cases of dyspepsia, nervous trouble and low vitality. It's a wonderful food and it's inexpensive. See P. S. Dunning, special agent, 422 Bissell block, Seventh avenue and Smithfield street.

$2.00 to Cumberland Sunday, November 6th, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Special train leaves Pittsburgh 7:00 a. m.

Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashley Bailey Silk Sale!

WANTED.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

Agents.

AGENTS in Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio to sell H. L. D. OINTMENT, sure cure for worst cases of eczema, scald head, tetter, or any eruptions of the skin or scalp; every package sold under absolute guarantee; $1 worth cures any ordinary case. Send 50c for sample and full particulars. Mrs. H. L. Daughenbaugh, 820 Arlington ave., Allegheny, Pa.

$100 GOLD paid weekly to agents making best records for our company; this is in addition to liberal commission; new plan, producing quick, profitable results for hustlers; write for particulars to CONGRESSIONAL & MEXICAN MINING CO., Home Life, Washington, D. C.

WE have just been awarded a silver medal for the Age of Purity of our "Grandpa's Rye," which is on exhibit at the world's fair; we want agents in towns at each of our 9 distributing points in barrel and case lots; liberal commission paid. Address the Mountain Distilling Company, 131 West Third st., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS are easily earning from $5 to $10 daily in city introducing our Minimoth box of soap. You can do so, too; experience unessential. Call and convince yourself of the truth of this assertion. Parker Chemical Co., Yoder Bldg., room 10, Wylie and Fifth aves.

AGENTS—Men and women, for biggest proposition on record; write Jacobs Medical Co., Cincinnati, or call P. J. Brackman, Hotel Griswold, Pittsburgh, between 7 and 8, evenings.

WHISKY AGENTS—Wanted, to sell Elk Horn Kentucky Whisky, from distiller to consumer direct; immense profits; exclusive territory. The Elk Horn Co., Covington, Ky.

OUTFIT FREE—Credit given, cut price Christmas books; 50c book, 12½c; $1 book, 25c; $1.50 book, 45c; $3.50 book, $1.45c. Ferguson, 7755, Cincinnati.

LADY AGENTS wanted. Big money, goods sell on sight. Enquire Proctor, Room 52, Schmidt building.

AGENTS WANTED—$100 a month, sure. John P. Rush, 409 Market st.

Male Help.

A POSITION is open for Salesman, Executive, Clerical and Technical men paying from $1,000 to $5,000. Call or write HAPGOODS (Inc.) "Brain Brokers," 703 Park Bldg., Pittsburgh.

BLACKSMITH; also HELPER; SHEET METAL WORKER (union); MOLDERS, ENGINEER, steam; HANDY MEN, DRIVER for grocery; also OTHER VACANCIES. THE MERCANTILE (INC.), 434 Fourth ave.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER; also HARDWARE SALESMAN. THE MERCANTILE (INC.), 434 Fourth ave.

COMPOUNDER—Must have experience; with good references. Address H 241, The Gazette.

COVERERS—Pipe coverers. H. W. Johns-Manville Company, 220 First ave., Pittsburgh.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Thousands of places to be filled during next few months; if you are a citizen and have common school education we can prepare you; thousands of our students have government positions; costs practically nothing until you receive an appointment; bulletin 606 giving salaries, sample questions, list of positions, etc., sent free; don't wait until too late. National Correspondence Institute, Washington, D. C.; or 911 Empire bldg., Pittsburgh.

JOB printer must know his business; steady position; come prepared to go to work. Call 412 John st., Braddock, Pa.

MAN—Ambitious, young, travel; retail stores exclusively; experience unnecessary; $80 monthly; expenses. MANAGER, ROOM 3, 205 FEDERAL ST.

MEN for the U. S. marine corps—Able-bodied unmarried men between 21 and 35, good character; must speak, read and write English; married men not subject to sea or men-of-war in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at naval stations in the United States. Apply recruiting officer, room 414, Postoffice building, city.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS—Examinations soon; many appointments to be made; preparation costs practically nothing until you receive an appointment; bulletin 606 giving salaries, sample questions, requirements for admission, etc., SENT FREE; don't wait until too late. National Correspondence Institute, Washington, D. C.; or 911 Empire bldg., Pittsburgh.

SALESMEN—We can use two first-class salesmen and solicitors used to commanding big money, with the ability to interview the business and professional men of Pittsburgh and adjacent territory, on an entirely new and attractive high-class business proposition; to hustlers of the requisite brains and ability large remuneration assured. H. B. Pierce, 501-502 Nixon bldg.

SALESMEN—Wanted, two intelligent, experienced salesmen of book, insurance, or newspaper experience for out-of-town work. An exceptional opportunity for men of ability. Positively the best proposition before the public. Guaranteed salary and commission to hustlers. Mr. Runyon, 501 Nixon bldg.

STENOGRAPHERS AND BOOKKEEPERS—MERCANTILE, INC., 434 Fourth ave.

STONEMASONS wanted on new court house at Somerset, Pa. Apply to contractors, Caldwell & Drake, Somerset, Pa.

WANTED—1,000 workingmen to hear C. H. Ferguson, presidential candidate of the Socialist Labor party at Carnegie Hall, Braddock, 7:30 p. m., Saturday evening, November 5, and at Odd Fellows hall Sunday, November 6, at Eighteenth and Sarah, S. S., Pittsburgh, at 2:30 p. m.

WANTED—Salesmen to sell teas and coffees direct to consumer; good wages to competent parties. Apply at rear 914 Federal st., Allegheny.

YOUNG MEN to learn telegraphy and accept positions on railroad; rare opportunity; call at once. PENNSYLVANIA TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, No. 609-611-613-615 Lewis Block.

YOUNG MAN to travel, $15 week. H. E. Nickum, 951 Penn ave.

Female Help.

ATTENTION LADIES—Earn $20 per 100 writing short letters from copy. Address stamped envelope for particulars. Modern Specialty Co., Allegan, Mich.

COMPETENT GLOVE REPAIRER. Apply 1st Floor. McCREERY & CO.

GIRL—Girl to do housework; two in family; $4 50 week up. 1215 Esplanade st., Allegheny.

LADIES—Earn $20 per hundred writing short letters. Send stamped envelope for particulars. Ideal Mfg. Co., Cassopolis, Mich.

WANTED—Good cook; wages no object. 1215 Esplanade st., Allegheny.

Male and Female Help.

EDUCATE FOR COMMERCIAL POSITIONS. Excellent positions secured for students; day and night school for young and middle-aged men and women; make arrangements now. ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, 310 Fifth ave. (Ten Cent Store, opposite Farmers bank.) Established twenty-five years.

EXCELLENT opportunity to learn barber trade. NOSSOKOFF'S BARBER SCHOOL, 1405 Penn ave.

Situations—Male.

SITUATION—By a gentleman of large experience, position as bookkeeper, office manager, purchasing agent or sales agent; highest Pittsburgh banking, manufacturing and mercantile references; salary commensurate with requirements; would not be averse to representing a sound Pittsburgh concern in any other city or state. Address F 150, The Gazette.

SITUATION—Bookkeeper, 35; 20 years' experience; A1 reference. Address R 196, The Gazette.

POSITION—By first-class installment collector. John F. Murphy, 1210 Federal st., Allegheny.

Situations—Females.

GERMAN GIRL wants situation; good cook and laundress; reference. 1215 Esplanade st., above North ave., Allegheny.

THOROUGH housekeeper wants situation; reference; widower preferred. 1215 Esplanade st., Allegheny.

Real Estate.

WANTED—On terms of $1,000 down and 7 year mortgage, with privilege of paying off or part of mortgage at end of any year, a new residence of modern improvements and surrounded by fair-sized lawn, in Bellevue or Perrysville avenue district, near car line and not away up on a hill. Or will rent on long lease if owner will agree to make such repairs each year as will keep house in condition. Address X 196, The Gazette, with full particulars as to location, etc.

Business Opportunities.

SHEET METAL STAMPING, In Brass, aluminum and Steel. Die work of any kind. Estimates free. THE FOREMAN CAN CO., 'Phone 50, Irwin, Pa.

Pupils.

ANYONE backward, discouraged or old, taught privately to read, write, spell or speak correctly in ten weeks by the new McKenzie system, or money refunded. References, 3698 Fifth ave.

FRENCH, SPANISH, ITALIAN, GERMAN—Berlitz School of Languages, Nixon building.

Roommate.

WANTED—A gentleman roommate; all conveniences; close to two car lines. Inquire 15 Alpine ave., Allegheny; $4.50 per month.

Partner.

PARTNER with $300 to invest in legitimate, good-paying business; references exchanged. Address X 158, The Gazette.

Miscellaneous.

Vol-ta-ic Diamonds

Are, beyond a doubt, the finest brilliant stones the world has ever seen. Send for catalogue. B. E. Arons, sole owner, 208 and 207 Smithfield st.

WANTED—Horses to board for the winter; good care will be given them. Address J. H. Maxwell, R. D. 101, Florence, Pa.

1,000 BUSINESS cards 75 cents. Cut prices. Good printing. Call before ordering. ACME PRESS, 216 Sixth st.

WANTED—Sprinkling wagon; state condition and price. Address Booth & Flinn, Limited, Pittsburgh.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 5521 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

BROWNSVILLE AVE., 168, S. S.—Large furnished, light housekeeping room, or gentleman room mate.

BLUFF ST., 1805—Furnished room, both gases, use of bath.

CALHOUN AVE., 110, MT. OLIVER. Comfortably furnished front room, every modern convenience; pleasant location; 5 doors to Suburban car line; best residence district in city; rent reasonable.

CRAIG ST., SOUTH, 406, near Forbes—Elegantly furnished room and board; private family; all conveniences, price reasonable.

ELEVENTH ST., 49, S. S.—Large neatly furnished room, every convenience, near car line.

ELSINORE SQUARE, 3223, Oakland—One furnished room; all conveniences; pleasant location.

FIFTH AVE. AND SENECA ST., Jumonville apartments, No. 2081—Furnished rooms; ring upper bell.

FORBES ST., 3611—Large or small furnished room; every convenience; reasonable; near boarding.

FORBES ST., 5339—Rooms single or en suite, furnished or unfurnished; both gases; elegant location.

FRANKLIN AVE., 1001, Wilkinsburg—Furnished front room, desirable location; all car lines.

IF you want a nice clean sleeping room, call at 825 Atwood st.

MCKEE PLACE, 508—Well furnished front room, with private family; all conveniences.

NORTH AVE., 821, Wilkinsburg—Nice large furnished front room, 2d floor; all conveniences.

"PENNY WISE AND POUND FOOLISH" is the boarding house keeper who has an empty chair at the table or a vacant room in the house. That vacant place costs money. Why let it remain so? The Pittsburgh Gazette's classified columns are read by people looking for just such a place as you have to offer.

PITNEY HOTEL, 308 Grant st.—Newly furnished rooms, $2 50 week; all accommodations.

REBECCA AVE., 408, Wilkinsburg—Neatly furnished room, newly papered, on car line, near depot.

ROSS AVE., 1013, Wilkinsburg—Neatly furnished room, all conveniences; excellent location, near car line.

SOHO ST., 388, near Center ave.—Furnished or unfurnished room; rent cheap.

SOUTH AVE., 202, Wilkinsburg—Exceptionally large front alcove room, second floor; private family; convenient to station and car line.

SIDNEY ST., 1820, S. S.—Large, nicely furnished front room, all conveniences.

STEVENSON ST., 22, corner Forbes—Two furnished front rooms, all conveniences; steam heat, electric light; $15 and $20 month.

TRENTON AVE., 205, Wilkinsburg—Comfortably furnished front room, gentlemen; near East Pittsburgh cars.

TRENTON AVE., 1000, Wilkinsburg—Front alcove room, neatly furnished; boarding nearby; moderate rate.

WARD STREET, 3414—Atwood street car passes house; three well furnished rooms, together or separate, adjoining bath; moderate charge.

WARD ST., 3425, Oakland—Furnished room, all conveniences, with private family.

WEST ST., 412, Wilkinsburg—Furnished room, all conveniences; reasonable; near cars and station.

WYLIE AVE., 1227—Comfortably furnished front room, gas, bath, 5 minutes' walk to city.

East End.

ALDER ST., 6100—Elegantly furnished rooms, private family, all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

ALPHA TERRACE, 24—Second-floor front room, modern; private family; Highland cars to Stanton ave., one square to left.

DITHRIDGE ST., 95—Furnished front room, second floor; Schenley park district; $18.

DENNISTON AVE., 122—Well furnished room, all conveniences, with private family.

ELSINORE SQUARE, 3204, near Craft, Oakland—Nicely furnished front room; private family; light, heat, bath; gentlemen.

FRANKSTOWN AVE., 7008—Large well-furnished second floor room, all conveniences, on car line.

FURNISHED rooms, with board, 5901 Alder, cor. College. Bell 2115-J, Highland.

HALKET ST., 223—Furnished room; all conveniences; 15 minutes to city.

HALKET ST., 311—Large furnished room and connecting rooms; bath; 'phone.

HALF OF HOUSE, select location, Oakland, to small family; reasonable rent. Address A 163, The Gazette.

HERMITAGE ST., 7344—Four large furnished rooms, light housekeeping; all conveniences; $30 month.

HIGHLAND AVE., 302, South—Very desirable furnished third floor front room, $10; all conveniences.

IDLEWILD ST., 7356, Homewood—Comfortably furnished room, all conveniences, reasonable; near Frankstown ave.

KELLY AVE., 7253—Two large comfortably furnished rooms for light housekeeping, all conveniences.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

East End.

KELLEY AVE., 7211—Neatly furnished parlor bedroom, near good boarding and Homewood station.

KELLY ST., 7020—Large comfortably furnished front room, good boarding; near Homewood station.

KELLY ST., 7306—Front room, gas, bath, private family; three adults; reasonable.

KENTUCKY AVE., 5818—Two connecting rooms for gentlemen or married couple. Near Highland apts.

LINCOLN AVE., 329, near Frankstown—Small, well-lighted, neatly furnished room, all conveniences; reasonable.

MARCHAND ST., 6314, near Shady—Well furnished room, private family; all modern conveniences.

NORTH HIGHLAND AVE., 428—Nicely furnished room, suitable for two; terms reasonable.

NORTH ST. CLAIR ST., 516—Nicely furnished room, all conveniences; gentlemen; access to all car lines; reasonable to permanent parties.

OPHELIA ST., 302, last house—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; housekeeping if desired.

ROBINSON ST., 1, near Fifth ave., Oakland—Large front room, all conveniences. Telephone 300 L, Schenley.

SIMEN AVE., 6610—Three nicely furnished rooms, light housekeeping; take Hamilton ave. cars.

SHADY AVE., 525—Furnished rooms, with board.

Allegheny.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1310—Nicely furnished front room, with board, suitable for two or three gentlemen; all conveniences.

ARCH ST., 508—Nicely furnished front room, bath, gases; 10 minutes' walk Pittsburgh.

ARCH ST., 600—Nicely furnished room, bath, both gases, hot and cold water. Walking distance Pittsburgh.

CEDAR AVE., 810—Large alcove furnished room; also hall room, $2 week; all conveniences.

CEDAR AVE., 810—Second floor furnished room for two gentlemen; all conveniences; $15.

CHURCH AVE., 117—Neatly furnished front room, second floor, all conveniences; gentlemen.

ESPLANADE ST., 1215—Elegantly furnished room, bath, both gases, hot and cold water in room.

FEDERAL ST., 1326—Nicely furnished room, all conveniences; central location; reasonable.

FULTON ST., 1415—Neatly furnished front room; bath, gases; electric lights; 'phone.

IRWIN AVE., 1716—Furnished room, $10 a month; references exchanged.

JACKSON ST., 820—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; cars pass door; 18 minutes' walk from Pittsburgh's business center. Bell 'phone 285-L Cedar.

LOCUST ST., 1309—Large unfurnished parlor or furnished second floor front, all conveniences.

LOCUST ST., 1403—Choice of six neatly furnished rooms, housekeeping if desired; all conveniences.

NORTH AVE. W., 412—Very desirable furnished front room; bath; both gases; 'phone.

PARK WAY W., 15—Large neatly furnished front room, suitable for dressmaker. Opp. B. & E.

RACE ST., 1215—Very desirable furnished second floor room for gentlemen; bath; private family.

SANDUSKY ST., 305—Nicely furnished second floor room for gentlemen; 8 minutes' walk Pittsburgh.

SHERMAN AVE., 620—Large furnished front room, second floor, overlooking park; gentlemen preferred.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

ELM ST., 228, Edgewood—Furnished room, board, all conveniences; gentlemen, private family; handy location.

SWISSVALE AVE., 442, Wilkinsburg—Room and board, $5 per week.

TWO YOUNG MEN to board with small family; well furnished house; good table; 1 minute to cars; 25 minutes to Sixth st. Address J 162, The Gazette.

East End.

BENNETT ST., 7517—Two nice furnished or unfurnished front rooms, with board.

FORBES ST., 4608—Desirably furnished front room, board; woman employed; near Carnegie library; references.

HIGHLAND AVE., SOUTH, 466—Desirable second floor room, board; reference required.

OAKLAND AVE., 339—Large comfortable furnished room, second floor; private family; first-class boarding.

SHADY AVE., 435—Rooms and French board; outside dealers served; 'phone 2761 R. Highland.

"THE LOTHROP."

Fifth ave., 3519—Ten car lines; only 15 minutes to city; terms reasonable; with or without board.

"THE POINT BREEZE."

Fifth Ave., 6716—Nice room, newly papered and painted in white, suitable for two; table board.

Allegheny.

PALO ALTO ST., 1212—Nicely furnished second floor front room; board; meal tickets.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

SOUTH AVE., 329, Wilkinsburg—Two unfurnished rooms, bath and gas.

WYLIE AVE., 1220—Three nice large unfurnished rooms, with gas, convenient to city.

East End.

MURTLAND AVE., 1109—Four large unfurnished rooms, bath, gas, laundry, furnace; reasonable rent.

SUSQUEHANNA ST., 7945, Brushton District—THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS, convenient for light housekeeping; can partly furnish; 3 lower floor front, 2 second floor back; good neighborhood; convenient to cars and P. R. R.; rent low to responsible and permanent occupant.

Allegheny.

BUENA VISTA, 1714—Three or four unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; bath and both gases.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—Two or three furnished or unfurnished housekeeping rooms; immediate possession. Address Liberty Room Renting Bureau, 537 Collins ave.

COMFORTABLE furnished room, with or without board; convenient to East Pittsburgh; college man. Address T 196, The Gazette.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

EAST END HOUSES.

GRAPHIC ST., Squirrel Hill, 3 rooms	$ 11.00
WILMOT ST., Oakland, 3 rooms	15.00
LINCOLN AVE., 7 rooms and bath	20.00
KENNETT SQUARE, 8 rooms, bath, etc.	40.00
ROBINSON ST., 9 rooms and bath	42.00
COLTART SQ., 9 rooms, bath, gas	50.00
BELLEFIELD AVE., 12 rooms, 2 baths	75.00
BARTLETT ST., 12 rooms and bath	125.00

SUBURBAN HOUSES.

COAL ST., Wilkinsburg, 5 rooms & bath	22.50
PARK AVE., Knoxville, 8 rooms & bath	25.00
RUSTIC AVE., Knoxville, 7 rooms, bath	23.00
WEST ST., Wilkinsburg, 8 rooms & bath	35.00

ALLEGHENY HOUSES

PORTMAN AVE., 5 rooms and bath	16.00
WESTERN AVE., 11 rooms and bath	55.00
FAYETTE ST., 12 rooms and tile bath	80.00

ARONSON REALTY CO., ARONSON BLDG., 846 FIFTH AVE.

RENT HOUSES TO OTHERS. WILL RENT A HOUSE TO YOU.

New 4-room and bath flat	$20 00
3218 Ward st.—8 rooms and bath	25 00
800 Oakwood st.—6 rooms	20 00
5604 Duncan st.—4 rooms	12 50
7824 Kelly st.—7 rooms and bath (w. r.)	30 00
4545 Penn ave.—5 rooms, shop and store-room	33 00
1244 Irwin ave., Allegheny—8 rooms	35 00

HOWARD BROWN & BRO., 429 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT.

Crafton, from November 1, house of 7 rooms, reception hall, bath, heated by hot water, lighted by gas. Taylor tile fronts, laundry, cemented cellar; lot 50x150; on street car line; two minutes' walk from Panhandle station. Apply.

BURNS & REILLY, 328 Fourth ave.

TO BE LET. ATTRACTIVE THORNBURG HOME.

Only $60 a month for 10-room brick and shingle dwelling, tile bath, instantaneous water heater, laundry, two furnaces, corner lot 100x125 feet.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 Fourth ave.

$27.50 SQUIRREL HILL HOME.

For Rent—Brick, modern dwelling of 6 (six) rooms and bath, with furnace, laundry, lawn, etc., at 228 Greenfield ave.; take Squirrel Hill car, possession at once.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 Fourth ave.

GET OUR RENT LIST.

Mailed free to any address. CONTINENTAL TRUST CO., 106 Sixth st., (Bessemer Bldg.)

7-ROOM HOUSE—$20.

To be let—In Sheridan, Pa., 7-room dwellings; all conveniences. REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 FOURTH AVE.

TWO new houses, Robinson st., city, 6 rooms and bath each; every convenience; front and rear porch; $18. A. F. Noan, 262 Diamond st.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

$21.00—Five-room brick house; bath; all conveniences; good location; immediate possession. ROBINSON & BRUCKMN, 206 Brushton ave. Bell 327 Highland.

FOR RENT—6-room frame house, with attic, bath, gas and large porch; $15. FRANKSTOWN REALTY CO., 7806 Frankstown ave., E. E., city.

Allegheny Residences.

TO BE LET.

$16—ALLEGHENY DWELLINGS—$16. Six-room brick dwellings, with gas and water, in Brighton Place, Allegheny; good location; on two car lines; 15 minutes' ride from Pittsburgh; within easy walking distance of Allegheny market. Immediate possession. REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 FOURTH AVE.

FOR RENT. ALLEGHENY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY. DON'T RENT UNTIL YOU SEE A. D. WILSON, 221 Federal st., Allegheny.

TEN-ROOM house; rent cheap. Inquire 1617 Arthur ave., near California ave., Allegheny.

East End Residences.

LIST of East End houses and apartments, with map, will be mailed free upon request. S. H. LLOYD, 6022 Penn Avenue.

Apartments.

TO BE LET. BACHELOR APARTMENTS.

In the Knickerbocker Bachelor Apartments, 712-4 East Diamond st., Allegheny; new 8-story fireproof building. The rental is from $35 to $50 a month and includes all necessary expenses; electric light, steam heat, bed linen, towels, chambermaid service, janitor service, etc. Only 10½ minutes' walk to Pittsburgh's business section. REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 FOURTH AVE.

TO LET. APARTMENTS.

Corner Winebiddle and Friendship ave., three rooms, bath, range, gases; hot water supplied free; also janitor service for public places; public telephones. Bell and P. & A.—$27.50 a month.

S. H. LLOYD Agt., 6022 Penn ave.

TWO OR THREE-ROOM flats, gas, water, porches, inside closet, $8.50 and $9.50. Mounts, rear 838 Rebecca st., Allegheny.

Flats.

$25 OAKLAND FLAT.

One very desirable flat of 4 (four) large rooms and bath, with all modern conveniences, in the "Linden," foot of McKee place; possession at once. REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 Fourth ave.

$25 ELEGANT flats, Homer st., E. E.; take Negley ave. cars to Homer st.

Offices.

LIBERTY NATIONAL BANK BLDG. (Best Building in East End.)

Cor. Penn and Sheridan avenues. Single or en suite; heat, light, janitor and elevator service furnished. Cheapest rent in city.

S. H. LLOYD, 6022 Penn ave.

OFFICE ROOM for rent on low rate. Call at 1425 Park building.

Storerooms.

FOR RENT. Wood street store, three-story building, 20x80 ft., near Fifth ave., See COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO., 327-329 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

FRIENDSHIP PARK DISTRICT.

Large 10-room houses on Millvale avenue, between Liberty and Penn. New and complete in every detail. Immediate possession. Prices have been reduced for quick sale and the houses will be sold on easy terms. Representative on the premises every day between 2 and 5 o'clock.

BORLAND & WADDELL, Keystone Building, 320 Fourth avenue. Telephone, Court 1486.

$4,000. REDUCED FROM $5,500. Nine-room reception hall frame, with bath, pantry, cabinet mantels, chandeliers; front and rear stairs, piped for furnace; front and rear porches; street payed; lot 26x107 feet; owner must sell; this is a bargain.

J. H. McCLELLAND & CO., 309 Brushton ave., E. E.

NO MATTER WHO IS ELECTED I will continue just the same to sell beautiful suburban homes at $1,075 to $3,500 for the same money, on are know paying out in rent. Lots taken in part payment. JOHN F. RUSH, The People's Home Builder, 409 Market st.

TO BE SOLD.

$16,500—OAKMONT HOME—$16,500. Located at cor. A and Sixth streets, Oakmont, Pa.; 2-story frame dwelling, 8 rooms and 4 in attic; reception hall; two bath rooms; both gases, furnace, laundry, stationary tubs, etc.; hardwood floors and finish; lot 162x300. REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 FOURTH AVE.

THIS OUGHT

Attract anyone who wants a cheap and pleasant home in the suburbs; good town, only 17 miles from city; 18 trains each way every day. House has hall, 7 rooms, natural gas, good well water, etc. Lot 48x186. Price only $2,000. GEO. R. LAUMAN, 434 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Beechwood Boulevard, near Shady ave. car line and Fifth ave., stone house, 15 rooms, 3 baths; 7 rooms on first floor; about ½ acre ground. COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO., 327-329 Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE. House, 6 rooms; lot 40x90; Grant boulevard near Center ave. Owner must sell. Only $3,600. A bargain to immediate buyer. See Owner, 517 Park bldg.

FOR SALE—In Wilkinsburg, 405 Biddle ave., handsome solid buff brick reception-hall house of 10 rooms; tile bathroom, butler's pantry, hardwood floors, mantel in reception room; in a beautiful location. See owner.

ELEGANT suburban home; 1 acre of ground; house new, 12 rooms; all modern; possession at once; a snap at $10,000; terms to suit. IRA C. EWING & CO., 212-215 Ferguson bldg.

YOUR opportunity, beautiful four and six-room dwellings; good street; near trolleys and railroad; monthly payments. Inquire 7300 Church st., Swissvale.

East End Residences.

FOR SALE—$18,000. HARD TO EQUAL AT PRICE.

New colonial brick residence, 11 rooms, of good size, besides 2 baths, billiard room, butler's pantry, etc.; located in exceptionally well arranged, well finished (mostly hardwood); Northumberland st., near Murdock entrance to Schenley park. COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO., 327-329 Fourth ave.

ON SQUIRREL HILL.

Brick and shingle residence, modern design, new and complete, 9 rooms, reception hall and two baths (one tiled), right in the Squirrel Hill district, and only $8,000 ($3,000 cash).

This house has hardwood floors down stairs; on first floor are reception hall, parlor, dining room, den, kitchen and pantry; handy to all East End car lines. REAL ESTATE TRUST CO., 311 FOURTH AVE.

WE HAVE the best little house in this good, old town in Belmar Park; take Frankstown Avenue cars and get off at Sterrett st. or walk up to Hermitage st.; you will see our sign; send your wife out during day time and she will bring you out in the evening or on Sunday.

GEO. R. KELLY, 6209 Penn ave.—Bell 144 High—P. & A. 357 East.

A BIG BARGAIN IN EAST END. A 9-room reception hall brick On a lot 125 ft. deep, one Square from two car lines. Price $6,500.

Business Properties.

FOR SALE—Penn ave. property, near Horne's store, only $6,500 per foot. BLACK & BAIRD, Farmers Bank Building.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN—$300, $500, $750, $1,000, $1,200, $1,500, $1,800, $2,000, $2,500, $3,000, $3,500, $4,000, $5,000; bring deed. W. C. Butterfield & Co., 319 West Diamond st., Allegheny.

MONEY to loan at 5 and 6 per cent; any amount; property appraised at once. ELDERKIN-STANTON CO., 432 Fourth ave.

$200,000 to loan on first mortgage on Pittsburgh improved property; no agents. Address N 198, The Gazette.

$500,000 to loan, 4½ to 5 per cent; mortgages or collateral; private party. P. O. box 663.

INDIVIDUAL loans on second mortgages; no delay. Pittsburgh P. O. Box 1960.

FOR SALE.

Allegheny Residences.

OPEN EVENINGS.

Come up on Troy Hill in Allegheny; we have 8 of the best small brick houses ever built; we can show you that you will pay less than rent if you live in one of these houses. Take Troy Hill cars; get off at Forest st. Come up Sunday or tonight.

FOR SALE

Fine new two-story frame residence, 7 rooms, bath, reception hall, hot and cold water, laundry etc.; lot 30x130. Verner ave., Walker plan. A great bargain. $4,000. H. C. MENDEL & CO., 407 E. Ohio St., Allegheny.

Farms.

FARM FOR SALE—$30.00 PER ACRE—We have a neat little farm of 40 acres, situate in Ashtabula county, Ohio, near Lake Erie. Good springs, running water, dwelling, 4 rooms, barn 36x36 feet, orchard. At this price it is a great bargain. BLACK & BAIRD, Farmers Bank Building.

$100 FIVE ACRES. $100. $5 monthly buys for you a fine truck and poultry farm on 2 railroads, near Atlantic City, and we build you a house. Let us tell you all about it. THE JAS. MURTHA CO., 839 Fifth ave.

35 ACRES coal and limestone land, fronting on railroad; both opened; tracks, cars, etc.; good 8-room house, barn, etc.; price only $2,500; this is a money-maker; refer to G 1265. WALTER BECKER, 434 Fourth ave.

Lots.

OAKMONT PROPERTY

Lot 705 ft. front by 150 deep to 24-ft. al.$5,000
Lot 785 ft. front by 150 deep to 24-ft. al. 5,000
Lot 731 ft. front by 150 deep to 24-ft. al.10,000
Lot 1610 ft. front by 150 deep to 24-ft. al.35,000

The above are all beautiful tracts, with fine views, well located and exceedingly low.

Seven corner lots, each 150x150 ft., to alley, from $3,000 to $5,000.

Four corner lots, each 150x256 ft., with fine forest and orchard trees, from $6,500 to $7,000. T. S. McCANLIS, Agent, Bell 'Phone 121. Oakmont, Pa.

Real Estate—Special.

JOHN R. CAVANAGH & CO., 608-609 Keystone Bldg., 324 Fourth ave.

We buy and sell all kinds of business and real estate everywhere; partners secured, stock companies organized and financed, stocks and bonds guaranteed; correspondence solicited; transactions strictly confidential.

Atlantic City Real Estate.

FOR SALE—One of the finest dwellings in Atlantic City, on prominent street, near the board walk; land 200x150; splendid increase future. Apply Amos S. Lampher, 25 Pine st., New York, or E. H. Cuthbert & Co., Atlantic City, N. J.

Coal Lands.

1,000 TO 2,000 ACRES COAL. Near Pittsburgh; excellent R. R. facilities; good coking coal; strong physically. JAS. W. DRAPE & CO., 425 Fourth ave.

Business Opportunities.

GROCERY STORE—Located in Allegheny, doing nice business, cheap rent; will sacrifice, $250.

COAL AND SUPPLY BUSINESS—Located in Pittsburgh district, clearing $4,200 yearly; reason for selling, leaving city; bargain to cash buyer.

WELL established business located in East End, Pittsburgh, doing business $40 week.

ROOMING HOUSE—14 rooms, located North ave., Allegheny; modern conveniences, filled with good paying roomers; will sell $375 to cash buyer.

CONFECTIONERY AND CIGAR STORE—Located in Pittsburgh, doing business $100 week; will sacrifice to cash buyer. CENTRAL REALTY CO., 422 Federal st., Allegheny.

FOR SALE—Large Pittsburgh department store willing to sell newspaper cuts, used, but perfect; very cheap; only out-of-town merchants need reply. Address H 106, The Gazette.

OIL GUARANTEED.

Kansas company just organized, drilling begun; shares now 2c; par value $1. Address Rocky Mountain Securities Co., Kansas City, Mo.

$3.00 BUYS acre oil lease, good 25 years; wonderful new Arkansas oil field; fortunes in future sale of leases. Write Bailey, Mo. Pacific Immigration Agent, Little Rock, Ark.

PROMOTERS and investors wanted for one of the richest mines in Mexico; thousands of ore on the dump; special inducements offered. Address J. E. Beasley, Amarillo, Tex.

MANAGER—Wanted for Pittsburgh branch of Philadelphia house; prefer man to invest in business; salary $20 or $25 a week, and share profits. Address G 163, The Gazette.

GROCERY STORE—In suburb; doing business $250 week; rent, with living rooms, $30 mo.; price $1,200. CAVANAGH CO., 431 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Milk route, 50 gallons a day; will sell with property or route itself. Inquire at 171 Knox ave., Knoxville.

IF you want to buy, sell or exchange any kind of business see Central Realty Co., 422 Federal st., Allegheny.

YOUNG MAN to invest $200 in a business that will pay $25 a week. Room 310, 351 Fourth avenue.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business, see CAVANAGH & CO., 431 Fourth ave.

IF YOU want to buy or sell a business, see MILLER & HOWARD, 481 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Good bakery, $450. T. R. Patterson, 1107 Fifth ave., Beaver Falls, Pa.

Machinery.

PUMPS.

18x10x12" Smith-Vail underwriter's fire pump.
18½x12x10" Worthington duplex.
16x8½x10" Worthington duplex.
14 and 20x12x10" Deane compound.
20x7¾x24" Gordon duplex.
20x14x20" Blake single cylinder.
18x16x16" Blake single cylinder.
18x12¾x32" Cameron.
16x7¼x24" Wilson Synder S. C. outside packed.

Large stock of smaller sizes for boiler feed and general service.

Also boilers, engines,

STEEL STOCKS WERE STRONG, RAILROADS SOLD OFF

Steel Preferred Nearly Recovered Its Dividend. Pittsburgh Coal Preferred, Plate Glass and Steel Common Higher.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

The iron and steel stocks and the shares of railroads traversing the industrial districts were strong and higher in New York, but other industrial and railroad stocks after opening steady to firm, sold off and closed lower for the day. The London market was firm and higher, being favorably affected by the fact that there was no increase in the Bank of England rate of discount. Consols advanced ¼ per cent and Japanese bonds were ½ per cent higher on the news that Port Arthur was tottering to its fall. The matter of greatest interest to Wall street, however, was the strength of American stocks in the London market, and the buying orders received from that center for U. S. Steel, particularly for the common stock. It is estimated that London bought 20,000 to 25,000 shares Steel common during the day. In New York Steel preferred was relatively the strongest of the industrials and nearly recovered its quarterly dividend. The stock opened firm at 81⅝ and the advance did not stop until it reached 82¼, which was equivalent to 84, dividend on. Tennessee Coal and Iron was conspicuously strong, advancing to 61½, the highest on this movement, the rise being based upon reports of the placing of large orders for material. Colorado Fuel and Iron rose to 44 and Republic Iron and Steel was higher. The entire group of iron and steel stocks closed at net gains, the largest being 2⅜ per cent for Tennessee Coal & Iron.

Other prominent industrial stocks closed lower. Amalgamated Copper selling off to 72⅛ and closing only a small fraction above the lowest. In the early part of the session Sugar rose to 146¾, but lost the gain and closed unchanged for the day. In the traction group, Metropolitan closed at net loss of ¾ per cent, while Brooklyn closed nearly a point higher. The opening of the East river bridge to railway traffic today is expected to increase the earnings of the traction roads and the buying of Brooklyn was based upon this theory.

There was good buying of Pennsylvania Railroad, possibly for the dividend which comes off today, and the price advanced to 138. The stock was also helped by the buoyancy in the iron and steel issues. Baltimore & Ohio closed ⅝ per cent higher, while Reading and Erie closed a point.

As a rule, the highest prices for the grangers occurred at the opening, and this whole group closed lower for the day. There was considerable irregularity in the market during the afternoon and a falling off in the volume of dealings.

The impression prevailed that professional traders were taking profits and evening up accounts in anticipation of the election holiday, there being but two and a half days before the balloting takes place on Tuesday. There is also a feeling that tomorrow's bank statement may prove to be unfavorable, inasmuch as the banks have been losing cash to the sub-treasury and also through the exports of gold. This prospective loss had no effect upon rates for either call or time loans, and the further decline in sterling exchange puts out of question additional gold exports for the time being at least.

In view of the shipments of gold to Paris this week, the statement of the Bank of France yesterday received more general interest. The bank reported a loss in cash amounting to about $3,000,000, principally gold, and an increase of more than $25,000,000 in loans. The weekly report of the Bank of England showed a decrease of $12,150,000 in gold and a decrease of $3,650,000 in loans. The percentage of reserve to liability, which last week was 53.88 per cent, is now 52.12 per cent.

Commodity markets were quieter. Wheat was weak at the opening, subsequently rallied, but did not retain all its gain. Primary receipts are now falling below those for the corresponding period last year. Cotton rallied fractionally and closed a shade higher for the day.

The local stock market was more active yesterday and the business was better distributed. Pittsburgh Coal preferred advanced to 75, a new high price for the year, but subsequently reacted to 74¾, and the trading in it was smaller than for some days past. The feeling on the stock is still bullish, and it is rumored that additional announcements may shortly be made of deals which will strengthen the control of the company of the local coal situation. The common stock closed firmer and a shade higher at 47 bid. U. S. Steel common was the most active stock, and on sales of 2,000 shares closed ⅝ higher. The total sales of Crucible Steel common and preferred reached only 700 shares and both issues closed unchanged. A revival of activity occurred in Pittsburgh Plate Glass, and on sales of more than 1,000 shares the stock rallied to 131, its recent high price. Manufacturers Light and Heat was also active but heavy, declining to and closing at 38. Philadelphia Company common was a shade lower at 42¾. The Westinghouse stocks were dull but firm. Electric advanced to 85¼ and closed at 85, while Air Brake was in demand at 136 bid. Pittsburgh Oil and Gas advanced 1 per cent to 73 bid.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Sales on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

10:00 A. M. to 10:30 A. M.

10	Brewing pfd..	40	
100	U. S. St. com	21⅝	
65	do	21⅝	
10	do	21⅝	
500	do	22	
4	do	22	
10	do	21⅝	
100	do	22	
100	do	22	
100	do	22	
50	do	22	
60	do	22	
20	do	22	
5	do	22	
20	do	22	
25	Brewing com.	2⅝	
250	Pgh. Coal pfd	75	
50	do	75	
1	do	75	

10:30 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.

5	Crucible pfd..	47⅝	
$17.50	P C.d.scrip	100⅞	
11	Electric 2ds..	85¼	
4	do	85¾	
100	do	85	
50	U. S. St. com.	22	
50	do	22	
10	do	22	
50	do	22	
50	do	22	
25	do	22	
25	do	22	

11:00 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

50	U. S. St. pfd.	82	
50	do	82	
1	do	81½	
270	Phila. com.	42⅞	
25	Crucible com.	6½	
10	do	6½	
100	U. S. Stl. com	22⅛	
35	do	22⅛	
500	do	22	
25	do	22	
25	do	22	
10	do	22	
10	do	22	
25	Brewing com.	2⅝	
25	do	2⅝	
30	do	2⅝	
25	do	2⅝	
25	do	2⅝	
9	Ohio Fuel	39⅞	
25	Sewer Pipe	22½	
100	Pgh. Coal pfd	74½	

12:30 P. M. to 2:00 P. M.

50	Oil & Gas	72	
20	do	73	
50	Pgh. Coal pfd.	74½	
50	Phila. com	42⅝	
100	U. S. Stl. com	22	
10	P. Coal pfd.	74⅞	
20	do	74¾	
6	do	74¾	
10	do	74⅞	
10	do	74¾	
20	do	74⅞	
3	do	75	
65	M. L. & H.	38	
50	do	38	
50	do	38	
25	F. Proof. com	85¾	
20	do	85⅜	
50	P. Fl. Glass	130½	
25	Brewing com.	26⅜	
50	do	131	
200	do	131	
37	do	131	
50	do	131	
100	do	131	
50	do	131	
25	Brewing com.	26½	
5	do	26½	
50	P. Fl. Glass	131	
50	Stove & R.pfd	13	
50	U. S. Car pfd.	75⅞	
50	Stove & R.pfd	13	
10	F. Proof. pfd	90½	
50	K. T. & H	38	
50	do	38	
100	Electric	85	
50	do	85	
100	do	85	
50	do	85	
50	do	85	
50

SOUTH SIDE ICE PLANT IS RESOLD

Colonial Ice Company Buys Old Duquesne Plant for $75,200.

ONE END OF EXCHANGE DEAL

The old Duquesne Ice Company plant on the South Side was bought yesterday by the Colonial Ice Company for $75,200. Title was obtained from C. A. O'Brien, trustee, who got possession of the property several months ago when it was offered for sale. The lot is 112.5x171 feet facing on the east side of South Sixteenth street, near Muriel street, and opposite the plant of the Oliver Iron and Steel Company. A substantial brick building designed for an ice plant and an office building stand on the site.

Through the agency of Coyle Brothers another choice plot of ground has been sold from the Beacon Heights plan in the Twenty-second ward. It belonged to Thomas R. Pittock and the buyer is a local man whose name is withheld for the present. The plot measures 300x180 feet fronting on the north side of Beacon street near Shady avenue and was sold for $22,500 or $75 a front foot. On 100 feet of the frontage the buyer will build a $25,000 residence. The new Shady avenue car line which will run from Fifth avenue to Forbes street, and by way of Murray avenue, connect with the Homestead line, thus affording a cross-town line for the East End, is counted on to help property values a great deal. One track is already finished to Forbes street and the road will be double tracked so that cars will be running not later than January 1.

Traded Duquesne Heights Houses.

It develops that in the purchase of the Wallace Block in Wilkinsburg from A. J. Puffinburg for $115,000 the buyer, Charles Lockhart, tendered in part payment 16 houses on Duquesne Heights. The houses are eight-room brick dwellings on lots averaging about 20x72 feet, and are on both sides of Plymouth street between Sycamore and Virginia, and Virginia, about three minutes' walk from the head of the Duquesne incline. They rent for $15 to $17 a month and were valued at $35,000. The deal was handled by George Brothers and J. H. Colman.

H. F. Woodburn, who has recently taken an office at 316 Fourth avenue, has closed a deal for Twenty-first ward lots valued at $20,000. For Sarah A. Whitla he sold to Laura A. Woodburn 33 lots, 25x100 feet each, on the west side of Stinger street, near Perrysville avenue, for $12,500, and for Rollin A. Haddock to the same buyer seven lots of the same size adjoining for $3,500. He resold 30 of these lots through the office of C. F. Dahlstrom & Company of McKeesport, to John J. Jones of Johnstown, for $15,000. Mr. Jones will improve five of the lots at once. The remaining 10 lots were sold by Mr. Woodburn to Stewart Cunningham for $5,000.

Won't Organize a Land Company.

Residents of the Point Breeze district are preparing to make a quiet but determined stand against the proposed Luna park attraction which, it is rumored, will be built on the Singer plot. Wednesday night several well-known property owners including David P. Black, D. McKay Lloyd and John B. Jackson, met at the Point Breeze church and partially formulated a plan of action. It was learned that Frederick Ingersoll has secured a 60-days' option on the Singer lot the price being $200,000 as stated in The Gazette last week. Whether this option has been closed is not known. The Point Breeze residents are inclined to think that the reported purchase is a bluff intended to bring out a tidy sum of money to keep the attraction away.

"If any money is spent for that purpose it will not be spent in organizing a land company and buying the property from Mr. Ingersoll at a handsome profit, as was the case with the Aaron French property," said one of the parties interested yesterday.

Instead the property owners have taken a new tack and it is pushed to the point of protecting the exclusive residence center, say that they will try other means of keeping away the show that will be equally effective. Two strong objections to the property as a show ground are manifest, in the opinion of many. One is that the street car lines at this point can barely carry the passengers they have now, and the show would be wholly at the mercy of a crippled traction service. The other is that such an attraction to pay well must have drinking places near it or on the grounds, a fact that no license could be secured for in this locality.

Fine Frontage Coming On.

The old Robert Wightman property in the Nineteenth ward is being plotted and will be put on the market shortly by the Real Estate Trust Company. It includes about 20 acres of land lying on both sides of Stanton avenue between Wellesley and Reberton avenues. The larger part is between Stanton avenue and River street, some of which extends down over the hillside. Most of the property is level and will be laid out in lots 50x120 feet. The Stanton avenue frontage is held at $100 a foot. This property is near the C. L. Magee holdings, and the big plots of vacant frontage owned by Samuel W. Black, James H. Park, James J. Booth and M. S. King.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has started tearing out the trees and clearing off the Westinghouse lot at Homewood, across the tracks from the station. This lot touches the McGillick lot, part of which was recently condemned and will be used, it is said, for a site for the new inbound passenger station.

Architect F. G. Scheibler, Jr., of Wilkinsburg, is taking bids on the school house to be built at Hawkins station, Swissvale. The building will contain eight rooms and will cost in the neighborhood of $50,000. Bids will soon be taken on the Winkins place school house designed by the same architect.

Brisk Selling of Small Properties.

Penn avenue: Jacob I. Levy has sold to I. Sachs an improved lot, 17x100 feet on the north side of Penn avenue near Twelfth street, Ninth ward, for $16,000. He also sold to Jacob Horn 20x77 feet in Second avenue, near Brewery street, Sixth ward, for $1,000.

Wylie avenue: David Levy sold to Paul Friedman an improved lot, 22x124 feet, on the east side of Wylie avenue, Eighth ward, for $12,000.

Wilkinsburg: A. D. Harrison of the Wilkinsburg Real Estate and Trust Company sold for Sarah Woodside to Mary Gardner, 908 Ross street, near Mill street, First ward, Wilkinsburg, an eight-room frame house on 33x182 feet, for $5,500; for the Hampton Land Improvement Company to H. C. Bixler and Charles A. Machesney two lots, 30x105 feet each, in Hampton avenue, near Hay street, Wilkinsburg, for $1,750 each; for James Doncaster to Walter G. Craven, five lots 30x122 feet each, in Hill avenue near Swissvale avenue, Wilkinsburg, for $6,300. He also bought from Walter Craven, 250 Maple avenue, Edgewood, a nine-room buff brick house on 25x120 feet, for $6,000.

East End avenue: J. A. Young & Company sold for W. H. Boshart to George W. McCandless, No. 307 East End avenue, Twenty-second ward, a 10-room brick house on 32x85 feet, for $7,000, and for U. G. Vogan to Dr. J. J. Mullen, a 10-room brick house on 29x116 feet in Frankstown avenue, near Dallas avenue, Twenty-first ward, for $8,000.

Penn avenue: C. C. Hamilton sold for J. H. Wise to W. W. Hartman 4919 Penn avenue, East End, a three-story brick building on 20x100 feet, for $6,200.

Minor Real Estate Deals.

Ivy street: The East End Savings and Trust Company sold for Joseph S. Larkins to C. E. Vestal a seven-room frame house on 24x105 feet on the east side of Ivy street, Twentieth ward, for $5,100.

Maple avenue: James A. Griffith sold for Bernard Wolff, jr., estate to Alfred M. Smith, 110 Maple avenue, a six-room frame house on 37.5x100 feet, for $5,100, and to Frank W. Wentz, 117 Maple avenue, a similar property at 117 Maple avenue, for $5,600.

Auburn street: The Kelly-Wood Real Estate Company sold for J. M. McCready to Sarah Skillen an improved lot, 23x100 feet, in Auburn street, Twenty-first ward, for $3,000.

Fifth avenue: Samuel Markowitz sold to Jacob Horn 61x254 feet on the north side of Fifth avenue near Boston street, Fourteenth ward, for $2,500.

Lincoln avenue: The Liberty Real Estate Trust Company sold for I. G. McMinn to Mary S. Burke a 50x90 feet on the south side of Lincoln avenue, near Lyric street, Twenty-first ward, for $1,500.

Webster avenue: J. F. Carey sold to W. D. Mason an improved lot, 21x127 feet, in Webster avenue, Eleventh ward, for $4,550.

The Aronson Realty Company delivered the deed for the property at 81-83 Tannehill street for Caroline Unger to Alfred Cahen. The properties consist of two brick tenement houses of 14 rooms. The consideration was $5,300. The lot is 48 feet front by 70 feet deep, and is in the Eighth ward.

Borland & Waddell, Keystone building, have sold for the Washington Trust Company of Washington, Pa., to a local investor the 10-room solid brick dwelling house at 5527 Columbo street, Nineteenth ward, for $7,000.

Transfers Recorded.

Tombaugh E E to A L Overcashier, Nov 1, Scott twp, 3 lots, Mt Lebanon plan.$ 3,000
Smith J P and Annie McLaughlin, Oct 27, 17th wd, Pgh, 20x110, 45th st..... 3,800
Robinson Elisha to R B Woolfolk, Sept 14, 20th wd, Pgh, 45x171, S Negley ave 9,250
Wessel Arthur to W E Davis, May 25, Scott twp, 80x220, Columbia ave..... 1,400
Powell T F to Mary Gillespie, Oct 25, 16th wd, Pgh, 28x140, Farragut st.... 11,000
Wolff Annie W to A M Smith, Oct 17, 31st wd, Pgh, 37x106, Maple ave..... 3,100
Israel Wm C to Louis Stevens, Oct 29, Carrick, 35x220, Church st..... 3,800
Davis W E to Jno Groetzinger, Oct 31, Scott twp, 90x220, Columbia ave..... 1,375
Klein F E to Wm Garrow, Sept 29, 31st wd, Pgh, 25x117, Allen ave..... 3,500
Schirmer N to Fredk Grafer, Sept 20, 7th wd, Ally, 20x70, Villa st..... 1,000
Keiner Henry to W M Breucker, Aug 31, Robinson twp, 9 acres..... 1,500
Hoffman H W to B R Marshall, Oct 22, 31th wd, Pgh, 26x110, Claire st..... 2,800
West End Land Co to R A Roney, Sept 15, Stowe twp, 37x102, Broadway..... 1,250
John Hays to Joseph Englert, Nov 1, Elizabeth, 55x210, Middle ave..... 3,100
Sample Harriet to J G Hoffman, Aug 31, Hampton twp, 97 acres, 6-7 int.... 6,000
Robin A M to Michael Diggin, Oct 20, 2d wd, Ally, 34x110, Kirkpatrick ave. 4,800
Weddell L I to Sarah Mahaffey, Oct 22, Glassport, 60x116, Monongahela ave... 4,000
Hice Walter to C R Henderson, Dec 17, Kilbuck twp, 100x120, Ridge ave.... 225
Stahl S S to S H Smith, Oct 29, Sheraden, 25x100, South Harwood ave..... 3,000
Hampton L Impt Co to R T Bixler, Oct 31, Wkbg, 26x105, Hampton ave..... 1,800
Goldberg M to J Bonistalli, Oct 25, 11th wd, Ally, 48x54, Clift st..... 7,650
Balbridge W to Robt Young, Oct 25, Munhall, 25x110, Martha st..... 3,500
Knoxville L Impt Co to E C Kuernler, Oct 24, Knoxville, 58x120, Alice st.... 1,700
Larson Jno to E R German, Oct 10, 9th wd, McKpt, 40x110, Parker st..... 3,500
Meredith C C to Mary Gallagher, Oct 20, Bellevue, 34x100, North st..... 4,500
Bean Hannah to F L Johnson, Sept 2, Wkbg, 25x86, Ella st..... 5,000
Same to same, Sept 2, Wkbg, 65x110, Ella st..... 10,000
Swartz S to Jacob Grossberger, Sept 22, Stowe twp, 48x100, Bellwood ave..... 3,000
Potter Joseph to Jacob Price, Aug 15, 7th wd, Pgh, 24x94, Colwell st..... 2,800
Iverson Chas to H E Biddle, Oct 5, 7th wd, McKpt, 26x115, Willow ave..... 3,500
Simson J G to E P Sportsel Jr., Oct 25, 22d wd, Pgh, 25x100, Ridge ave..... 4,000
Hampton L Impt Co to C T Mechesney, Oct 31, Wkbg, 30x105, Hampton ave.. 1,700
Wills G F to J Schlotter, Oct 25, 18th wd, Pgh, 30x56, Wylie Ave and 24x100, Junilla st..... 4,000
Work Maurice to C Torrance, Oct 25, 10th wd, Pgh, 30x120, Centre ave..... 10,000
Hilton Thomas to Catherine Ward, Oct 15, Mifflin twp, 1 acre..... 1,000

FLOUR HOLDS ATTENTION IN THE LOCAL MARKETS

Some Dealers Think Eastern Situation Is Bound to Produce Further Advances.

Flour is the item of greatest interest in the local markets just now, as neither the dealers nor the public seem to know what its future is going to be. The wheat market is in the hands of speculators and it is impossible to tell which is going to win out, the bulls or the bears. If the bovine element prevails, flour will undoubtedly move up several points. In fact dealers claim it is at such a figure now that there is no profit in it, as the price at the Minneapolis mills is such there is no profit after paying freight from there to this city.

The war scare is having its effect in the flour situation and there are many who believe a general European war is bound to occur, which would shoot flour prices almost out of sight. The best informed dealers take no stock in this but there are many who can see no other way out of the eastern situation.

Business was dull in all lines yesterday and the receipts of fruit and produce were lighter than they have been any day for several years. Only eight carloads of fruit and produce were received and the result is that prices in all lines are stiffening and dealers are worrying off large stocks which had been accumulating as the result of heavy receipts last week. A general resumption in all lines is looked for about the last of next week and from that time on business in the local market is expected to reach the boom stage.

The receipts of fruit and produce yesterday in the local yards were as follows: Apples, 3 cars, making 70; potatoes, 1 car, making 121; turnips, 3 cars; miscellaneous 1 car, making 13.

HAY AND GRAIN.

Receipts.

Receipts of hay and grain in the local yards yesterday were as follows: Pennsylvania lines, 28 cars hay, 28 cars oats, 2 cars straw, 6 cars corn, 6 cars feed, 1 car rye; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, 4 cars hay, 2 cars corn, 1 car rye; Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 5 cars hay, 1 car corn.

Heavy receipts of hay and oats the past few days have had the effect of weakening the market slightly and a reduction in all quotations is noted this morning. The better supply of good hay is arriving and the demand for that grade continues heavy. Lower grades are being sold off for what they will bring. Shelled corn has moved up a little, the supply being still short of the demand. New corn is slow in arriving and dealers are yet cautious about it, owing to the prevailing warm weather.

No. 1 timothy.....$12.25@12.50
No. 2 timothy.....$10.75@11.25
No. 1 clover.....$12.00@12.50
No. 1 mixed.....$12.00@12.50
Loose from wagon.....$14.00@16.00
Straw, oat.....$7.25@7.75
do wheat.....$7.75@8.25
do rye.....$12.75@13.25
No. 2 white oats.....34½@34½c
No. 3 oats.....33⅜@34c
No. 4 oats.....32⅜@33½c
White middlings.....No. 1, ton..$23.00@23.50
No. 2 mid.....
do ....$22.00@22.50
do brown.$20.00@20.50
Bran, ton.....$19.00@19.50
Wheat, No. 2 red.....
at mill.....$1.06@1.08
Corn, No. 2 yellow shelled.....63@63½c
High mixed.....60½@61c
No. 2 yellow ear.....63¼@64c
New yellow ear.....51@52c
No. 2 rye, western.....92@92½c

DRIED FRUIT.

Apricots, evap., bags.....10@12c
do 25-lb boxes.....10½@12½c
Apples, bulk.....6¾@7c
do 1-lb cartons.....7½@8c
Peaches.....7@10½c
Raisins, fancy seeded, 1-lb pkg..7¼@7½c
Raisins, Muscatel, 2 and 3-crown 50-lb boxes..6@6¼c
do Ondaria.....
Val.....8@8½c
do Cal. Val. .7@7½c
Currants, cleaned, 25 and 50-lb pkgs.....6½@6¾c
Prunes.....3@8c

FRUITS.

Lemons, Messinas ...$4.00@4.50
Oranges, Florida..$3.25@3.75
Jamaicas, per box.$3.00@3.25
Cocoanuts, bags ...$3.50@4.00
do doz.....6@75c
Figs, cartons.....7½@8c
do layers.....8@12c
do washed, stuffed, doz...$2.25
Dates, stuffed.....13c
Bananas 1st $1.50@2.00
do 2nds ...$1.00@1.50
Pineapples, crate ...$3.00@3.50
Grapes, California, crates.....$1.75
N. Y. grapes, 8-lb b'sket.15@16c
Niagara grapes, do 8-lb b'sket.21@22c
do Malaga.$4.50@5.00
do Catawba, 4 lb .....15@16c
Grape fruit..$5.00@6.00
Japanese persimmons ..$2.50@3.00
Apples, ½ bu.....20@35c
Choice .....$1.25@1.50
Fancy .....$2.00@2.25
Huls, bbl ...75c@$1.00
Peaches, 6-basket carriers .$2.00@2.25
10-lb b'skets.40@50c
20-lb b'skets.75@80c
bu b'skts.$2.00@2.50
Plums, Cali. crates ...55c@$1.00
Limes, per 100 ...75c@$1.60
Pears, per crate, Fancy ...$2.00@2.50
10-lb b'skets.20@25c
20-lb b'skets.40@50c
Quinces, bbls. ....$2.50@3.00
½-bu .....75@85c
Kniefers, Ohio and N. Y., bbls. ....$2.50@2.50

POULTRY AND GAME.

Squab, doz.....$4.00
do No. 2.....$3.75
Ducks, ruddy.....$1.25
do red head.$1.75@3.00
do canvas-back.....$2.75@3.00
Impt. golden plover, doz.....$5.50
do black plover..$4.50
do grouse $2.50
do partridges ...$2.25
Iceed birds, doz...$1.25
Snippets, per lb..9@10c
Rabbits, pair...35@40c
Woodchuck ....40@50c
Live hens .....11@12c
do roosters ....7@8c
do old turkeys.14@15c
do old ducks.11@12c
do spring chickens ...12@13c
do geese.....8@9c
do spring ducks .....14@15c
Dressed hens ...15@18c
do roosters ...12@18c
do turkeys ...20@21c
do spring chickens ....16@17c
do Long Island ducklings 20c
do capon, lb..26@27c

NUTS.

Filberts .....11@12c
Eng. walnuts...12@15c
do dom.....9@c@$1.00
S. S. almonds....15c
Tarr. almonds.....15c
Mixed .....10@11c
Brazil .....9@11c
Italian chestnuts.9@10c
do domestic, choice, lb ....
do fancy, lb....7@8c
do dried Italian, lb.7c
Shellbarks, bu.....$1.50@1.75
do new ...$1.75@2.00
Pecans 10c
Peanuts, fancy roasted $1.60
do choice $1.30

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, lb ....
bu small.$7.00@7.85
do mammoth ...$7.70@7.90
do crimson.$4.50@4.75
do white .....
Dutch..$9.75@11.50
Alsike .....$8.00@8.50
Alfalfa .....$8.50@9.00
Millet, Western ...$1.25@1.50
Southern ...$1.75@1.80
Grass, Hungarian .....90c@$1.00
do lawn, lb...10@18c
do blues, 14-lb bu. .....$1.25@1.50
do red top, 14-lb bu.$1.10@1.30
Timothy ....$1.40@1.55

PROVISIONS.

Hams.
18 lbs and up.....10¼c
Over 14 to 18 lbs.10¼c
Over 10 to 14 lbs.10¾c
16 lbs and under...11c
Skinned hams 11¾c
Boneless boiled.....13c
California 8c
Shoulders, N. Y., cut 9¼c
do skinned 9¾c
Ribs, 8 to 10 lbs...12c
do 10 to 12 lbs...11c
do back strips .11c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs. 12¼c
do 10 to 12 lbs.11¾c
Breakfast bacon, back strips ...11¾c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears 9c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs. 9¼c
do 16 to 20 lbs..9¼c
do under 16 lbs..9¼c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears 10c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs. 10¼c
do 16 to 20 lbs..10¼c
do under 16 lbs.10½c
Lard, pure, tierces ....8¼@8¾c

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl....$26.00
do half bbl....$11.50
do quar. bbl....$6.00
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl....$20.00
do half bbls...$10.50
do quar. bbls...$6.25
do 20-lb pails..$2.40
do 10-lb pails..$1.75
Mackerel, No. 2 large, bbl....$16.50
do half bbls....$8.50
do quar. bbls....$4.35
do 20-lb pails..$1.90
do 10-lb pails...$1.60
do No. 2 Irish, 50-lb tubs.....$5.00
Lake herring, 100 lbs. $3.35
do 40-lb $1.35
do 10-lb 50c

GROCERIES.

Flour.
Fancy spg. patent, quarters, in paper.$6.50@6.60
Fancy winter patent..$6.10@6.20
Straight win.$5.60@5.75
Rye .....$4.50@4.55
Graham ....$4.65@4.75
Cornmeal, bbl. ....$3.00@3.10
do 10-lb cotton bag .....18½@17c
Buckwheat .$3.00@3.25
Rolled oats, bbl...$4.10
do kegs $2.50
Roasted Coffee.
Rio .....13½@15c
Santos .....22½@23½c
Maracaibo ...15c@15½c
Peaberry .....17½@18c
Golden Rio ...15c@15½c
Caracas .....15½@20c
Standard, pkgs. 13.05c
High grade.18½@19½c
Molasses, Fancy refined .....35c@36c
do choice ....31@34c
do open ket..27@30c
Syrup.
Fancy syrup....28@30c
Maple syrup, gal..$1.00
Sug. and cane..24@25c
Prime .....24@28c
¼-lb cans, doz...$1.80
½-lb cans, doz...$1.10
5-lb cans, doz...$1.85
10-lb cans, doz....$3.40
Maple, gal....76c@$1.00
Oatmeal, bbl. $5.25
Barley $2.75
Sugar, sta. gran..5.20c
do bags 5.15c
do 2-lb carton...5.35c
do 5-lb bags....5.50c
do pow'd xxxx..5.30c
do cut loaf.....5.30c
do cubes 5.45c
do conf. A. 4.70@5.00c
do No. 1 yellow.5.05c
do No. 2 yellow.4.75c
do No. 3 yellow.4.70c
Beans.
Navy, choice H. P. ....$1.80@2.00
Red kidney ..$3.25@3.50
Cal. lima, lb...3¼@3½c
Peas, dried, bu. .....$1.20@1.50
do split, lb.....3c
bu. .....$2.00@2.10
do marrowfat, bu. .....$2.00@2.10
Oil, carbon, 110 deg. 11¾c
do headlight ...12¾c
do water white..13c
do Ohio W. W. 150 deg. 12¾c
do Elaine 16c
do special brands .....28@43c
Rice, ex-fancy head, lb.....6@6½c
do fancy Japan .....4@4¼c
do choice, Carolina .....5¼@5½c
Salt, No. 1 bbl...$1.00
do No. 2 extra..$1.10
do gran. rock....85c
do pocket..$1.50@1.85
do dairy $1.50
Lentils, fancy lb. 4½c
Sauerkraut, 40-gal. cask .$5.00
do 10-gal. keg...$2.10

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, bulk, bu, store...55c@60c
do, track...50c@55c
Mich., car lots .....45@48c
Ohio, car lots .....50@55c
Virginia sweets, bbls. ....$1.75@2.00
Jersey sweets, bbls. ....$3.00@3.25
Onions, bbls. ....$2.00@2.25
do bu.....75@85c
Spanish, per crate .....$1.25@1.35
Carrots, bbl..$1.50@1.75
do hamp'rs.90c@$1.00
Parsnips, bbl ....$1.75@2.00
Cucumbers, Boston, doz. ....$1.00@1.25
Cabbage, domestic, bbl .....75c@$1.00
do ton...$12.00@14.00
do Savoy, bbl .....$1.00@1.25
do German seed, ton ...$15.00@16.00
do bbl..$1.15@1.25
Lettuce, baskets ....20@25c
Green beans.$3.00@3.50
Wax beans..$2.00@2.50
Celery, Kalamazoo, doz. .....10@15c
do 2-lb carton...5.35c
do 5-lb bags....5.50c
do pow'd xxxx..5.30c
do cut loaf.....5.30c
do cubes 5.45c
do conf. A. 4.70@5.00c
do No. 1 yellow.5.05c
do No. 2 yellow.4.75c
do No. 3 yellow.4.70c
Beans.
Navy, choice H. P. ....$1.80@2.00
Red kidney ..$3.25@3.50
Cal. lima, lb...3¼@3½c
Peas, dried, bu. .....$1.20@1.50
do split, lb.....3c
bu. .....$2.00@2.10
do marrowfat, bu. .....$2.00@2.10
Oil, carbon, 110 deg. 11¾c
do headlight ...12¾c
do water white..13c
do Ohio W. W. 150 deg. 12¾c
do Elaine 16c
do special brands .....28@43c
Rice, ex-fancy head, lb.....6@6½c
do fancy Japan .....4@4¼c
do choice, Carolina .....5¼@5½c
Salt, No. 1 bbl...$1.00
do No. 2 extra..$1.10
do gran. rock....85c
do pocket..$1.50@1.85
do dairy $1.50
Lentils, fancy lb. 4½c
Sauerkraut, 40-gal. cask .$5.00
do 10-gal. keg...$2.10

PRODUCE.

doz. .....10@15c
do Ohio.....20@30c
Brussels sprouts, quart .....12½@15c
Spinach, ½-bu b'sket.20@25c
Honey, new ....15@16c
Extra fancy 17c
Beets, bbls...$1.75@2.00
Popcorn, lb.....4@5c
Eggplant, bush, choice ...$1.50@1.75
Squash, marrow, hds, bbl $1.25@1.50
do Hubbard, bbls ....$1.25@1.50
Rutabagas ...$1.10@1.15
Peppers, bu.....55@60c
do bbls.....$1.25@1.50
Mushrooms, per lb .....25@35c
Cauliflower, per bbl.$1.50@1.50
do ½-bu b'skt.50c@60c
Garlic, lb .....7@8c
Cranberries, per crate.$1.75@2.25
Horseradish, bbl .....35.50@36.00
Turnips, ½-bu chips .....40c@50c
do bu. .....75c@$1.00
do bbl.....$1.75@2.00
Tomatoes, ½-bu chips ....$1.00@1.25

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, sta. pts...$1.10
do pie, gal.$2.50@3.00
do California, lb. ....$1.65@2.25
do Maryland ....$1.45@1.65
do California, Y. F. ....$1.80@2.00
Corn, fancy.$1.10@1.20
do std. ....90c@$1.00
Cherries, Cal. white ...$2.50@2.75
Lima beans.$1.25@1.45
do soaked ....75c@90c
String beans, 2-lb..70c
do 3-lb 95c
String beans ....$1.25@1.75
Pass, marrowfat .....85@90c
do early June .....92@95c
do soaked ....55@65c
Apples, N. Y. gals. cans...$2.15@2.25
Pineapples, sli.$1.25@2.85
Plums, California ...$1.55@1.60
Raspberries .....85@95c
Gooseberries ....85@90c
Tomatoes, cans .....75@95c
do fancy .....$1.05@1.30
do 2-lb flats.$1.65@2.00
do pink, 1-lb tails ....$1.85@2.10
Chipped beef.$2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans ....$2.40@2.45
do 1-lb cans ....$1.80@1.85
Mackerel, broiled ..$1.90@2.50
Sardines, domestic, ½s...$3.45@3.60
do mustards, ½s.$2.60
do French.$9.50@18.50

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.
Prints .....24@26½c
Tubs .....25½@26c
Ohio cream....23@24c
Dairy .....17½@18½c
Country roll.14½@15½c
Cheese, N. Y., full crm, new..11@11½c
do Ohio crm 10½@11c
do ⅝ creed, new .....9@8½c
do Wis. Swiss, tubs .....14@15c
do block ....14@14½c
do flats.....17@17½c
do Limburger, new..13@13½c
do 5-lb brk.13@13½c
Neufchatel, per box ....90c@$1.00
Shefford, box 85c
Eggs, selected 22c
do candled 22c
do at mark.20½@21c
do storage ...20@20½c

HIDES.

Green salt or cured, No. 1 steers, over 60 lbs.....10c
do No. 2 .....8c
Cows and light hides.6c
Calfskins, No. 1....11c
No. 1 steers, 60 lbs. and under 9c
do No. 2 .....8c
Cows and light hides.6c
Calfskins, No. 1....11c
No. 1 green, all weights 7c
do No. 2 .....6c
No. 1 green bulls...5c
do No. 2 .....4c

ARGENTINA REPORTS STEADY WHEAT MARKET

Excessive Rains Are Said to Be Affecting the Crop There. Corn Is Off.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Excessive rains in Argentina and lack of moisture in the United States were main factors in a firm wheat market here today. Both December and May wheat closed with a gain of ¼c. Corn is off ⅛@⅜c. Oats are unchanged and provisions are 2½@7½c higher.

Reports of protracted wet weather in Argentina brought out a good demand for wheat when trading began. As a result, a firm undertone prevailed, initial quotations on December being unchanged to ⅛c higher at $1 12⅛@$1 12¼. May was a shade lower to ⅛@¼c higher at $1 11⅛@$1 12⅛. For a time the buying was of a lively character, shorts being quite active on that side of the market. Slight advances were made in the price of all deliveries both December and May selling up to $1 12¼. At this point the market was subjected to heavy selling pressure. The reason mainly given for the selling was the fact that reports of Hessian fly damage in winter wheat had been allayed to a considerable extent by reports to a Cincinnati crop journal. According to this authority, damage to the growing crop thus far has been comparatively insignificant. The market was unable to withstand the weight of offerings and in consequence December sold down to $1 11⅝. May declined to $1 11¾. Primary receipts were again of smaller volume than last year's and an active distribution of wheat was seemingly in progress from western market centers to parts of the country where there is a scarcity. The falling off in receipts had its effect, and on the decline there was enough wheat wanted to re-establish the feeling of firmness with which business commenced. Drought damage reports continued to come in, the effect of which was to stimulate a better demand. A firm tone prevailed at the close, final quotations on December were at 2@ 12⅝ and on May at $1 12¼. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 48,500 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,021,000 bushels, compared with 1,424,000 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 882 cars, against 576 cars last year and 1,178 cars a year ago.

Bearish reports of crop exports and continued excellent weather conditions were factors that caused an easier undertone in the corn market. According to the local crop statistician, hushing returns to date indicate a total crop of 2,500,000,000 bushels. Reports of cash sales at 7c above the price of May proved of some assistance in checking the decline. December opened a shade to ¼c higher at 48⅞@48¾c, sold off to 47⅝c and closed at 48¼c. Local receipts were 64 cars, with 4 of contract grade.

Trading in oats was extremely quiet and prices held steady, fluctuations for the day being confined to ⅛c. December opened ¼c higher at 28⅜c, sold down to 28⅛c and closed at 28¾c. Local receipts were 104 cars.

Provisions were firm on buying by a prominent packer. Commission houses were moderate purchasers of pork and ribs. Higher prices at the yards was an incentive to buy. At the close January pork was up 7½c at $12 85. Lard and ribs were each up 2½c at $7 15 and $6 55, respectively.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 44 cars; corn, 78 cars; oats, 136 cars; hogs, 16,000 head.

The leading futures, reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago board of trade, Farmers Bank building, are as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday's Close.
WHEAT					
No. 2.					
Dec.	1 12⅛	1 12⅛	1 11⅝	1 12⅛	1 12⅛
May	1 12⅛	1 12⅛	1 11⅝	1 12¼	1 11⅞
July	98⅝	99	98	98⅞	98⅛
CORN.					
No. 2.					
Dec.	48⅝	48⅝	47⅞	48⅛	48⅛
May	45⅞	45⅝	45¼	45⅜	45⅝
July	45⅜	45⅜	45⅛	45⅝	46⅛
OATS.					
No. 2.					
Nov.	....	....	....	29½	29½
Dec.	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
May	31⅛	31⅛	31	31⅛	31⅛
July	31¼	31¼	31	31	31⅛
MESS PORK.					
Jan.	12 60	12 67½	12 60	12 65	12 57½
May	12 65	12 67½	12 62½	12 65	12 52½
LARD.					
Jan.	7 12½	7 17½	7 12½	7 15	7 12½
May	7 25	7 27½	7 25	7 27½	7 22½
SHORT RIBS.					
Jan.	6 55	6 57½	6 55	6 55	6 52½
May	6 67½	6 70	6 67½	6 70	6 65

Cash quotations were as follows:
Flour easy. No. 2 spring wheat, $1 10@1 15; No. 3, $1 06@1 12; No. 2 red, $1 13⅝@1 16¼. No. 2 corn, 54½c; No. 2 yellow, 57½c; No. 2 oats, 27⅜c; No. 2 white, 29½c; No. 3 white, 30½@31½c; No. 2 rye, 70½c; good feeding barley, 34@36c; fair to choice malting, 41@42c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 10; No. 1 northwestern, $1 16; prime timothy seed, $2 60; mess pork per bbl., $11 00@11 02½; lard, per 100 lbs., $7 07½@7 10; short ribs sides (loose), $6 60@7 60; short clear sides (boxed), $7 00@7 12½; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 24. Clover, contract grade, $12 60.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls.	305,000	17,700
Wheat, bu.	120,000	84,100
Corn, bu.	645,000	148,200
Oats, bu.	175,800	266,900
Rye, bu.	2,000	1,200
Barley, bu.	67,100	55,600

Carlots.	Estimate, A year ago
80 Wheat	44 76
64 Corn	78 55
14 Oats	135 94
21,000 Hogs	10,000 ..

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Flour—Receipts, 24,219 barrels; exports, 1,885 barrels; sales, 2,800 packages; market steady with fair inquiry. Rye flour steady; sales, 275 barrels. Buckwheat flour dull. Cornmeal steady. Rye nominal. Barley firm. Wheat—Receipts, none; sales, 4,000,000 bushels futures; spot firm; No. 2 red, $1 20½ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, $1 23½ f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, $1 07½ f. o. b. afloat. Bullish Argentina news produced early strength in wheat, after which the price declined under bear pressure. In turn, bullish southwest crop news alarmed shorts and the market finally advanced to best point of the day, closing ⅜c net higher. Sales included No 2 red May at $1 12 9-16@1 18 11-16; closed at $1 13⅝; July, $1 03¼@1 03½; closed $1 03⅝. December, $1 16¾@1 17⅜; closed $1 17⅜. Corn—Receipts, none; sales, 250,000 bushels futures; spot firm. No. 2 red, 61½c elevator and 61½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 64½c; No. 2 white, 62½c. Option market opened steadier with wheat, but weakened under big crop estimates, closing dull and practically net unchanged; May, 51@51¼c; closed 51¼c. December, 56⅛@56¾c; closed 55¾c. Oats—Receipts, 64,500 bushels; exports, 176 bushels; spot dull; mixed oats, 26 to 32 pounds, 24½c; natural white, 30 to 32 pounds, 33½c; clipped white, 36 to 40 pounds, 37@38½c. Options nominal. Feed irregular; spring bran, $19 50.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—Wheat, No. 2 red cash, elevator, $1 13¼; December, $1 13¼; May, $1 15¼; No. 2 hard, $1 11@1 11½. Corn, No. 2 cash, 51c; December, 44¾c; May, 43⅝@43¾c. Oats, No. 2 cash, 31c; May, 31½c; No 2 white, 32½c.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 3.—Wheat steady; No. 1 northern, $1 17@1 17½; No. 2 northern, $1 10@1 15; May, $1 12¼ asked. Rye, No. 1, 84@84½c. Barley, No. 2, 54@55c; samples, 52@53c. Corn, No. 3, 57@58c; May, 45⅝@45¾c asked.

DULUTH, Nov. 3.—Wheat, No. 1 northern, $1 17⅝; No. 2 northern, $1 09⅝; December, $1 14⅜; May, $1 14⅜.

TOLEDO, Nov. 3.—Cloverseed, November, $7 37½; December, $7 40; March, $7 60; prime timothy, $1 27½; prime alsike, $7 75.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Butter strong; receipts, 2,442 packages; street price, extra creamery, 22½@23½c; official price, creamery common to extra, 14½@23½c. Cheese firm and unchanged; receipts, 3,500 packages. Eggs firm; receipts, 5,162 cases; state, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected, white, extra, 31@33c; choice, 28@30c; western fancy, selected, 26c; average best, 24@25c; southern, 18@22c.

CHICAGO, Nov. 3.—Butter on the exchange today; the butter market was firm; creame

J. H. JAHN WAS HIS OWN LAWYER

Supreme Court Heard Arguments in Street Cases and Will Adjourn Today.

HARPER TRIED FOR MURDER

John Henry Jahn was his own attorney in criminal court yesterday, where he was tried on a charge of assault and battery made by Miss Barbara Wigley, his sister-in-law. The jury returned a verdict of guilty within three minutes after leaving the room.

The supreme court heard the last of the arguments for this term yesterday and adjourned until 11 o'clock this morning. It is probable that some opinions will be handed down and that the court will then rise.

The Perrysville avenue cases were argued for the Marshall estate, the Mercer estate, J. N. Davidson and F. E. Eshelman. The question at issue is whether property owners can be assessed for stone walls along the streets which on one side are wholly on private property and on the other side partly on private property and partly on the street. The decision of the supreme court will settle whether the city of Allegheny or the property owners will pay about $70,000 which these walls cost.

Another Allegheny case is the appeal of George W. Evans in the East street improvement case.

The dispute between the borough of Munhall and Mifflin township over the division of the assets of the township was argued.

Another township case argued was that of Baldwin township against the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, a dispute over a road near Willock station.

Dispute With a Synod.

Arguments were heard in the case of the trustees of the synod of the Reformed Presbyterian church against F. P. Livingston, appellant. Livingston had arranged to place a mortgage with the church trustees and the check for $4,000 was given to A. N. Hunter, a lawyer, who has since left town. Livingston claims that Hunter, having been acting as an agent, the trustees should stand the loss, while the other side holds that Livingston, having indorsed the check to Hunter, the loss is his. The case of Joseph Klee's Sons against S. Trauerman & Bro., appellants, was argued. It is an action over collateral deposited to secure a debt.

Robert Harper, a policeman of Coraopolis, is on trial charged with murder for the death of Forest F. Craig, who was killed during a raid in an alleged speakeasy in the borough on June 25 last. When court adjourned all the testimony in the case had been heard and all that remains to be done today is the addresses of counsel and the charge of the court.

The commonwealth asked for a verdict of second degree murder, explaining that Harper was an inexperienced policeman and that he had no right to shoot as the man who was attempting to escape was not wanted for a felony.

Story of the Shooting.

The principal witness for the prosecution, John A. Timony, said that Harper had fired directly at the fleeing man and that he had not stumbled as he fired the second shot, the one which was supposed to have hit Craig. The defendant had stumbled, he said, as he fired the first shot. The witness lived in the vicinity of the alleged speakeasy and han run out of the house when he heard the excitement. The injured man, he said, kept on running after he had been shot.

For the defense, Harper said he and another policeman had gone to make the raid and that he was on the outside when he saw Craig jump from a side window and begin to run. The witness said he started after the man and caught him once, but that the prisoner broke away and began running again. The witness said he again started in pursuit and drew his revolver, firing three times in the air. At the last shot he said he stumbled, but did not know he had hit Craig. He followed him a short way and found him on the sidewalk. With the help of some others Craig was carried to the porch of a house and medical attention was procured.

The case of voluntary manslaughter against Titus De Bobula was postponed until November 21, owing to the absence of some witnesses. De Bobula is an architect, and it is charged that Mrs. Stauffer, an aged woman, was killed July 3 by being struck by his automobile.

Bankruptcy Proceedings Filed.

A petition in involuntary bankruptcy was filed against Michael Skurkay, a merchant of Monessen. A like petition was filed by Thomas C. Jenkins, S. Ewart & Co. and Haworth and Dewhurst of this city against P. L. Sloan & Co. of Rankin.

Suit has been entered by Charles Peck, receiver of P. J. Leonard, bankrupt, against M. Gledhill, G. R. Gledhill and the Cosmopolitan National bank to tie up certain money in the bank.

Albert Woodson Singleton, who brings a suit for divorce against his wife, Dora, alleges indignities forced him to leave her.

The Pittsburgh Coal Company was perpetually enjoined from sinking a coal shaft or maintaining an air shaft on the property of Boyd G. Cubbage on the South Side.

Hurt in an Elevator.

Patrick Gallagher, one of the victims of the elevator accident in the Park building on September 1, has entered suit against the owners of the building, David E. and William G. Park, for $10,000 damages.

Letters of administration were granted the Guarantee Title & Trust Company in the estate of Laura E. Rubright of Pitcairn, who was shot by Mrs. Minnie Bendinger in Wilmerding and died on April 10. The value of the estate is not given, and Benjamin F. Rubright, her husband, is named as next of kin.

The estate of James Wilson, late of Dravosburg, is appraised at $138,908 22. It consists principally of mortgages and stocks.

The Rev. John K. Melhorn, late of Homestead, in a will directs that all his written sermons be burned. The estate, which is estimated to be worth $5,800, is to be divided among his children after his wife has had the income during her life. Money from the Ministerial Relief association of the Pittsburgh synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church is left to the orphans' home and farm at Zelienople, in part payment for the maintenance of the grandchildren of the deceased.

Ludwig Schomberg of Etna provides in his will that if his daughter, Mary Elizabeth, marries —— McQueir he shall not be buried in the family lot when he dies. His estate of $3,000 is divided among his four children.

Executions issued: Charles Eble vs. Andry Cress, $199 50; H. Meyers vs. Charles A. Wilcox, $126.

Cannot Waive Service.

Judge Shafer handed down an opinion in a divorce case, pointing out to lawyers and others who wish to take technical advantage of the Pennsylvania laws to secure annulments of marriage ties that it cannot be left to the whim of the respondent, resident out of the commonwealth, whether he will waive a personal service, which could not have been done so as to relieve the libellant from taking the prescribed steps necessary to give the court power to dispose of the case.

The opinion is in the case of Charles W. Fraleigh against Ida Fraleigh, on grounds of infidelity, and was called forth by the numerous attempts made recently to facilitate cases by appearances and waivers.

The acts of infidelity complained of were alleged to have been committed in Toronto, Canada, in 1898. The regular steps were taken up to the point where the wife should have been served with notice of the divorce or added validity to the same by appearing in court. Instead she executed a power of attorney before a notary in Canada, empowering counsel to appear for her.

At the trial neither party appeared, and the only evidence given was an exemplification of the records of proceedings before the high court of justice in Ontario, where Mrs. Fraleigh tried to compel her husband to pay alimony on the grounds of desertion, which he combatted and secured a dismissal on the grounds of infidelity.

Judge Shafer said the action here might be dismissed summarily for the reason that the libellant did not show that he was a resident of the state for a whole year before filing the libel, but for the reasons stated it was deemed best to write the opinion.

He said had the proceedings been legal there is no doubt but the divorce would have been granted, although it should appear that his wife had never been a resident of this state.

The court said that the state was interested in determining the legal status of its citizens, and especially with regard to the marriage relation, and is in reality a party to every divorce proceeding. The case was dismissed at Fraleigh's cost.

Commerce Commission Wants Control of Private Car Lines

Commercial and trade organizations of the United States will endeavor to obtain legislation from the next congress to enable the interstate commerce commission to control corporations operating private car lines. A decision to this effect was reached at a convention of representatives of commercial organizations in St. Louis which has just closed. More than 600 delegates, representing every large city in the country, were present, and the resolution to petition congress for increased authority for the commission was passed by a unanimous vote. This action is the result of the inability of the commission to prevent the discrimination of the independent refrigerator lines imposing upon shippers and railroads. The railroads are in favor of the commission being given control of the private car lines and the shippers throughout the country would welcome such a law.

Arranging New Schedules.

Between now and the first of January all the roads entering Pittsburgh will have new time cards. The Pennsylvania railroad, the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie and the Baltimore & Ohio will put into effect the fall schedules some time this month, while the Wabash railroad will not change the time card until the first of the new year. The meeting of the Vanderbilt officials at New York Wednesday resulted in a decision to put on another train between Pittsburgh and Buffalo. No other changes were adopted, but the local officials are at liberty to change the schedule of trains running exclusively on their own lines, providing they do not conflict with the through arrangements. The Baltimore & Ohio passenger officials, headed by D. B. Martin, manager of passenger traffic, met yesterday at the Hotel Lincoln. No important changes are expected to be made with the exception of abolishing the extra service established in connection with the world's fair. At the meeting suggestions were decided upon to be submitted to the operating department. A joint meeting is to be held in a few days to complete the new schedules. The new schedule of the Wabash, brought about by the completion of the Ming-Jewett cut-off, will go into effect next Sunday. The officials of the Pennsylvania returned yesterday from Philadelphia, where a time card meeting was held. No changes were announced.

Installed Block System.

The Cleveland & Pittsburgh has installed a telegraph block service between Cleveland and Alliance. Heretofore the trains have been guarded by the telegraph stations at the passing sidings, but since the opening of the new track a few days ago this method was found to be inadequate to meet the needs of the service. The old line in the vicinity of Wellsville, O., is now being rebuilt.

Studying Coal Haulage Rates.

The members of the interstate commerce commission are making a tour of the mines controlled and operated by the Philadelphia & Reading and the Lehigh Valley Railroad Companies. The trip is for the purpose of a practical demonstration as to the cost of moving coal from the mines to tidewater and is being made by the commission in connection with the hearings on coal rates.

Railroad Notes.

S. B. Griswold, traveling passenger agent of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh, was in the city yesterday.

Western lines announce the winter tourist rates to Colorado points. The fares are fixed at 80 per cent of the double one way rates.

The report that the Brotherhood of Trainmen are voting on the question whether or not to strike is denied by the officials of the organization. The vote was taken several days ago and the rank and file rested their affairs with the executive boards.

HELEN GOULD'S UNCLE IS SUED FOR DIVORCE

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—In the supreme court this afternoon Mrs. Isabelle E. Miller, wife of John B. Miller, a brother of the late Mrs. Jay Gould and uncle of Miss Helen Gould, made application for counsel fees and alimony, pending the trial of a suit for divorce. Mr. Meeker stated that Mrs. Miller could not live on the $50 a week allowance made by her husband, and said that he could well afford to pay more, as he was in receipt of $18,000 a year. The judge reserved his decision.

STOLEN TELESCOPE LENSES FOUND IN A PAWN SHOP

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—(Special.)—In Boston the eye lenses of the great new telescope of the Texas university have been stolen, pawned and recovered. The almost priceless lenses were sent to this city to P. H. Wynne, the expert on refraction. The glasses were delivered to Mr. Wynne's residence and laid in the hall. Within 10 minutes they were missing. He made a tour of the pawn shops and found the lenses.

Fushan Is Charged With Fraud.

Leon Fushan, formerly of the firm of Fushan & Adelman of the South Side, was held for court yesterday by Alderman S. J. Toole in $2,000 bail on the charge of disposing of and secreting shoes to the value of $12,000, with intent to defraud his creditors. The charge is brought by Dougherty Brothers & Sons, selling agents for a number of eastern shoe houses. It is claimed the firm purchased stock and then sold their store for $8,000. It is also said that several shipments of shoes which arrived after the store had been sold were placed in storage by Fushan and later taken to a storeroom on Fifth avenue.

Mrs. Lovett Read Paper.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—At the annual meeting of the American Humane association today, Mrs. Mary F. Lovett of Wyncote, Pa., secretary of the women's Pennsylvania society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, read a paper on "Humane Education."

THE THREE RIVERS

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CINCINNATI, Nov. 3.—The stage of the river at 6 o'clock this evening was 5.4 feet and river rising. Weather clear and pleasant. Today's departures were: Cricket, Portsmouth; Levi J. Workum, Madison, and Courier, Louisville. The expected rise in the river reached here during the night and raised the level more than a foot. The owners and miners in the Kanawha region are preparing for a rise and will ship on the first rise. Several towboats have come down and taken tows above in anticipation of this rise. The towboat Robert P. Gilham left today at 11:20 a. m. for the Point with a tow of 12 empties. Others will follow.

WHEELING—River 3 feet 1 inch and falling. Weather cloudy and cool. Down, H. K. Bedford, Parkersburg, noon.

PARKERSBURG—River 4 feet and falling. Weather clear and warm. Bessie Smith for Wheeling and Valley Belle for Middleport.

LOUISVILLE—River stationary, with 2.5 feet in the canal; 3 foot on the falls and 3.2 feet below the locks. Cloudy.

STEUBENVILLE—River 2 feet 6 inches and falling. Weather clear and cool.

GALLIPOLIS—River 3 feet 3 inches and stationary. Weather clear and cool.

OIL CITY—River 1 foot 4 inches and falling. Weather clear and cool.

MORGANTOWN—River 6 feet and stationary. Weather clear and cool.

WARREN—River 1 foot. Weather fair and cool.

POINT PLEASANT—River 2 feet 2 inches and stationary. Weather clear and cool.

MADE SOME MORE CHANGES.

River Coal Company Shifts Crews of Two More Steamboats.

The stage of water at Davis island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 2.8 feet and the river was stationary.

Further changes in the management of boats were announced by the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company yesterday. Capt. D. A. Woodward has been transferred to the Charles Brown from the J. C. Risher. Capt. Thomas T. Duntevy of the Fallie takes charge of the Josh Cook. The Risher and Fallie will both lay up this season.

The mines department of the River Coal Company was removed from the old headquarters at Water and Market streets yesterday to the Hussey building, in Fifth avenue, where the Pittsburgh Coal Company offices are located.

A committee from Harbor 25 will go to Rochester today to inspect the proposed harbor line plans of the Ohio river between Logstown and Rochester. The committee will leave at 12:15 on the Fort Wayne railroad. The meeting at Rochester takes place at 2 o'clock. All persons interested in river matters are requested to be present and offer suggestions or objections.

The J. C. Woodward will go to the Elizabeth ways in about 10 days and will probably be laid up for several months, during which time the Rose Hite will make her trips. The repairs to the Woodward will cost about $4,000, and will result in making her almost a new boat. Her freight carrying capacity will be greatly increased by alterations to be made and many other changes will be effected.

Wait for Rosenbaum Co.'s Ashler Bailey Silk Sale!

Grant to Philippine Railways.

MANILA, Nov. 3.—The Philippine commission has granted the right of eminent domain to railroad companies holding charters.

SENT MEN TO ALASKA.

Government Arrests an Employment Agent Who Is Charged With Victimizing Laborers.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 3.—George Hall of Kansas City was today arrested on the charge of using the mails to defraud. It is charged that Hall secured 200 laborers to go to Valdez, Alaska, to work for the "Alaska Yukon Construction Company," and after collecting $27 from each—$2 as his fee and $25 for transportation expenses—he sent them to Alaska.

When the laborers reached their destination they learned there was no such company as the one named and they made their way back as best they could, after much suffering and hardship.

THE ROOT OF THE MATTER

He Cured Himself of Serious Stomach Trouble by Getting Down to First Principles.

A man of large affairs in one of our prominent eastern cities, by too close attention to business, too little exercise and too many club dinners, finally began to pay nature's tax, levied in the form of chronic stomach trouble; the failure of his digestion brought about a nervous irritability, making it impossible to apply himself to his daily business, and finally deranging the kidneys and heart.

In his own words he says: "I consulted one physician after another and each one seemed to understand my case, but all the same they each failed to bring about the return of my former digestion, appetite and vigor. For two years I went from pillar to post, from one sanitarium to another, I gave up smoking, I quit coffee and even renounced my daily glass or two of beer, but without any marked improvement.

"Friends had often advised me to try a well-known proprietary medicine, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and I had often perused the newspaper advertisements of the remedy, but never took any stock in advertised medicines nor could believe a fifty-cent patent medicine would touch my case.

"To make a long story short, I finally bought a couple of packages at the nearest drug store and took two or three tablets after each meal, and occasionally a tablet between meals, when I felt any feeling of nausea or discomfort.

"I was surprised at the end of the first week to note a marked improvement in my appetite and general health, and before the two packages were gone I was certain that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets was going to cure completely, and they did not disappoint me. I can eat and sleep and enjoy my coffee and cigar, and no one would suppose I had ever known the horrors of dyspepsia.

"Out of friendly curiosity I wrote to the proprietors of the remedy asking for information as to what the tablets contained, and they replied that the principal ingredients were aseptic pepsin (government test), malt diastase and other natural digestives, which digest food regardless of the condition of the stomach."

The root of the matter is this, the digestive elements contained in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest the food, give the overworked stomach a chance to recuperate and the nerves and whole system receive the nourishment which can only come from food; stimulants and nerve tonics never give real strength, they give a fictitious strength, invariably followed by a reaction. Every drop of blood, every nerve and tissue is manufactured from our daily food, and if you can insure its prompt action and complete digestion by the regular use of so good and wholesome a remedy as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, you will have no need of nerve tonics and sanitariums.

Although Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have been in the market only a few years, yet probably every druggist in the United States, Canada and Great Britain now sells them and considers them the most popular and successful of any preparation for stomach trouble.

"The Tailor That Makes Good"

Wants to meet any number of men who are in downright earnest about saving $7.50 on a

SUIT OR OVERCOAT MADE TO ORDER.

A. L. KLOPFER

The Tailor That Makes Good.

622 SMITHFIELD ST.

PASSION-A-T-A NERVE TABLETS

will quickly and permanently cure all Nervous Diseases, Insomnia, Failing Memory, Despondency in either sex. No matter what you have used in vain, we urge you to give these tablets a trial and guarantee you'll not be disappointed. Price 50 cents per Box; 6 Boxes $2.50. Mailed in plain packages on receipt of price. For sale only in Penn'a by JOS. FLEMING & SON, Druggist, 412 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. & I. R. KORNBLUM, Opticians. ARROTT BUILDING, Second Floor, Cor. Wood St. and Fourth Ave.

HE HAS SORE THROAT And is Gargling With TONSILINE

That's one way of using it. Take it, gargle it, or spray it. TONSILINE never fails, 25 and 50 cents. All druggists. The Tonsiline Company, Canton, Ohio.

Armour's Extract of Beef

FOR that don't-care-for-a-bite feeling try a plate of soup or broth made of Armour's Extract—and eat like a hunter. Piquant, savory, appetizing.

Our cook book "Culinary Wrinkles" mailed free

Armour & Company Chicago

Winter Resorts Hotel —AND— Steamship Announcements

ATLANTIC CITY.

Visitors to Atlantic City from Pittsburg are invited to make free use of the facilities at The Gazette and Chronicle Telegraph bureau, on Young's ocean pier.

The facilities include stationery and a private postoffice. Letters addressed in care of The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau, Atlantic City, will be promptly delivered to the addressee.

Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at The Gazette office.

The Gazette's resort advertising representative is John C. Benson, general manager of the Resort Advertising Co., Bartlett Building, Atlantic City, N. J. All advertisements will be accepted at the same rates as at the home office of The Gazette.

GALEN HALL, Atlantic City, N. J. Hotel and Sanitarium. Always Open. F. L. YOUNG, General Manager.

CHALFONTE The Leeds Company.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

$125.00 & up

Secures first-class accommodation, meals and transportation on

18 Day Cruise TO THE West Indies

leaving N. Y. January 12, 1904, by the new Twin Screw S. S.

PRINZESSIN VICTORIA LUISE,

to be followed in February by

28 DAY TRIP, $175 UP

and in March by

24 DAY TRIP, $150 UP

Itineraries include: St. Thomas, Martinique, Porto Rico, Trinidad, Barbados, Venezuela, Curacao, Jamaica, Cuba, Nassau and Bermuda.

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J. J. McCormick, 506 Smithfield St. | First Nat'l Bank, 5th Ave. and Wood St.

And other local agents.

Steamship Tickets

This bank can furnish you with steamship passage at lowest rates —Letters of Credit and Travelers' Checks and all necessary information to make your trip abroad safe and comfortable—

Direct agent for leading steamship lines and Bartlett's Foreign Tours.

THE UNION SAVINGS BANK, FRICK BUILDING, PITTSBURGH.

AMERICAN LINE
NEW YORK.—PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG AND SOUTHAMPTON.
PHILADELPHIA AND LIVERPOOL.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE
NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.

RED STAR LINE
NEW YORK, ANTWERP, LONDON-PARIS, Calling at Dover for London and Paris.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK & LIVERPOOL via QUEENSTOWN.
BOSTON & LIVERPOOL via QUEENSTOWN.
NEW YORK AND BOSTON DIRECT TO THE MEDITERRANEAN VIA AZORES. Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa, Alexandria.

FROM NEW YORK.
REPUBLIC.....Dec. 1, Jan. 14, Feb. 25
CRETIC.....Dec. 12, Feb. 4, Mch. 18.

FROM BOSTON.
CANOPIC.....Nov. 19, Jan. 7, Feb. 18
ROMANIC.....Dec. 10, Jan. 28, Mar. 11

For full information and tickets Apply to Local Agents.

ANCHOR LINE
United States Mail Steamship from New York Every Sunday for GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Superior accommodations at Lowest Rates for all classes of passengers.
DIRECT TO NAPLES.
Algeria.....Nov. 12 Calabria.....Nov. 26
For rates, Books of Information for passengers and New Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents, 17 and 19 Broadway, N. Y., or J. J. McCORMICK & CO., 506 Smithfield st., or First National Bank, Pittsburgh.

Hamburg-American.
PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, HAMBURG.
*Patricia.....Nov. 5 Hamburg.....Nov. 19
*†Moltke.....Nov. 10 †Pretoria.....Nov. 26
*Has grill room and †gymnasium on board. ‡Will call at Dover for London and Paris.

New York—Naples—Genoa.
PRINZ ADALBERT..Nov. 24, Jan. 10, Feb. 25
PRINZ OSKAR.....Dec. 5, Jan. 31, Mar. 21
DEUTSCHLAND.....Jan. 7, Feb. 7
J. J. McCORMICK, 506 Smithfield st. | FIRST NAT. BANK, Fifth ave. & Wood st.
And other Pittsburgh agents.

RAILROADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The country intersected by the Canadian Pacific Ry. offers more attractions for an enjoyable and health-giving vacation than any other section of the American continent. Before making your plans for summer outings send for our beautiful illustrated pamphlets to any Canadian Pacific agent.

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Armour's Extract of Beef

FOR that don't-care-for-a-bite feeling try a plate of soup or broth made of Armour's Extract—and eat like a hunter. Piquant, savory, appetizing.

Our cook book "Culinary Wrinkles" mailed free

Armour & Company Chicago

Meyer Jonasson & Co.

Leading specialty establishment devoted exclusively to the sale of Women's High-class Ready-to-wear Garments.

Desire to direct attention to their extensive assortment of

High-Class Tailored Suits at $25.00

A showing of about 15 different models, unsurpassed both in style and value.

The advantages offered as to exclusive styles, high-class workmanship, and low prices, by operating their own New York Factory, must be manifest to the purchasing public.

Every garment is in keeping with the high Meyer Jonasson & Co. Standard.

SIXTH AND LIBERTY STREETS

To the world a-wheel or the world a-foot

Uneeda Biscuit

To cheer you on your journey

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

5¢

Eureka Harness Oil is the best preservative of new leather and the best renovator of old leather. It oils, softens, blackens and protects. Use

Eureka Harness Oil

on your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top, and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes from half pints to five gallons. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

WELDON & KELLY CO. 305 WOOD ST.

Plumbing & Chandeliers

All Kinds of Fittings for Gas and Electricity at Wholesale or Retail.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS.	LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis	* 1.15 am	* 1.45 am
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 2.15 am	* 2.15 am
Tiffin and Toledo	* 2.15 am	* 5.50 pm
Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis	* 4.50 am	* 4.00 am
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 4.50 am	* 5.50 pm
Cleveland and Hellaire	† 5.00 am	† 7.55 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5.00 am	‡ 5.55 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	† 5.00 am	† 1.15 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	† 8.08 am	† 4.50 pm
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 6.30 am	* 8.50 pm
Erie, Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 6.30 am	†10.55 am
Ohio Valley Express	† 6.45 am	* 8.50 pm
Salem and Alliance	† 7.00 am	†10.40 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago	* 7.00 am	* 5.50 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 7.00 am	* 5.55 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 7.20 am	‡ 6.55 pm
Mercer and Oil City	† 7.45 am	†10.55 am
Jamestown and New Castle	† 7.45 am	† 1.30 pm
Jamestown and New Castle	† 7.45 am	† 5.25 pm
The Forest City Special	* 8.00 am	* 5.40 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8.00 am	* 8.40 pm
Expo Train, Ft. Wayne, St. Louis	* 8.30 am	* 4.50 pm
Youngstown and Niles	* 8.20 am	* 8.30 pm
The Toledo Special	*11.30 am	* 8.50 pm
Youngstown, Ashtabula & Jamest'n	†12.55 pm	† 5.50 pm
New Castle and Ashtabula	†12.55 pm	†10.55 am
The World's Fair Special	* 1.00 pm	* 2.15 pm
Columbus and Chicago	1.05 pm	* 2.00 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire	† 1.25 pm	† 1.15 pm
Alliance and Mansfield	† 1.35 pm	† 1.50 pm
New Castle and Erie	† 4.50 pm	† 5.50 pm
Mercer and Oil City	† 4.50 pm	† 8.50 pm
Youngstown and Niles	* 4.30 pm	* 8.50 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 4.55 pm	† 8.40 pm
The Cleveland Special	* 5.00 pm	*11.15 am
Wellsville and Bellaire	† 5.10 pm	‡ 9.10 am
The Chicago Special	* 5.30 pm	† 7.45 am
Columbus and Indianapolis	* 5.10 pm	* 5.55 am
The St. Louis Limited	* 5.10 pm	* 5.55 am
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville	* 5.15 pm	* 8.00 am
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 5.15 pm	* 6.00 am
Toledo and Detroit	* 5.20 pm	* 8.50 pm
Beaver Falls and New Castle	†10.40 pm	† 6.55 pm
Alliance and Cleveland	*11.00 pm	* 5.40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., 10.00 am, 12.00 m, 1.00, 2.45, 4.15, 5.45, 7.00, 8.30, 9.45 pm, 11.30 pm. Sundays, 10.00 am, 12.00 m, 2.45, 4.15, 5.45, 7.00, 8.30, 9.45 pm, 11.30 pm.

Leave for Wheeling, 10.45 am, 8.20 pm, 11.30 pm, 12.01 am.

Leave for Steubenville, 10.45 am, 12.55 pm, 4.15 pm, 7.00, 10.55 pm, 12.01 am.

Leave for Denison, 10.45 am, 12.55 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, 12.25 pm.

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R. CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.

Schedule in Effect June 19, 1904.

CENTRAL TIME.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"	* 7.00 am	* 3.45 pm
Cleveland "Flyer"	* 7.00 am	* 6.30 pm
Youngst'n & Cleve. Mail	* 8.30 am	* 5.10 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express	† 8.30 am	† 7.10 pm
Lake Chautauqua Fast Line	*12.50 pm	* 6.30 am
St. Louis Express	*12.50 pm	* 8.50 am
Buffalo and Erie Express	‡ 5.00 pm	* 9.45 pm
Cleveland and Chicago Ex.	* 2.30 pm	*12.30 pm
Boston Special	† 5.00 pm	* 6.35 am
Cleve. & Detroit "Flyer"	* 6.15 pm	*11.15 am
Chicago Limited	* 6.15 pm	* 6.35 pm
Buffalo and Cleveland Ex.	*10.30 pm	* 8.35 pm
Youngstown Accom.	† 5.30 am	* 8.50 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 6.40 am	† 5.35 am
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 8.00 am	† 9.30 am
West Pittsburgh Accom.	†12.10 pm	† 4.15 pm
Beaver Falls Accom.	† 5.30 pm	† 2.15 am
New Castle Express	† 4.20 pm	† 7.30 am
New Castle Express	† 8.05 am	† 1.10 pm
Beaver Falls Express	† 5.25 pm	† 6.30 am
Brownsville Accom.	† 6.10 am	† 9.45 am
Brownsville & N Haw. Ex.	* 8.00 am	* 3.00 pm
McKeespt. & Brownsville	†11.50 am	†12.40 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	† 3.30 pm	† 4.50 pm
Brownsville & N. Haven	* 5.20 pm	* 5.45 pm

P., C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Beading and Beechmont, †5.30 a. m., †10.15 a. m.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

†Note—Daily train (Sunday, Youngstown only).

City ticket office, 357 Fifth ave., Park bldg.

J. R. YOHE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBISON, Gen. Pass. Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

(Eastern Standard Time.)

Leave Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.

LINES EAST.	Depart.	Arrive.
Cumberland Accom	4.30 am	* 8.25 pm
Connells. & Mt. Pleasant	† 6.30 am	†10.00 am
Wash., Balt. & N. York	* 8.00 am	* 7.45 pm
Conn'v, Un'tn & Fairm't	* 8.00 am	* 7.45 pm
West Newton Accom	† 9.15 am	† 5.40 am
Cumb., Wash. & Balt	* 1.30 pm	* 2.45 pm
Conn., Un'tn, Morgant'n	† 1.35 pm	†10.00 am
Connells. & Mt. Pleasant	† 1.35 pm	† 6.05 pm
Connellsville Accom	* 4.00 pm	† 5.05 pm
Morgantown, Clarksburg and Weston	? 5.00 pm	†12.50 pm
Philadelphia & New York (Duquesne Limited)	* 6.30 pm	* 9.00 am
West Newton Accom	† 6.40 pm	† 1.30 pm
Wash., Balt. & Phila	* 9.00 pm	* 7.15 am

LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.

Columbus & Cincin. Exp.	12.01 am	.....
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	* 7.00 am	*10.35 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	* 8.30 am	* 7.45 am
St. Louis Limited	* 1.30 pm	*11.00 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling	* 4.35 pm	* 5.45 pm
Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac.	† 5.30 pm	† 10.40 am
Col., Cin. & St. L. Exp.	* 8.50 pm	* 7.05 pm

LINES WEST VIA AKRON.

Cleve., Akron & Youngst.	* 7.50 am	* 8.15 pm
Chicago & Cleveland	* 4.30 pm	*12.15 pm
Chicago Limited	* 5.05 pm	* 7.40 am

(Leave P. & W. Station, Allegheny.)

Butler	† 7.00 am	† 8.00 am
Butler, Foxburg	† 7.20 am	† 7.25 pm
Butler, Foxburg	† 8.15 am	† 5.10 pm
But'r, Conn. Lake & Erie	† 8.15 am	‡ 6.25 pm
Butler	† 10.40 am	† 9.40 am
But'r, Conn. Lake & Erie	† 1.15 pm	† 1.00 pm
Ellwood City	† 1.15 pm	† 6.55 pm
Butler, Clarion & Greenv.	† 3.00 pm	†10.25 am
Butler, Ellw'd, N. Castle	† 5.30 pm	† 9.40 am
Butler	* 6.15 pm	* 6.10 pm
Ellw'd, Fozb'g, N. Castle	† 6.15 pm	‡ 9.40 am
Butler	*11.30 pm	* 7.25 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time.

From Union Station, Pittsburgh.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.

Keystone Express, daily.....3.00 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily, for North Philadelphia and New York.....3.55 a. m.
The Pennsylvania Limited, daily....7.15 a. m.
New York Limited, daily.....7.15 a. m.
Atlantic Express, daily.....7.50 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily.....8.00 a. m.
Day Express, daily.....12.01 p. m.
Mail Express, daily.....12.45 p. m.
Chicago Mail, daily for Baltimore and Washington.....4.00 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily for Philadelphia and New York.....4.55 p. m.
New York Express, daily for Philadelphia and New York.....7.10 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily.....9.00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York only.....10.00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily. Sleeping cars to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. No coaches....10.00 p. m.
For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9.00 a. m. and 11.00 p. m. daily.
For Oil City, 6.15, 9.00 a. m., 1.30, 5.05 and 11.00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 5.05 and 11.00 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 6.15, 9.00 a. m., and 11.00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. and 11.00 p. m. For Titusville only, 1.30 p. m. week days.
For Du Bois, 6.15, 9.00 a. m., 1.30 and 5.05 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.
For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge, all-rail route), 8.00 a. m., 7.10 and 8.00 p. m. daily. "The Pennsylvania Limited" and "New York Limited," 7.15 a. m. week days.
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5.15, 8.25 a. m., 12.30 and 5.05 p. m. week days, 5.00 a. m. and 4.25 p. m. Sundays.
For Brownsville and Uniontown, 10.55 a. m. week days and 4.30 p. m. daily. For Brownsville only, 8.20 a. m., 3.25, 6.45 and 11.35 p. m. week days; 7.00, 9.35 a. m., and 1.05, 5.00 and 9.40 p. m. Sundays. For West Brownsville, 6.05 a. m. and 1.05 p. m. week days. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 6.05, 8.20, 10.55 a. m., 1.05, 3.25, 4.30 (5.20 to Monongahela City), 6.45 and 11.35 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7.00, 9.35 a. m., 1.05, 4.30, 5.00 and 9.40 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY:

For Butler, 5.50, 8.50, 10.25 a. m., 3.10 and 6.19 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7.00 a. m., 9.50 p. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices—No. 639 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street, and Union station.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Asst. Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

WABASH

TRAINS LEAVE WABASH STATION DAILY. Corner Liberty Ave. and Ferry St.

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Toledo and St. Louis	6:30 A. M.	7:00 P. M.
Bridgeville & Hickory	10:00 A. M.	3:00 P. M.
St. Louis & Kan. City	1:00